



# Service Component Architecture Client and Implementation Model for C Specification Version 1.1

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### Related work:

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- [OSOA SCA C Client and Implementation V1.00](#)

This specification is related to:

- [OASIS Service Component Architecture Assembly Model Version 1.1](#)
- [OASIS SCA Policy Framework Version 1.1](#)
- [OASIS Service Component Architecture Web Service Binding Specification Version 1.1](#)

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### Abstract:

This document describes the SCA Client and Implementation Model for the C programming language.

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The SCA C implementation model describes how to implement SCA components in C. A component implementation itself can also be a client to other services provided by other components or external services. The document describes how a component implemented in C gets access to services and calls their operations.

The document also explains how non-SCA C components can be clients to services provided by other components or external services. The document shows how those non-SCA C component implementations access services and call their operations.

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# Table of Contents

1	Introduction .....	8
1.1	Terminology .....	8
1.2	Normative References .....	8
1.3	Conventions .....	9
1.3.1	Naming Conventions .....	9
1.3.2	Typographic Conventions .....	9
2	Basic Component Implementation Model .....	10
2.1	Implementing a Service .....	10
2.1.1	Implementing a Remotable Service .....	11
2.1.2	AllowsPassByReference .....	11
2.1.3	Implementing a Local Service .....	12
2.2	Component and Implementation Scopes .....	12
2.2.1	Stateless scope .....	13
2.2.2	Composite scope .....	13
2.3	Implementing a Configuration Property .....	13
2.4	Component Type and Component .....	14
2.4.1	Interface.c .....	15
2.4.2	Function and CallbackFunction .....	16
2.4.3	Implementation.c .....	17
2.4.4	Implementation Function .....	18
2.5	Implementing a Service with a Program .....	18
3	Basic Client Model .....	20
3.1	Accessing Services from Component Implementations .....	20
3.2	Accessing Services from non-SCA component implementations .....	21
3.3	Calling Service Operations .....	21
3.3.1	Proxy Functions .....	21
3.4	Long Running Request-Response Operations .....	22
3.4.1	Asynchronous Invocation .....	22
3.4.2	Polling Invocation .....	24
3.4.3	Synchronous Invocation .....	25
4	Asynchronous Programming .....	26
4.1	Non-blocking Calls .....	26
4.2	Callbacks .....	26
4.2.1	Using Callbacks .....	27
4.2.2	Callback Instance Management .....	28
4.2.3	Implementing Multiple Bidirectional Interfaces .....	28
5	Error Handling .....	29
6	C API .....	30
6.1	SCA Programming Interface .....	30
6.1.1	SCAGetReference .....	32
6.1.2	SCAGetReferences .....	33
6.1.3	SCAInvoke .....	33
6.1.4	SCAProperty<T> .....	34

Deleted: Specification

Deleted: 19 March

6.1.5	SCAGetReplyMessage.....	35
6.1.6	SCAGetFaultMessage.....	35
6.1.7	SCASetFaultMessage.....	36
6.1.8	SCASelf.....	37
6.1.9	SCAGetCallback.....	37
6.1.10	SCAReleaseCallback.....	37
6.1.11	SCAInvokeAsync.....	38
6.1.12	SCAInvokePoll.....	38
6.1.13	SCACheckResponse.....	39
6.1.14	SCACancelInvoke.....	39
6.1.15	SCAEntryPoint.....	39
6.2	Program-Based Implementation Support.....	40
6.2.1	SCAService.....	40
6.2.2	SCAOperation.....	40
6.2.3	SCAMessageIn.....	41
6.2.4	SCAMessageOut.....	41
7	C Contributions.....	42
7.1	Executable files.....	42
7.1.1	Executable in contribution.....	42
7.1.2	Executable shared with other contribution(s) (Export).....	42
7.1.3	Executable outside of contribution (Import).....	43
7.2	componentType files.....	44
7.3	C Contribution Extensions.....	44
7.3.1	Export.c.....	44
7.3.2	Import.c.....	45
8	Types Supported in Service Interfaces.....	46
8.1	Local service.....	46
8.2	Remotable service.....	46
9	Restrictions on C header files.....	47
10	WSDL to C and C to WSDL Mapping.....	48
10.1	Interpretations for WSDL to C Mapping.....	48
10.1.1	Definitions.....	48
10.1.2	PortType.....	48
10.1.3	Operations.....	49
10.1.4	Types.....	50
10.1.5	Fault.....	50
10.1.6	Service and Port.....	50
10.1.7	XML Names.....	50
10.2	Interpretations for C to WSDL Mapping.....	50
10.2.1	Package.....	50
10.2.2	Class.....	50
10.2.3	Interface.....	50
10.2.4	Method.....	51
10.2.5	Method Parameters and Return Type.....	51
10.2.6	Service Specific Exception.....	52

**Deleted:** Specification

**Deleted:** 19 March

10.2.7	Generics .....	52
10.2.8	Service and Ports .....	52
10.3	Data Binding.....	53
10.3.1	Simple Content Binding.....	53
10.3.2	Complex Content Binding.....	58
11	Conformance .....	63
11.1	Conformance Targets .....	63
11.2	SCA Implementations .....	63
11.3	SCA Documents.....	64
11.4	C Files .....	64
11.5	WSDL Files .....	64
A	C SCA Annotations.....	65
A.1	Application of Annotations to C Program Elements .....	65
A.2	Interface Header Annotations.....	65
A.2.1	@Interface.....	65
A.2.2	@Operation .....	66
A.2.3	@Remotable .....	67
A.2.4	@Callback .....	68
A.2.5	@OneWay.....	68
A.3	Implementation Annotations.....	69
A.3.1	@ComponentType .....	69
A.3.2	@Service .....	69
A.3.3	@Reference .....	70
A.3.4	@Property .....	71
A.3.5	@Scope.....	72
A.3.6	@Init.....	72
A.3.7	@Destroy .....	73
A.3.8	@EagerInit .....	73
A.3.9	@AllowsPassByReference .....	74
A.4	Base Annotation Grammar.....	74
B	C SCA Policy Annotations .....	76
B.1	General Intent Annotations.....	76
B.2	Specific Intent Annotations.....	77
B.2.1	Security Interaction.....	78
B.2.2	Security Implementation.....	78
B.2.3	Reliable Messaging.....	78
B.2.4	Transactions.....	79
B.2.5	Miscellaneous.....	79
B.3	Policy Set Annotations.....	79
B.4	Policy Annotation Grammar Additions.....	80
B.5	Annotation Constants .....	80
C	C WSDL Annotations.....	81
C.1	Interface Header Annotations.....	81
C.1.1	@WebService .....	81
C.1.2	@WebFunction .....	82

Deleted: Specification

Deleted: 19 March

C.1.3	@WebOperation .....	84
C.1.4	@OneWay .....	86
C.1.5	@WebParam .....	87
C.1.6	@WebResult .....	89
C.1.7	@SOAPBinding .....	91
C.1.8	@WebFault .....	92
C.1.9	@WebThrows .....	94
D	C WSDL Mapping Extensions .....	96
D.1	<sca-c:bindings> .....	96
D.2	<sca-c:prefix> .....	96
D.3	<sca-c:enableWrapperStyle> .....	98
D.4	<sca-c:function> .....	99
D.5	<sca-c:struct> .....	100
D.6	<sca-c:parameter> .....	102
D.7	JAX-WS WSDL Extensions .....	104
D.8	WSDL Extensions Schema .....	104
E	XML Schemas .....	106
E.1	sca-interface-c-1.1.xsd .....	106
E.2	sca-implementation-c-1.1.xsd .....	106
E.3	sca-contribution-c-1.1.xsd .....	107
F	Conformance Points .....	109
F.1	Annotation Conformance Points .....	112
F.2	WSDL Extension Conformance Points .....	114
F.3	JAX-WS Conformance Points .....	114
F.3.1	Ignored Conformance Points .....	117
G	Migration .....	119
G.1	Implementation.c attributes .....	119
G.2	SCALocate and SCALocateMultiple .....	119
H	Acknowledgements .....	120
I	Revision History .....	121

**Deleted:** Specification

**Deleted:** 19 March

# 1 Introduction

This document describes the SCA Client and Implementation Model for the C programming language.

The SCA C implementation model describes how to implement SCA components in C. A component implementation itself can also be a client to other services provided by other components or external services. The document describes how a component implemented in C gets access to services and calls their operations.

The document also explains how non-SCA C components can be clients to services provided by other components or external services. The document shows how those non-SCA C component implementations access services and call their operations.

## 1.1 Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

This specification uses predefined namespace prefixes throughout; they are given in the following list. Note that the choice of any namespace prefix is arbitrary and not semantically significant.

Table 1-1 Prefixes and Namespaces used in this specification

Prefix	Namespace	Notes
xs	"http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"	Defined by XML Schema 1.0 specification
sca	"http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903"	Defined by the SCA specifications
sca-c	"http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-c/200901"	

## 1.2 Normative References

- [RFC2119] S. Bradner, *Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels*, IETF RFC 2119, March 1997. <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>
- [ASSEMBLY] OASIS Committee Draft 03, *Service Component Architecture Assembly Model Specification Version 1.1*, March 2009. <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca-assembly/sca-assembly-1.1-spec-cd03.pdf>
- [POLICY] OASIS Committee Draft 02, *SCA Policy Framework Version 1.1*, March 2009. <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca-policy/sca-policy-1.1-spec.pdf>
- [SDO21] OSOA, *Service Data Objects For C Specification*, September 2007. [http://www.osoa.org/download/attachments/36/SDO\\_Specification\\_C\\_V2.1.pdf](http://www.osoa.org/download/attachments/36/SDO_Specification_C_V2.1.pdf)
- [WSDL11] World Wide Web Consortium, *Web Service Description Language (WSDL)*, March 2001. <http://www.w3.org/TR/wsd>
- [XSD] World Wide Web Consortium, *XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes Second Edition*, October 2004. <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-2/>

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35 [JAXWS21] Doug. Kohlert and Arun Gupta, *The Java API for XML-Based Web Services*  
36 (*JAX-WS*) 2.1, JSR, JCP, May 2007.  
37 <http://jcp.org/aboutJava/communityprocess/mrel/jsr224/index2.html>

## 38 1.3 Conventions

### 39 1.3.1 Naming Conventions

40 This specification follows some naming conventions for artifacts defined by the specification, as follows:

- 41 • For the names of elements and the names of attributes within XSD files, the names follow the  
42 CamelCase convention, with all names starting with a lower case letter.  
43 e.g. `<element name="componentType" type="sca:ComponentType"/>`
- 44 • For the names of types within XSD files, the names follow the CamelCase convention with all names  
45 starting with an upper case letter  
46 e.g. `<complexType name="ComponentService">`
- 47 • For the names of intents, the names follow the CamelCase convention, with all names starting with a  
48 lower case letter, EXCEPT for cases where the intent represents an established acronym, in which  
49 case the entire name is in upper case.  
50 An example of an intent which is an acronym is the "SOAP" intent.

### 51 1.3.2 Typographic Conventions

52 This specification follows some typographic conventions for some specific constructs

- 53 • XML attributes are identified in text as `@attribute`
- 54 • Language identifiers used in text are in `courier`
- 55 • Literals in text are in *italics*

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## 56 2 Basic Component Implementation Model

57 This section describes how SCA components are implemented using the C programming language. It  
58 shows how a C implementation based component can implement a local or remotable service, and how  
59 the implementation can be made configurable through properties.

60

61 A component implementation can itself be a client of services. This aspect of a component  
62 implementation is described in the basic client model section.

### 63 2.1 Implementing a Service

64 A component implementation based on a set of C functions (a **C implementation**) provides one or more  
65 services.

66

67 A service provided by a C implementation has an interface (a **service interface**) which is defined using  
68 one of:

- 69 • the declaration of the C functions implementing the services
- 70 • a WSDL 1.1 portType [**WSDL11**]

71 If function declarations are used to define the interface, they will typically be placed in a separate header  
72 file. **A C implementation MUST implement all of the operation(s) of the service interface(s) of its**  
73 **componentType, [C20001]**

74

75 The following snippets show the C service interface and the C functions of a C implementation.

76

77 Service interface.

78

```
79 /* LoanService interface */  
80 char approveLoan(long customerNumber, long loanAmount);
```

81

82 Implementation.

```
83 #include "LoanService.h"  
84  
85 char approveLoan(long customerNumber, long loanAmount)  
86 {  
87     ...  
88 }
```

89

90 The following snippet shows the component type for this component implementation.

91

```
92 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="ASCII"?>  
93 <componentType xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903">  
94     <service name="LoanService">  
95         <interface.c header="LoanService.h"/>  
96     </service>  
97 </componentType>
```

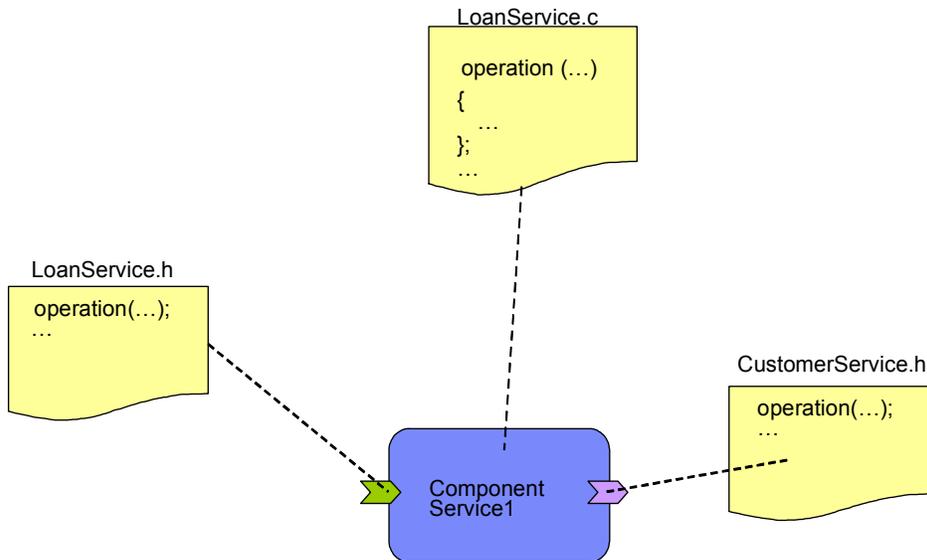
98

99 The following picture shows the relationship between the C header files and implementation files for a  
100 component that has a single service and a single reference.

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### 103 2.1.1 Implementing a Remotable Service

104 A `@remotable="true"` attribute on an `interface.c` element indicates that the interface is **remotable** as  
 105 described in the Assembly Specification [ASSEMBLY]. The following snippet shows the component type  
 106 for a remotable service:

107

```
108 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="ASCII"?>
109 <componentType xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903">
110   <service name="LoanService">
111     <interface.c header="LoanService.h" remotable="true"/>
112   </service>
113 </componentType>
```

### 114 2.1.2 AllowsPassByReference

115 Calls to remotable services have by-value semantics. This means that input parameters passed to the  
 116 service can be modified by the service without these modifications being visible to the client. Similarly, the  
 117 return value or exception from the service can be modified by the client without these modifications being  
 118 visible to the service implementation. For remote calls (either cross-machine or cross-process), these  
 119 semantics are a consequence of marshalling input parameters, return values and exceptions "on the wire"  
 120 and unmarshalling them "off the wire" which results in physical copies being made. For local calls within  
 121 the same operating system address space, C calling semantics include by-reference and therefore do not  
 122 provide the correct by-value semantics for SCA remotable interfaces. To compensate for this, the SCA  
 123 runtime can intervene in these calls to provide by-value semantics by making copies of any by-reference  
 124 values passed.

125

126 The cost of such copying can be very high relative to the cost of making a local call, especially if the data  
 127 being passed is large. Also, in many cases this copying is not needed if the implementation observes  
 128 certain conventions for how input parameters, return values and exceptions are used. An  
 129 `@allowsPassByReference="true"` attribute allows implementations to indicate that they use input  
 130 parameters, return values and fault data in a manner that allows the SCA runtime to avoid the cost of

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131 copying by-reference values when a remotable service is called locally within the same operating system  
132 address space. See Implementation.c and Implementation Function for a description of the  
133 @allowsPassByReference attribute and how it is used.

### 134 2.1.2.1 Marking services and references as “allows pass by reference”

135 Marking a service function implementation as “allows pass by reference” asserts that the function  
136 implementation observes the following restrictions:

- 137 • Function execution will not modify any input parameter before the function returns.
- 138 • The service implementation will not retain a pointer to any by-reference input parameter, return value  
139 or fault data after the function returns.
- 140 • The function will observe “allows pass by value” client semantics (see below) for any callbacks that it  
141 makes.

142  
143 Marking a client as “allows pass by reference” asserts that the client observe the following restrictions for  
144 all references’ functions:

- 145 • The client implementation will not modify any function’s input parameters before the function returns.  
146 Such modifications might occur in callbacks or separate client threads.
- 147 • If a function is one-way, the client implementation will not modify any of the function’s input  
148 parameters at any time after calling the operation. This is because one-way function calls return  
149 immediately without waiting for the service function to complete.

### 150 2.1.2.2 Using “allows pass by reference” to optimize remotable calls

151 The SCA runtime MAY use by-reference semantics when passing input parameters, return values or  
152 exceptions on calls to remotable services within the same system address space if both the service  
153 function implementation and the client are marked “allows pass by reference”. [C20016]

154  
155 The SCA runtime MUST use by-value semantics when passing input parameters, return values and  
156 exceptions on calls to remotable services within the same system address space if the service function  
157 implementation is not marked “allows pass by reference” or the client is not marked “allows pass by  
158 reference”.[C20017]

**Deleted:** The SCA runtime MUST use by-value semantics when passing input parameters, return values and exceptions on calls to remotable services within the same system address space if the service function implementation is not marked “allows pass by reference” or the client is not marked “allows pass by reference”.

### 159 2.1.3 Implementing a Local Service

160 A service interface not marked as remotable is **local**.

## 161 2.2 Component and Implementation Scopes

162 Component implementations can either manage their own state or allow the SCA runtime to do so. In the  
163 latter case, SCA defines the concept of implementation scope, which specifies the visibility and lifecycle  
164 contract an implementation has with the runtime. Invocations on a service offered by a component will be  
165 dispatched by the SCA runtime to an implementation instance according to the semantics of its scope.

166

167 Scopes are specified using the @scope attribute of the *implementation.c* element.

168

169 When a scope is not specified in an implementation file, the SCA runtime will interpret the implementation  
170 scope as **stateless**.

171

172 An SCA runtime MUST support these scopes; **stateless** and **composite**. Additional scopes MAY be  
173 provided by SCA runtimes.[C20003]

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175 The following snippet shows the component type for a composite scoped component:

176  
177  
178  
179  
180  
181

```
<component name="LoanService">  
  <implementation.c module="loan" componentType="LoanService"  
    scope="composite"/>  
</component>
```

182 Certain scoped implementations potentially also specify **lifecycle functions** which are called when an  
183 implementation is instantiated or the scope is expired. An implementation is either instantiated eagerly  
184 when the scope is started (specified by `@scope="composite" @eagerInit="true"`), or lazily when the first  
185 client request is received. Lazy instantiation is the default for all scopes. The C implementation uses the  
186 `@init="true"` attribute of an implementation function element to denote the function to be called upon  
187 initialization and the `@destroy="true"` attribute for the function to be called when the scope ends. **A C  
188 implementation MUST only designate functions with no arguments and a void return type as lifecycle  
189 functions.** [C20004]

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### 190 2.2.1 Stateless scope

191 For stateless scope components, there is no implied correlation between implementation instances used  
192 to dispatch service requests.

193

194 The concurrency model for the stateless scope is single threaded. **An SCA runtime MUST ensure that a  
195 stateless scoped implementation instance object is only ever dispatched on one thread at any one time.  
196 In addition, within the SCA lifecycle of an instance, an SCA runtime MUST only make a single invocation  
197 of one business function.** [C20014]

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**Deleted:** An SCA runtime MUST ensure that a stateless scoped implementation instance object is only ever dispatched on one thread at any one time. In addition, within the SCA lifecycle of an instance, an SCA runtime MUST only make a single invocation of one business method.

198 Lifecycle functions are not defined for stateless implementations.

### 200 2.2.2 Composite scope

201 All service requests are dispatched to the same implementation instance for the lifetime of the containing  
202 composite, i.e. the binary implementing the component is loaded into memory once and all requests are  
203 processed by this single instance. The lifetime of the containing composite is defined as the time it  
204 becomes active in the runtime to the time it is deactivated, either normally or abnormally.

205

206 A composite scoped implementation can also specify eager initialization using the `@eagerInit="true"`  
207 attribute on the `implementation.c` element of a component definition. When marked for eager initialization,  
208 the composite scoped instance will be created when its containing component is started.

209

210 The concurrency model for the composite scope is multi-threaded. An SCA runtime MAY run multiple  
211 threads in a single composite scoped implementation instance object and it MUST NOT perform any  
212 synchronization. [C20015]

213

214 Composite scope supports both `@init="true"` and `@destroy="true"` functions.

### 215 2.3 Implementing a Configuration Property

216 Component implementations can be configured through properties. The properties and their types (not  
217 their values) are defined in the component type. The C component can retrieve properties values using  
218 the `SCAProperty<PropertyType>()` functions, for example `SCAPropertyInt()` to access an `Int`  
219 type property..

220

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221 The following code extract shows how to get the property values.

```
222 #include "SCA.h"
223
224 void clientFunction()
225 {
226
227     ...
228
229     int32_t loanRating;
230     int compCode, reason;
231
232     ...
233
234     SCAPropertyInt(L"maxLoanValue", &loanRating, &compCode, &reason);
235
236     ...
237
238 }
```

239  
240 If the property is many valued, an array of the appropriate type is used as the second parameter, and the  
241 third parameter would point to an int that would receive the number of values. The type for the property  
242 SHOULD NOT allow more values to be defined than the size of the array in the implementation.

243

## 244 2.4 Component Type and Component

245 For a C component implementation, a component type is specified in a side file. By default, the  
246 componentType side file is in the root directory of the composite containing the component or some  
247 subdirectory of the composite root directory with a name specified on the *@componentType* attribute.  
248 The location can be modified as described below.

249

250 This Client and Implementation Model for C extends the SCA Assembly model **[ASSEMBLY]** providing  
251 support for the C interface type system and support for the C implementation type.

252

253 The following snippets show a C service interface and a C implementation of a service.

254

```
255 /* LoanService interface */
256 char approveLoan(long customerNumber, long loanAmount);
```

257

258 Implementation.

```
259 #include "LoanService.h"
260
261 char approveLoan(long customerNumber, long loanAmount)
262 {
263     ...
264
265 }
```

266

267 The following snippet shows the component type for this component implementation.

268

```
269 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="ASCII"?>
270 <componentType xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opensca/sca/200903">
271   <service name="LoanService">
272     <interface.c header="LoanService.h" />
273   </service>
```

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274  
275  
276  
277  
278  
279  
280  
281  
282  
283  
284  
285  
286  
287  
288  
289  
290  
291

```
</componentType>

The following snippet shows the component using the implementation.

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ASCII"?>
<composite xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903"
  name="LoanComposite" >
  ...
  <component name="LoanService">
    <implementation.c module="loan" componentType="LoanService" />
  </component>
  ...
</composite>
```

### 292 2.4.1 Interface.c

293 The following snippet shows the schema for the C interface element used to type services and references  
294 of component types.

295  
296  
297  
298  
299  
300  
301  
302  
303  
304  
305  
306

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ASCII"?>
<!-- interface.c schema snippet -->
<interface.c xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903"
  header="string" remotable="boolean"? callbackHeader="string"?
  requires="listOfQNames"? policySets="listOfQNames"? >
  <function ... />*
  <callbackFunction ... />*
</interface.c>
```

307 The *interface.c* element has the following **attributes**:

- 308 • **header** : *string (1..1)* – full name of the header file, including either a full path, or its equivalent, or a  
309 relative path from the composite root. This header file describes the interface.
- 310 • **callbackHeader** : *string (0..1)* –full name of the header file that describes the callback interface,  
311 including either a full path, or its equivalent, or a relative path from the composite root.
- 312 • **remotable** : *boolean (0..1)* – indicates whether the service is remotable or local. The default is local.  
313 See Implementing a Remotable Service
- 314 • **requires** : *listOfQNames (0..1)* – a list of policy intents. See the [Policy Framework specification](#)  
315 [\[POLICY\]](#) for a description of this attribute. If intents are specified at both the interface and function  
316 level, the effective intents for the function is determined by merging the combined intents from the  
317 function with the combined intents for the interface according to the Policy Framework rules for  
318 merging intents within a structural hierarchy, with the function at the lower level and the interface at  
319 the higher level.
- 320 • **policySets** : *listOfQNames (0..1)* – a list of policy sets. See the [Policy Framework specification](#)  
321 [\[POLICY\]](#) for a description of this attribute.

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322  
323 The *interface.c* element has the following **child elements**:

- 324 • **function** : *CFunction (0..n)* – see Function and CallbackFunction
- 325 • **callbackFunction** : *CFunction (0..n)* – see Function and CallbackFunction

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## 326 2.4.2 Function and CallbackFunction

327 Some functions of an interface have behavioral characteristics, which will be described later, that need to  
 328 be identified. This is done using a *function* or *callbackFunction* child element of *interface.c*. These child  
 329 elements are also used when not all functions in a header file are part of the interface or when the  
 330 interface is implemented by a program.

- 331 • **If the header file identified by the @header attribute of an <interface.c/> element contains function  
 332 declarations that are not operations of the interface, then the functions that define operations of the  
 333 interface MUST be identified using <function/> child elements of the <interface.c/> element, [C20006]**
- 334 • **If the header file identified by the @callbackHeader attribute of an <interface.c/> element contains  
 335 function declarations that are not operations of the callback interface, then the functions that define  
 336 operations of the callback interface MUST be identified using <callbackFunction/> child elements of  
 337 the <interface.c/> element, [C20007]**
- 338 • **If the header file identified by the @header or @callbackHeader attribute of an <interface.c/> element  
 339 defines the operations of the interface (callback interface) using message formats, then all functions  
 340 of the interface (callback interface) MUST be identified using <function/> (<callbackFunction/>) child  
 341 elements of the <interface.c/> element, [C20008]**

342  
 343 The following snippet shows the *interface.c* schema with the schema for the *function* and  
 344 *callbackFunction* child elements:

```
346 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="ASCII"?>
347 <!-- interface.c schema snippet -->
348 <interface.c xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903"... >
349
350   <function name="NCName" requires="listOfQNames"? policySets="listOfQNames"?
351     oneWay="Boolean"?
352     input="NCName"? output="NCName"? /*>
353   <callbackFunction name="NCName" requires="listOfQNames"?
354     policySets="listOfQNames"? oneWay="Boolean"? input="NCName"?
355     output="NCName"? /*>
356
357 </interface.c>
```

359 The *function* and *callbackFunction* elements have the following *attributes*:

- 360 • **name : NCName (1..1)** – name of the function being decorated or included in the interface. **The  
 361 @name attribute of a <function/> child element of a <interface.c/> MUST be unique amongst the  
 362 <function/> elements of that <interface.c/>, [C20009]**  
 363 **The @name attribute of a <callbackFunction/> child element of a <interface.c/> MUST  
 364 be unique amongst the <callbackFunction/> elements of that <interface.c/>, [C20010]**
- 365 • **requires : listOfQNames (0..1)** – a list of policy intents. See the Policy Framework specification  
 366 [POLICY] for a description of this attribute.
- 367 • **policySets : listOfQNames (0..1)** – a list of policy sets. See the Policy Framework specification  
 368 [POLICY] for a description of this attribute.
- 369 • **oneWay : boolean (0..1)** – see Non-blocking Calls
- 370 • **input : NCNAME (0..1)** – **If the header file identified by the @header or @callbackHeader attribute of  
 371 an <interface.c/> element defines the operations of the interface (callback interface) using message  
 372 formats, then the struct defining the input message format MUST be identified using an @input  
 373 attribute, [C20011]** (See Implementing a Service with a Program)
- 374 • **output : NCNAME (0..1)** – **If the header file identified by the @header or @callbackHeader attribute  
 375 of an <interface.c/> element defines the operations of the interface (callback interface) using**

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**Deleted:** If the header file identified by the @header attribute of an <interface.c/> element contains function declarations that are not operations of the interface, then the functions that define operations of the interface MUST be identified using <function/> child elements of the <interface.c/> element.

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**Deleted:** If the header file identified by the @callbackHeader attribute of an <interface.c/> element contains function declarations that are not operations of the callback interface, then the functions that define operations of the callback interface MUST be identified using <callbackFunction/> child elements of the <interface.c/> element.

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**Deleted:** If the header file identified by the @header or @callbackHeader attribute of an <interface.c/> element defines the operations of the interface (callback interface) using message formats, then all functions of the interface (callback interface) MUST be identified using <function/> (<callbackFunction/>) child elements of the <interface.c/> element.

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**Deleted:** The @name attribute of a <function/> child element of a <interface.c/> MUST be unique amongst the <function/> elements of that <interface.c/>.

**Formatted:** Emphasis

**Deleted:** The @name attribute of a <callbackFunction/> child element of a <interface.c/> MUST be unique amongst t[... [1]

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**Deleted:** <#>requires : listOfQNames (0..1) – list of intents [POLICY] needed by this function.¶

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**Deleted:** If the header file identified by the @header or @callbackHeader attribute of an <interface.c/> el[... [2]

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376 message formats, then the `struct` defining the output message format MUST be identified using an  
377 `@output` attribute. [C20012]

**Deleted:** If the header file identified by the `@header` or `@callbackHeader` attribute of an `<interface.c>` element defines the operations of the interface (callback interface) using message formats, then the `struct` defining the output message format MUST be identified using an `@input` attribute.

### 378 2.4.3 Implementation.c

379 The following snippet shows the schema for the C implementation element used to define the  
380 implementation of a component.

```
381  
382 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="ASCII"?>  
383 <!-- implementation.c schema snippet -->  
384 <implementation.c xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903"  
385   module="NCName" library="boolean"? path="string"?  
386   scope="scope"? componentType="string" allowsPassByReference="Boolean"?  
387   eagerInit="Boolean"? init="Boolean"? destroy="Boolean"?  
388   requires="listOfQNames"? policySets="listOfQNames"? >  
389  
390   <function ... /*>  
391  
392 </implementation.c>
```

393  
394 The `implementation.c` element has the following *attributes*:

- 395 • **module** : *NCName (1..1)* – name of the binary executable for the service component. This is the root  
396 name of the module.
- 397 • **library** : *boolean (0..1)* – indicates whether the service is implemented as a library or a program. The  
398 default is library. See Implementing a Service with a Program
- 399 • **path** : *string (0..1)* – path to the module which is either relative to the root of the contribution  
400 containing the composite or is prefixed with a contribution import name and is relative to the root of  
401 the import. See [C Contributions](#).
- 402 • **scope** : *ImplementationScope (0..1)* – indicates the scope of the component implementation. The  
403 default is stateless. See Component and Implementation Scopes
- 404 • **componentType** : *string (1..1)* – name of the componentType file. A `“.componentType”` extension  
405 will be appended. A path to the componentType file which is relative to the root of the contribution  
406 containing the composite or is prefixed with a contribution import name and is relative to the root of  
407 the import (see [C Contributions](#)) can be included.
- 408 • **allowsPassByReference** : *boolean (0..1)* – indicates the implementation allows pass by reference  
409 data exchange semantics on calls to it or from it. These semantics apply to all services provided by  
410 and references used by an implementation. See AllowsPassByReference
- 411 • **eagerInit** : *boolean (0..1)* – indicates a composite scoped implementation is to be initialized when it  
412 is loaded. See Composite scope
- 413 • **init** : *boolean (0..1)* – indicates program is to be called with an initialize flag to initialize the  
414 implementation. See Component and Implementation Scopes
- 415 • **destroy** : *boolean (0..1)* – indicates is to be called with a destroy flag to to cleanup the  
416 implementation. See Component and Implementation Scopes
- 417 • **requires** : *listOfQNames (0..1)* – a list of policy intents. See the Policy Framework specification  
418 [\[POLICY\]](#) for a description of this attribute. If intents are specified at both the implementation and  
419 function level, the effective intents for the function is determined by merging the combined intents  
420 from the function with the combined intents for the implementation according to the Policy Framework  
421 rules for merging intents within a structural hierarchy, with the function at the lower level and the  
422 implementation at the higher level.
- 423 • **policySets** : *listOfQNames (0..1)* – a list of policy sets. See the Policy Framework specification  
424 [\[POLICY\]](#) for a description of this attribute.

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426 The *interface.c* element has the following *child element*:

- 427 • **function** : *ImplementationFunction (0..n)* – see Implementation Function

## 428 2.4.4 Implementation Function

429 Some functions of an implementation have operational characteristics that need to be identified. This is  
430 done using a *function* child element of *implementation.c*

431  
432 The following snippet shows the *implementation.c* schema with the schema for a *function* child element:

```

433
434 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="ASCII"?>
435 <!-- ImplementationFunction schema snippet -->
436 <implementation.c xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903"... >
437
438   <function name="NCName" requires="listOfQNames"? policySets="listOfQNames"?
439     allowsPassByReference="Boolean"? init="Boolean"?
440     destroy="Boolean"? /*
441
442 </implementation.c>

```

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444 The *function* element has the following *attributes*:

- 445 • **name** : *NCName (1..1)* – name of the function being decorated. The @name attribute of a  
446 <function/> child element of a <implementation.c/> MUST be unique amongst the <function/>  
447 elements of that <implementation.c/>. [C20013]
- 448 • **requires** : *listOfQNames (0..1)* – a list of policy intents. See the Policy Framework specification  
449 [POLICY] for a description of this attribute.
- 450 • **policySets** : *listOfQNames (0..1)* – a list of policy sets. See the Policy Framework specification  
451 [POLICY] for a description of this attribute.
- 452 • **allowsPassByReference** : *boolean (0..1)* – indicates the function allows pass by reference data  
453 exchange semantics. See AllowsPassByReference
- 454 • **init** : *boolean (0..1)* – indicates this function is to be called to initialize the implementation. See  
455 Component and Implementation Scopes
- 456 • **destroy** : *boolean (0..1)* – indicates this function is to be called to cleanup the implementation. See  
457 Component and Implementation Scopes

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Deleted: The @name attribute of a <function/> child element of a <implementation.c/> MUST be unique amongst the <function/> elements of that <implementation.c/>.

Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

Deleted: <#>requires : listOfQNames (0..1) – list of intents [POLICY] needed by this function.¶

## 458 2.5 Implementing a Service with a Program

459 Depending on the execution platform, services might be implemented in libraries, programs, or a  
460 combination of both libraries and programs. Services implemented as subroutines in a library are called  
461 directly by the runtime. Input and messages are passed as parameters, and output messages can either  
462 be additional parameters or a return value. Both local and remoteable interfaces are easily supported by  
463 this style of implementation.

464  
465 For services implemented as programs, the SCA runtime uses normal platform functions to invoke the  
466 program. Accordingly, a service implemented as a program will run in its own address space and in its  
467 own process and its interface is most appropriately marked as remotable. A service implemented in a  
468 program will have either stateless scope. Local services implemented as subroutines used by a service  
469 implemented in a program can run in the address space and process of the program.

470  
471 Since a program can implement multiple services and often will implement multiple operations, the  
472 program has to query the runtime to determine which service and operation caused the program to be  
473 invoked. This is done using `SCAService()` and `SCAOperation()`. Once the specific service and

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474 operation is known, the proper input message can be retrieved using `SCAMessageIn()`. Once the logic  
475 of the operation is finished `SCAMessageOut()` is used to provide the return data to the runtime to be  
476 marshalled.

477  
478 Since a program does not have a specific prototype for each operation of each service it implements, a C  
479 interface definition for the service identifies the operation names and the input and output message  
480 formats using functions elements, with input and output attributes, in an *interface.c* element. Alternatively,  
481 an external interface definition, such as a WSDL document, is used to describe the operations and  
482 message formats.

483  
484 The following shows a program implementing a service using these support functions.

```
485  
486 #include "SCA.h"  
487 #include "myInterface.h"  
488 main () {  
489     wchar_t myService [255];  
490     wchar_t myOperation [255];  
491     int compCode, reason;  
492     struct FirstInputMsg myFirstIn;  
493     struct FirstOutputMsg myFirstOut;  
494  
495  
496     SCAService(myService, &compCode, &reason);  
497  
498     SCAOperation(myOperation, &compCode, &reason);  
499  
500     if (wcsncmp(myOperation, L"myFirstOperation")==0) {  
501         SCAMessageIn(myService, myOperation,  
502                     sizeof(struct FirstInputMsg), (void *)&myFirstIn,  
503                     &compCode, &reason);  
504         ...  
505         SCAMessageOut(myService, myOperation,  
506                      sizeof(struct FirstOutputMsg), (void *)&myFirstOut,  
507                      &compCode, &reason);  
508     }  
509     else  
510     {  
511         ...  
512     }  
513 }
```

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## 514 3 Basic Client Model

515 This section describes how to get access to SCA services from both SCA components and from non-SCA  
516 components. It also describes how to call operations of these services.

### 517 3.1 Accessing Services from Component Implementations

518 A service can get access to another service using a reference of the current component

519

520 The following shows the `SCAGetReference()` function used for this.

521

```
522 void SCAGetReference(wchar_t *referenceName, SCAREF *referenceToken,  
523                    int *compCode, int *reason);  
524 void SCAInvoke(SCAREF referenceToken, wchar_t *operationName,  
525               int inputMsgLen, void *inputMsg,  
526               int outputMsgLen, void *outputMsg, int *compCode, int *reason);
```

527

528 The following shows a sample of how a service is called in a C component implementation.

529

```
530 #include "SCA.h"  
531  
532 void clientFunction()  
533 {  
534  
535     SCAREF serviceToken;  
536     int compCode, reason;  
537     long custNum = 1234;  
538     short rating;  
539  
540     ...  
541     SCAGetReference(L"customerService", &serviceToken, &compCode, &reason);  
542     SCAInvoke(serviceToken, L"getCreditRating", sizeof(custNum),  
543              (void *)&custNum, sizeof(rating), (void *)&rating,  
544              &compCode, &reason);  
545  
546 }
```

547

548 If a reference has multiple targets, the client has to use `SCAGetReferences()` to retrieve tokens for  
549 each of the tokens and then invoke the operation(s) for each target. For example:

550

```
551 SCAREF *tokens;  
552 int num_targets;  
553 ...  
554 myFunction(...) {  
555     int compCode, reason;  
556     ...  
557     SCAGetReferences(L"myReference", &tokens, &num_targets, &compCode,  
558                    &reason);  
559     for (i = 0; i < num_targets; i++)  
560     {  
561         SCAInvoke(tokens[i], L"myOperation", sizeof(inputMsg),  
562                  (void *)&inputMsg, 0, NULL, &compCode, &reason);  
563     };  
564 };
```

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565

## 566 3.2 Accessing Services from non-SCA component implementations

567 Non-SCA components can access component services by obtaining an `SCAREF` from the SCA runtime  
568 and then following the same steps as a component implementation as described above.

569

570 The following shows a sample of how a service is called in non-SCA C code.

571

572

573

574

575

576

577

578

579

580

581

582

583

584

585

586

```
#include "SCA.h"

void externalFunction()
{
    SCAREF serviceToken;
    int compCode, reason;
    long custNum = 1234;
    short rating;

    SCAEntryPoint(L"customerService", L"http://example.com/mydomain",
                 &serviceToken, &compCode, &reason);
    SCAInvoke(serviceToken, L"getCreditRating", sizeof(custNum),
              (void *)&custNum, sizeof(rating), (void *)&rating,
              &compCode, &reason);
}
```

587

588 No SCA metadata is specified for the client. E.g. no binding or policies are specified. Non-SCA clients  
589 cannot call services that use callbacks.

590

591 The SCA infrastructure decides which binding is used OR extended form of serviceURI is used:

592

- componentName/serviceName/bindingName

## 593 3.3 Calling Service Operations

594 The previous sections show the various options for getting access to a service and using `SCAInvoke()`  
595 to invoke operations of that service.

596

597 If you have access to a service whose interface is marked as remotable, then on calls to operations of  
598 that service you will experience remote semantics. Arguments and return values are passed by-value and  
599 it is possible to get a `SCA_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE` reason code which is a Runtime error.

### 600 3.3.1 Proxy Functions

601 It is more natural to use specific function calls than the generic `SCAInvoke()` API for invoking operations.  
602 An SCA runtime typically needs to be involved when a client invokes on operation, particularly if the  
603 service is remote. Proxy functions provide a mechanism for using specific function calls and still allow the  
604 necessary SCA runtime processing. However, proxies require generated code and managing additional  
605 source files, so use of proxies is not always desirable.

606

607 For SCA, proxy functions have the form:

608

609

```
<functionReturn> SCA_<functionName>( SCAREF referenceToken,
                                     <functionParameters> )
```

610 where:

611

- **<functionName>** is the name of interface function

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- 612 • **<functionParameters>** are the parameters of the interface function
- 613 • **<functionReturn>** is the return type of the interface function

614

615 Proxy functions can set `errno` to one of the following values:

- 616 • `ENOENT` if a remote service is unavailable
- 617 • `EFAULT` if a fault is returned by the operation

618

619 The following shows a sample of using a proxy function.

620

```
621 #include "SCA.h"
622
623 void clientFunction()
624 {
625
626     SCAREF serviceToken;
627     int compCode, reason;
628     long custNum = 1234;
629     short rating;
630
631     ...
632     SCAGetReference(L"customerService", &serviceToken, &compCode, &reason);
633     errno = 0;
634     rating = SCA_getCreditRating(serviceToken, custNum);
635     if (errno) {
636         /* handle error or fault */
637     }
638     else {
639         ...
640     }
641 }
642
```

643

644 An SCA implementation MAY support proxy functions. [C30001]

## 645 3.4 Long Running Request-Response Operations

646 The Assembly Specification [ASSEMBLY] allows service interfaces or individual operations to be marked  
647 **long-running** using an `@requires="asyncInvocation"` intent, with the meaning that the operation(s) might  
648 not complete in any specified time interval, even when the operations are request-response operations.  
649 A client calling such an operation has to be prepared for any arbitrary delay between the time a request is  
650 made and the time the response is received. To support this kind of operation three invocation styles are  
651 available: asynchronous – the client provides a response handler, polling – the client will poll the SCA  
652 runtime to determine if a response is available, and synchronous – the SCA runtime handles suspension  
653 of the main thread, asynchronously receiving the response and resuming the main thread. The details of  
654 each of these styles are provided in the following sections.

### 655 3.4.1 Asynchronous Invocation

656 The asynchronous style of invocation uses `SCAInvokeAsync()` which has the same signature as  
657 `SCAInvoke()` without the `outputMsgLen` or `outputMsg` parameters but with a parameter taking the  
658 address of a handler function. This API sends the operation request. The handler function has the  
659 signature

```
660 void <handler>(short responseType);
```

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661 and is called when the response is ready. The response type indicates if the response is a reply  
662 message or a fault message. The implementation of the handler uses `SCAGetReplyMessage()` or  
663 `SCAGetFaultMessage()` to retrieve the data.

664  
665 For program-based component implementations, the handler parameter is set to an empty string and  
666 when the SCA runtime starts the program to process the response, a call to `SCAService()` returns the  
667 name of the reference and a call to `SCAOperation()` returns the name of the reference operation.

668  
669 If proxy functions are supported, for a service operation with signature

```
670 <return type> <function name>(<parameters>);
```

671 the asynchronous invocation style includes a proxy function

```
672 void SCA_<function name>Async(SCAREF, <in_parameters>, void (*)(short));
```

673 which will set `errno` to `EBUSY` if one request is outstanding and another is attempted.

674  
675 The following shows a sample of how the asynchronous invocation style is used in a C component  
676 implementation.

```
677  
678 #include "SCA.h"  
679 #include "TravelService.h"  
680  
681 SCAREF serviceToken;  
682 int compCode, reason;  
683  
684 void makeReservationsHandler(short rspType)  
685 {  
686     struct confirmationData cd;  
687     wchar_t *fault, *faultDetails;  
688  
689     if (rspType == SCA_REPLY_MESSAGE {  
690         SCAGetReplyMessage(serviceToken, sizeof(cd), &cd, &compCode, &reason);  
691         ...  
692     }  
693     else {  
694         SCAGetFaultMessage(serviceToken, sizeof(faultDetails), &fault,  
695                             &faultDetails, &compCode, &reason);  
696         if (wcsncmp(*fault, L"noFlight") {  
697             ...  
698         }  
699         else {  
700             ...  
701         }  
702     }  
703  
704     return;  
705 }  
706  
707 void clientFunction()  
708 {  
709     struct itineraryData id;  
710     ...  
711  
712     void (*ah)(short) = &makeReservationsHandler;  
713  
714     SCAGetReference(L"customerService", &serviceToken, &compCode, &reason);  
715  
716  
717
```

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```

718     SCAInvokeAsync(serviceToken, L"makeReservations", sizeof(itineraryData),
719                   ah, &compCode, &reason);
720
721     return;
722 }

```

### 723 3.4.2 Polling Invocation

724 The polling style of invocation uses `SCAInvokePoll()` which has the same signature as `SCAInvoke()`  
725 but without the `outputMsgLen` or `outputMsg` parameters. This API sends the operation request. After  
726 the request is sent the client can check to see if a response has been received by using  
727 `SCACheckResponse()` or cancel the request with `SCACancelInvoke()`.

728

729 If proxy functions are supported, for a service operation with signature

```
730 <return type> <function name>(<parameters>);
```

731 the polling invocation style includes a proxy function

```
732 void SCA_<function name>Poll(SCAREF, <in_parameters>);
```

733 which will set `errno` to `EBUSY` if one request is outstanding and another is attempted.

734

735 The following shows a sample of how the polling invocation style is used in a C component  
736 implementation.

737

```

738 #include "SCA.h"
739 #include "TravelService.h"
740
741 void pollingClientFunction()
742 {
743     SCAREF serviceToken;
744     int compCode, reason;
745     short rspType;
746
747     struct itineraryData id;
748     struct confirmationData cd;
749     wchar_t *fault, *faultDetails;
750
751     ...
752
753     SCAGetReference(L"customerService", &serviceToken, &compCode, &reason);
754
755     SCAInvokePoll(serviceToken, L"makeReservations", sizeof(itineraryData),
756                  &compCode, &reason);
757
758     SCACheckResponse(serviceToken, &rspType, &compCode, &reason);
759     while (!rspType) {
760         // do something, then wait for some time..
761         SCACheckResponse(serviceToken, &rspType, &compCode, &reason);
762     }
763     if (rspType == SCA_REPLY_MESSAGE {
764         SCAGetReplyMessage(serviceToken, sizeof(cd), &cd, &compCode, &reason);
765         ...
766     }
767     else {
768         SCAGetFaultMessage(serviceToken, sizeof(faultDetails), &fault,
769                           &faultDetails, &compCode, &reason);
770         if (wcsncmp(*fault, L"noFlight") {
771             ...
772         }
773     else {

```

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```
774     ...
775     }
776 }
777
778     return;
779 }
```

### 780 3.4.3 Synchronous Invocation

781 In this style the client uses API `SCAInvoke()` but the implementation of this API suspends the main  
782 thread after the request is made, and in an implementation-dependent manner receives the response,  
783 resumes the main thread and returns from the member function call. If proxy functions are supported, the  
784 client can call `SCA_<function name>()` as normal, and again the implementation handles the  
785 asynchronous aspects.

786

787 The following shows a sample of how the synchronous invocation style is used in a C component  
788 implementation.

789

```
790 #include "SCA.h"
791 #include "TravelService.h"
792
793 void synchronousClientFunction()
794 {
795     SCAREF serviceToken;
796     int compCode, reason;
797
798     struct itineraryData id;
799     struct confirmationData *cd;
800     wchar_t *fault, *faultDetails;
801
802     ...
803
804     SCAGetReference(L"customerService", &serviceToken, &compCode, &reason);
805
806     SCAInvoke(serviceToken, L"makeReservations", sizeof(itineraryData),
807              (void *)&id, sizeof(confirmationData), (void *)&cd,
808              &compCode, &reason);
809     if (compCode == SCA_FAULT) {
810         ...
811     }
812     else {
813         SCAGetFaultMessage(serviceToken, sizeof(faultDetails), &fault,
814                           &faultDetails, &compCode, &reason);
815         if (wcsncmp(*fault, L"noFlight")) {
816             ...
817         }
818         else {
819             ...
820         }
821     }
822
823     return;
824 }
```

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## 825 4 Asynchronous Programming

826 Asynchronous programming of a service is where a client invokes a service and carries on executing  
827 without waiting for the service to execute. Typically, the invoked service executes at some later time.  
828 Output from the invoked service, if any, is fed back to the client through a separate mechanism, since no  
829 output is available at the point where the service is invoked. This is in contrast to the call-and-return style  
830 of synchronous programming, where the invoked service executes and returns any output to the client  
831 before the client continues. The SCA asynchronous programming model consists of support for non-  
832 blocking operation calls and callbacks. Each of these topics is discussed in the following sections.

### 833 4.1 Non-blocking Calls

834 Non-blocking calls represent the simplest form of asynchronous programming, where the client of the  
835 service invokes the service and continues processing immediately, without waiting for the service to  
836 execute.

837  
838 Any function that returns `void` and has only by-value parameters can be marked with the  
839 `@oneWay="true"` attribute in the interface definition of the service. An operation marked as oneWay is  
840 considered non-blocking and the SCA runtime MAY use a binding that buffers the requests to the function  
841 and sends them at some time after they are made. [C40001]

**Deleted:** An operation marked as oneWay is considered non-blocking and the SCA runtime MAY use a binding that buffers the requests to the function and sends them at some time after they are made.

842  
843 The following snippet shows the component type for a service with the `reportEvent()` function  
844 declared as a one-way operation:

```
845 <componentType xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903">  
846   <service name="LoanService">  
847     <interface.c header="LoanService.h">  
848       <function name="reportEvent" oneWay="true" />  
849     </interface.c>  
850   </service>  
851 </componentType>
```

852  
853  
854 SCA does not currently define a mechanism for making non-blocking calls to functions that return values.  
855 It is considered to be a best practice that service designers define one-way operations as often as  
856 possible, in order to give the greatest degree of binding flexibility to deployers.

### 857 4.2 Callbacks

858 Callbacks services are used by *bidirectional services* as defined in the Assembly Specification  
859 **[ASSEMBLY]**:

860  
861 A callback interface is declared by the `@callbackHeader` and `@callbackFunctions` attributes in the  
862 interface definition of the service. The following snippet shows the component type for a service  
863 *MyService* with the interface defined in *MyService.h* and the interface for callbacks defined in  
864 *MyServiceCallback.h*,

```
865  
866 <componentType xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903" >  
867   <service name="MyService">  
868     <interface.c header="MyService.h" callbackHeader="MyServiceCallback.h"/>  
869   </service>  
870 </componentType>
```

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## 871 4.2.1 Using Callbacks

872 Bidirectional interfaces and callbacks are used when a simple request/response pattern isn't sufficient to  
873 capture the business semantics of a service interaction. Callbacks are well suited for cases when a  
874 service request can result in multiple responses or new requests from the service back to the client, or  
875 where the service might respond to the client some time after the original request has completed.

876  
877 The following example shows a scenario in which bidirectional interfaces and callbacks could be used. A  
878 client requests a quotation from a supplier. To process the enquiry and return the quotation, some  
879 suppliers might need additional information from the client. The client does not know which additional  
880 items of information will be needed by different suppliers. This interaction can be modeled as a  
881 bidirectional interface with callback requests to obtain the additional information.

```
882  
883 double requestQuotation(char *productCode,int quantity);  
884  
885 char *getState();  
886 char *getZipCode();  
887 char *getCreditRating();
```

888  
889 In this example, the `requestQuotation` operation requests a quotation to supply a given quantity of a  
890 specified product. The `QuotationCallback` interface provides a number of operations that the supplier can  
891 use to obtain additional information about the client making the request. For example, some suppliers  
892 might quote different prices based on the state or the zip code to which the order will be shipped, and  
893 some suppliers might quote a lower price if the ordering company has a good credit rating. Other  
894 suppliers might quote a standard price without requesting any additional information from the client.

895  
896 The following code snippet illustrates a possible implementation of the example service.

```
897  
898 #include "QuotationCallback.h"  
899 #include "SCA.h"  
900  
901 double requestQuotation(char *productCode,int quantity) {  
902     double price, discount = 0;  
903     char state[3], creditRating[4];  
904     SCAREF callbackRef;  
905     int compCode, reason;  
906  
907     price = getPrice(productQuote, quantity);  
908  
909     SCAGetCallback(L"", &callbackRef, &compCode, &reason);  
910     SCAInvoke(callbackRef, L"getState", 0, NULL, sizeof(state), state,  
911             &compCode, &reason);  
912     if (quantity > 1000 && strcmp(state,"FL") == 0)  
913         discount = 0.05;  
914     SCAInvoke(callbackRef, L"getCreditRating", 0, NULL, sizeof(creditRating),  
915             creditRating, &compCode, &reason);  
916     if (quantity > 10000 && creditRating[0] == 'A')  
917         discount += 0.05;  
918     SCAReleaseCallback(callbackRef, &compCode, &reason);  
919     return price * (1-discount);  
920 }
```

921  
922 The code snippet below is taken from the client of this example service. The client's service  
923 implementation class implements the functions of the `QuotationCallback` interface as well as those of its  
924 own service interface `ClientService`.

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```

926 #include "QuotationCallback.h"
927 #include "SCA.h"
928
929 char state[3] = "TX", zipCode[6] = "78746", creditRating[3] = "AA";
930
931 ClientFunction() {
932     SCAREF serviceToken;
933     int compCode, reason;
934
935     SCAGetReference(L"quotationService", &serviceToken, &compCode, &reason);
936
937     SCA_requestQuotation(serviceToken, "AB123", 2000);
938 }
939
940 char *getState() {
941     return state;
942 }
943 char *getZipCode() {
944     return zipCode;
945 }
946 char *getCreditRating() {
947     return creditRating;
948 }
949

```

950 In this example the callback is **stateless**, i.e., the callback requests do not need any information relating  
951 to the original service request. For a callback that needs information relating to the original service  
952 request (a **stateful** callback), this information can be passed to the client by the service provider as  
953 parameters on the callback request.

## 954 4.2.2 Callback Instance Management

955 Instance management for callback requests received by the client of the bidirectional service is handled in  
956 the same way as instance management for regular service requests. If the client implementation has  
957 STATELESS scope, the callback is dispatched using a newly initialized instance. If the client  
958 implementation has COMPOSITE scope, the callback is dispatched using the same shared instance that  
959 is used to dispatch regular service requests.

960

961 | As described [Using Callbacks](#), a stateful callback can obtain information relating to the original service  
962 request from parameters on the callback request. Alternatively, a composite-scoped client could store  
963 information relating to the original request as instance data and retrieve it when the callback request is  
964 received. These approaches could be combined by using a key passed on the callback request (e.g., an  
965 order ID) to retrieve information that was stored in a composite-scoped instance by the client code that  
966 made the original request.

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## 967 4.2.3 Implementing Multiple Bidirectional Interfaces

968 Since it is possible for a single component to implement multiple services, it is also possible for callbacks  
969 to be defined for each of the services that it implements. The service name parameter of  
970 SCAGetCallback() identifies the service for which the callback is to be obtained.

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## 971 5 Error Handling

972 Clients calling service operations will experience business logic errors, and SCA runtime errors.

973

974 Business logic errors are generated by the implementation of the called service operation. They are  
975 handled by client the invoking the operation of the service.

976

977 SCA runtime errors are generated by the SCA runtime and signal problems in the management of the  
978 execution of components, and in the interaction with remote services. The SCA C API includes two return  
979 codes on every function, a completion code and a reason code. The reason code is used to provide  
980 more detailed information if a function does not complete successfully. Currently the following SCA codes  
981 are defined:

982

```
983 /* Completion Codes */
984 #define SCACC_OK          0
985 #define SCACC_WARNING    1
986 #define SCACC_FAULT      2
987 #define SCACC_ERROR      3
988
989 /* Reason Codes */
990 #define SCA_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE  1
991 #define SCA_MULTIPLE_SERVICES    2
992 #define SCA_DATA_TRUNCATED       3
993 #define SCA_PRAMATER_ERROR       4
994 #define SCA_BUSY                  5
995 #define SCA_RUNTIME_ERROR        6
996
997 /* Response Types */
998 #define SCA_NO_RESPONSE          0
999 #define SCA_REPLY_MESSAGE        1
1000 #define SCA_FAULT_MESSAGE        2
```

1001

1002 Reason codes between 0 and 100 are reserved for use by this specification. Vendor defined reason  
1003 codes SHOULD start at 101. [C50001]

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## 1004 6 C API

### 1005 6.1 SCA Programming Interface

1006 The following shows the C interface declarations for synchronous programming.

1007

```
1008 typedef void *SCAREF;  
1009  
1010 void SCAGetReference(wchar_t *referenceName,  
1011                     SCAREF *referenceToken,  
1012                     int *compCode,  
1013                     int *reason);  
1014  
1015 void SCAGetReferences(wchar_t *referenceName,  
1016                      SCAREF **referenceTokens,  
1017                      int *num targets,  
1018                      int *compCode,  
1019                      int *Reason);  
1020  
1021 void SCAInvoke(SCAREF token,  
1022               wchar_t *operationName,  
1023               int inputMsgLen,  
1024               void *inputMsg,  
1025               int *outputMsgLen,  
1026               void *outputMsg,  
1027               int *compCode,  
1028               int *reason);  
1029  
1030 void SCAPropertyBoolean(wchar_t *propertyName,  
1031                        char *value,  
1032                        int *compCode,  
1033                        int *reason);  
1034  
1035 void SCAPropertyByte(wchar_t *propertyName,  
1036                     int8_t *value,  
1037                     int *compCode,  
1038                     int *reason);  
1039  
1040 void SCAPropertyBytes(wchar_t *propertyName,  
1041                      int8_t **value,  
1042                      int *size,  
1043                      int *compCode,  
1044                      int *reason);  
1045  
1046 void SCAPropertyChar(wchar_t *propertyName,  
1047                     wchar_t *value,  
1048                     int *compCode,  
1049                     int *reason);  
1050  
1051 void SCAPropertyChars(wchar_t *propertyName,  
1052                      wchar_t **value,  
1053                      int *size,  
1054                      int *compCode,  
1055                      int *reason);  
1056  
1057 void SCAPropertyCChar(wchar_t *propertyName,  
1058                      char *value,  
1059                      int *compCode,  
1060                      int *reason);
```

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```

1061 void SCAPropertyCChars(wchar_t *propertyName,
1062                       char **value,
1063                       int *size,
1064                       int *compCode,
1065                       int *reason);
1066
1067
1068 void SCAPropertyShort(wchar_t *propertyName,
1069                      int16_t *value,
1070                      int *compCode,
1071                      int *reason);
1072
1073 void SCAPropertyInt(wchar_t *propertyName,
1074                   int32_t *value,
1075                   int *compCode,
1076                   int *reason);
1077
1078 void SCAPropertyLong(wchar_t *propertyName,
1079                    int64_t *value,
1080                    int *compCode,
1081                    int *reason);
1082
1083 void SCAPropertyFloat(wchar_t *propertyName,
1084                      float *value,
1085                      int *compCode,
1086                      int *reason);
1087
1088 void SCAPropertyDouble(wchar_t *propertyName,
1089                       double *value,
1090                       int *compCode,
1091                       int *reason);
1092
1093 void SCAPropertyString(wchar_t *propertyName,
1094                       wchar_t **value,
1095                       int *size,
1096                       int *compCode,
1097                       int *reason);
1098
1099 void SCAPropertyCString(wchar_t *propertyName,
1100                        char **value,
1101                        int *size,
1102                        int *compCode,
1103                        int *reason);
1104
1105 void SCAPropertyStruct(wchar_t *propertyName,
1106                       void **value,
1107                       int *compCode,
1108                       int *reason);
1109
1110 void SCAGetReplyMessage(SCAREF token,
1111                       int *bufferLen,
1112                       char *buffer,
1113                       int *compCode,
1114                       int *reason);
1115
1116 void SCAGetFaultMessage(SCAREF token,
1117                       int *bufferLen,
1118                       wchar_t **faultName,
1119                       char *buffer,
1120                       int *compCode,
1121                       int *reason);
1122
1123 void SCASetFaultMessage(wchar_t *serviceName,
1124                       wchar_t *operationName,

```

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```

1125         wchar_t *faultName,
1126         int bufferLen,
1127         char *buffer,
1128         int *compCode,
1129         int *reason);
1130
1131 void SCASelf(wchar_t *serviceName,
1132             SCAREF *serviceToken,
1133             int *compCode,
1134             int *reason);
1135
1136 void SCAGetCallback(wchar_t *serviceName,
1137                    SCAREF *serviceToken,
1138                    int *compCode,
1139                    int *reason);
1140
1141 void SCAReleaseCallback(SCAREF serviceToken,
1142                       int *compCode,
1143                       int *reason);
1144
1145 void SCAInvokeAsync(SCAREF token,
1146                   wchar_t *operationName,
1147                   int inputMsgLen,
1148                   void *inputMsg,
1149                   void (*handler)(short),
1150                   int *compCode,
1151                   int *reason);
1152
1153 void SCAInvokePoll(SCAREF token,
1154                   wchar_t *operationName,
1155                   int inputMsgLen,
1156                   void *inputMsg,
1157                   int *compCode,
1158                   int *reason);
1159
1160 void SCACheckResponse(SCAREF token,
1161                      short *responseType,
1162                      int *compCode,
1163                      int *reason);
1164
1165 void SCACancelInvoke(SCAREF token,
1166                    int *compCode,
1167                    int *reason);
1168
1169 void SCAEntryPoint(wchar_t *serviceURI,
1170                  wchar_t *domainURI,
1171                  SCAREF *serviceToken,
1172                  int *compCode,
1173                  int *reason);

```

Deleted: ;

1175 The C synchronous programming interface has the following functions:

### 1176 6.1.1 SCAGetReference

1177 A C component implementation uses `SCAGetReference()` to initialize a Reference before invoking any  
1178 operations of the Reference.

Precondition	C component instance is running	
Input Parameter	referenceName	Name of the Reference to initialize
Output Parameters	referenceToken	Token to be used in subsequent <code>SCAInvoke()</code> calls. This will be NULL if <code>referenceName</code> is not defined for

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Deleted: 19 March

		the component.
	compCode	SCACC_OK, if the call is successful SCACC_ERROR, otherwise – see reason for details
	reason	SCA_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE if no suitable service exists in the domain SCA_MULTIPLE_SERVICES if the reference is bound to multiple services
Post Condition	If an operational Service exists for the reference, the component instance has a valid token to use for subsequent runtime calls.	

1179 **6.1.2 SCAGetReferences**

1180 A C component implementation uses SCAGetReferences () to initialize a Reference that might be  
1181 bound to multiple Services before invoking any operations of the Reference.

Precondition	C component instance is running	
Input Parameter	referenceName	Name of the Reference to initialize
Output Parameters	referenceTokens	Array of tokens to be used in subsequent SCAInvoke () calls. These will all be NULL if referenceName is not defined for the component. Operations need to be invoked on each token in the array.
	num_targets	Number of tokens returned in the array.
	compCode	SCACC_OK, if the call is successful SCACC_ERROR, otherwise – see reason for details
	reason	SCA_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE if no suitable service exists in the domain
Post Condition	If operational Services exist for the reference, the component instance has a valid token to use for subsequent runtime calls.	

1182 **6.1.3 SCAInvoke**

1183 A C component implementation uses SCAInvoke () to invoke an operation of an interface.

Precondition	C component instance is running and has a valid token	
Input Parameters	token	Token returned by prior SCAGetReference () or SCAGetReferences (), SCASelf () or SCAGetCallback () call.
	operationName	Name of the operation to invoke
	inputMsgLen	Length of the request message buffer
	inputMsg	Request message
In/Out Parameter	outputMsgLen	Input: Maximum number of bytes that can be returned Output: Actual number of bytes returned or size needed to hold entire message

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Output Parameters	outputMsg	Response message
	compCode	SCACC_OK, if the call is successful SCACC_WARNING, if the response data was truncated. The buffer size needs to be increased and SCAGetReplyMessage () called with the larger buffer. SCACC_FAULT, if the operation returned a business fault. SCAGetFaultMessage () needs to be called to get the fault details. SCACC_ERROR, otherwise – see reason for details
	reason	SCA_DATA_TRUNCATED if the response data was truncated SCA_PARAMETER_ERROR if the operationName is not defined for the interface SCA_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE if the provider for the interface is no longer operational
Post Condition	Unless a SCA_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE reason is returned, the token remains valid for subsequent calls.	

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#### 1184 6.1.4 SCAProperty<T>

1185 A C component implementation uses SCAProperty<T> () to get the configured value for a Property.

1186 This API is available for Boolean, Byte, Bytes, Char, Chars, CChar, CChars, Short, Int, Long, Float, Double, String, CString and Struct. The Char, Chars, and String variants return wchar\_t based data while the CChar, CChars, and CString variants return char based data. The Bytes, Chars, and CChars variants return a buffer of data. The String and CString variants return a null terminated string.

1192 An SCA runtime MAY additionally provide a DataObject variant of this API for handling properties with complex XML types. The type of the value parameter in this variant is DATAOBJECT. [C60002]

1195 If <T> is one of: Boolean, Byte, Char, CChar, Short, Int, Long, Float, Double or Struct

Precondition	C component instance is running	
Input Parameter	propertyName	Name of the Property value to obtain
Output Parameters	value	Configured value of the property
	compCode	SCACC_OK, if the call is successful SCACC_ERROR, otherwise – see reason for details
	reason	SCA_PARAMETER_ERROR if the propertyName is not defined for the component or its type is incompatible with <T>
Post Condition	The configured value of the Property is loaded into the appropriate variable.	

1196 If <T> is one of: Bytes, Chars, CChars, String or CString

Precondition	C component instance is running
--------------	---------------------------------

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Input Parameter	propertyName	Name of the Property value to obtain
In/Out Parameter	size	Input: Maximum number of bytes or characters that can be returned Output: Actual number of bytes or characters returned or size needed to hold entire value
Output Parameters	value	Configured value of the property
	compCode	SCACC_OK, if the call is successful SCACC_WARNING, if the data was truncated. The buffer size needs to be increased and the call repeated with the larger buffer. SCACC_ERROR, otherwise – see reason for details
	reason	SCACC_WARNING, if the data was truncated SCA_PARAMETER_ERROR if the propertyName is not defined for the component or its type is incompatible with <T>
Post Condition	The configured value of the Property is loaded into the appropriate variable.	

1198 **6.1.5 SCAGetReplyMessage**

1199 A C component implementation uses SCAGetReplyMessage () to retrieve the reply message of an  
1200 operation invocation if the length of the message exceeded the buffer size provided on SCAInvoke () .

Precondition	C component instance is running, has a valid token and an SCAInvoke () returned a SCACC_WARNING compCode or has a valid serviceToken and an SCAcallback () returned a SCACC_WARNING compCode	
Input Parameter	token	Token returned by prior SCAGetReference (), SCAGetReferences (), SCASelf (), or SCAGetCallback () call.
In/Out Parameter	bufferLen	Input: Maximum number of bytes that can be returned Output: Actual number of bytes returned or size needed to hold entire message
Output Parameters	buffer	Response message
	compCode	SCACC_OK, if the call is successful SCACC_WARNING, if the fault data was truncated. The buffer size needs to be increased and the call repeated with the larger buffer. SCACC_ERROR, otherwise – see reason for details
	reason	SCA_DATA_TRUNCATED if the fault data was truncated.
Post Condition	The referenceToken remains valid for subsequent calls.	

1201 **6.1.6 SCAGetFaultMessage**

1202 A C component implementation uses SCAGetFaultMessage () to retrieve the details of a business fault  
1203 received in response to an operation invocation.

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Precondition	C component instance is running, has a valid token and an <code>SCAInvoke()</code> returned a <code>SCACC_FAULT compCode</code>	
Input Parameter	<code>token</code>	Token returned by prior <code>SCAGetReference()</code> , <code>SCAGetReferences()</code> , <code>SCASelf()</code> or <code>SCAGetCallback()</code> call.
In/Out Parameter	<code>bufferLen</code>	Input: Maximum number of bytes that can be returned Output: Actual number of bytes returned or size needed to hold entire message
Output Parameters	<code>faultName</code>	Name of the business fault
	<del><code>buffer</code></del>	<del>Fault message</del>
	<code>compCode</code>	<code>SCACC_OK</code> , if the call is successful <code>SCACC_WARNING</code> , if the fault data was truncated. The buffer size needs to be increased and the call repeated with the larger buffer. <code>SCACC_ERROR</code> , otherwise – see reason for details
	<del><code>reason</code></del>	<del><code>SCA_DATA_TRUNCATED</code> if the fault data was truncated. <code>SCA_PARAMETER_ERROR</code> if the last operation invoked on the Reference did <u>not</u> return a business fault</del>
Post Condition	The <code>referenceToken</code> remains valid for subsequent calls.	

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1204 **6.1.7 SCASetFaultMessage**

1205 A C component implementation uses `SCASetFaultMessage()` to return a business fault in response to  
1206 a request.

Precondition	C component instance is running	
Input Parameters	<code>serviceName</code>	Name of the Service of the component for which the fault is being returned
	<code>operationName</code>	Name of the operation of the Service for which the fault is being returned
	<code>faultName</code>	Name of the business fault
	<code>bufferLen</code>	Length of the fault message buffer
	<code>buffer</code>	Fault message
Output Parameters	<code>compCode</code>	<code>SCACC_OK</code> , if the call is successful <code>SCACC_ERROR</code> , otherwise – see reason for details
	<code>reason</code>	<code>SCA_PARAMETER_ERROR</code> if the <code>serviceName</code> is not defined for the component, <code>operationName</code> is not defined for the Service or the <code>faultName</code> is not defined for the operation
Post Condition	No change	

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1207 **6.1.8 SCASelf**

1208 A C component implementation uses SCASelf() to access a Service it provides.

Precondition	C component instance is running	
Input Parameter	serviceName	Name of the Service to access. If a component only provides one service, this string can be empty.
Output Parameters	serviceToken	Token to be used in subsequent SCAInvoke() calls. This will be NULL if serviceName is not defined for the component.
	compCode	SCACC_OK, if the call is successful SCACC_ERROR, otherwise – see reason for details
	reason	SCA_PARAMETER_ERROR if the serviceName is not defined for the component
Post Condition	The component instance has a valid token to use for subsequent calls.	

1209 **6.1.9 SCAGetCallback**

1210 A C component implementation uses SCAGetCallback() to initialize a Service before invoking any  
1211 callback operations of the Service.

Precondition	C component instance is running	
Input Parameter	serviceName	Name of the Service to initialize. If a component only provides one service, this string can be empty.
Output Parameters	serviceToken	Token to be used in subsequent SCAInvoke() calls. This will be NULL if serviceName is not defined for the component.
	compCode	SCACC_OK, if the call is successful SCACC_ERROR, otherwise – see reason for details
	reason	SCA_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE if client is no longer available in the domain
Post Condition	If callback interface is defined for the Service, the component instance has a valid token to use for subsequent callbacks.	

1212 **6.1.10 SCAReleaseCallback**

1213 A C component implementation uses SCAReleaseCallback() to tell the SCA runtime it has completed  
1214 callback processing and the EndPointReference can be released.

Precondition	C component instance is running and has a valid serviceToken	
Input Parameter	serviceToken	Token returned by prior SCAGetCallback() call.
Output Parameters	compCode	SCACC_OK, if the call is successful SCACC_ERROR, otherwise – see reason for details
	reason	SCA_PARAMETER_ERROR if the serviceToken is not valid

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Post Condition	The token becomes invalid for subsequent calls.
----------------	---

1215 **6.1.11 SCAInvokeAsync**

1216 A C component implementation uses `SCAInvokeAsync()` to invoke a long running operation of an  
 1217 interface using the asynchronous style.

Precondition	C component instance is running and has a valid token	
Input Parameters	token	Token returned by prior <code>SCAGetReference()</code> , <code>SCAGetReferences()</code> , <code>SCASelf()</code> or <code>SCAGetCallback()</code> call.
	operationName	Name of the operation to invoke
	inputMsgLen	Length of the request message buffer
	inputMsg	Request message
	handler	Address of the function to handle the asynchronous response.
Output Parameters	compCode	<code>SCACC_OK</code> , if the call is successful <code>SCACC_ERROR</code> , otherwise – see reason for details
	reason	<code>SCA_BUSY</code> if an operation is already outstanding for this Reference or Callback <code>SCA_PARAMETER_ERROR</code> if the <code>operationName</code> is not defined for the interface <code>SCA_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE</code> if for the provider of the interface is no longer operational
Post Condition	Unless a <code>SCA_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE</code> reason is returned, the token remains valid for subsequent calls.	

1218 **6.1.12 SCAInvokePoll**

1219 A C component implementation uses `SCAInvokePoll()` to invoke a long running operation of a  
 1220 Reference using the polling style.

Precondition	C component instance is running and has a valid token	
Input Parameters	token	Token returned by prior <code>SCAGetReference()</code> , <code>SCAGetReferences()</code> , <code>SCASelf()</code> or <code>SCAGetCallback()</code> call.
	operationName	Name of the operation to invoke
	inputMsgLen	Length of the request message buffer
	inputMsg	Request message
Output Parameters	compCode	<code>SCACC_OK</code> , if the call is successful <code>SCACC_ERROR</code> , otherwise – see reason for details
	reason	<code>SCA_BUSY</code> if an operation is already outstanding for this Reference or Callback

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		SCA_PARAMETER_ERROR if the operationName is not defined for the interface SCA_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE if provider of the interface is no longer operational
Post Condition	Unless a SCA_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE reason is returned, the token remains valid for subsequent calls.	

1221 **6.1.13 SCACheckResponse**

1222 A C component implementation uses SCACheckResponse () to determine if a response to a long  
1223 running operation request has been received.

Precondition	C component instance is running, has a valid token and has made a SCAInvokePoll () but has not received a response.	
Input Parameter	token	Token returned by prior SCALocate (), SCALocateMultiple (), SCASelf () or SCAGetCallback () call.
Output Parameters	responseType	Type of response received
	compCode	SCACC_OK if the call is successful SCACC_ERROR, otherwise – see reason for details
	reason	SCA_PARAMETER_ERROR if there is no outstanding operation for this Reference or Callback
Post Condition	No change	

1224 **6.1.14 SCACancelInvoke**

1225 A C component implementation uses SCACancelInvoke () to cancel a long running operation request.

Precondition	C component instance is running, has a valid token and has made a SCAInvokeAsync () or SCAInvokePoll () but has not received a response.	
Input Parameter	token	Token returned by prior SCALocate (), SCALocateMultiple (), SCASelf () or SCAGetCallback () call.
Output Parameters	compCode	SCACC_OK, if the call is successful SCACC_ERROR, otherwise – see reason for details
	reason	SCA_PARAMETER_ERROR if there is no outstanding operation for this Reference or Callback
Post Condition	If a response is subsequently received for the operation, it will be discarded.	

1226 **6.1.15 SCAEntryPoint**

1227 Non-SCA C code uses SCAEntryPoint () to access a Service before invoking any operations of the  
1228 Service.

Precondition	None	
Input Parameter	serviceURI	URI of the Service to access

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	domainURI	URI of the SCA domain
Output Parameters	serviceToken	Token to be used in subsequent <code>SCAInvoke()</code> calls. This will be NULL if the Service cannot be found.
	compCode	SCACC_OK, if the call is successful SCACC_ERROR, otherwise – see reason for details
	reason	SCA_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE if the domain does not exist of the service does not exist in the domain
Post Condition	If the Service exists in the domain, the client has a valid token to use for subsequent runtime calls.	

## 1229 6.2 Program-Based Implementation Support

1230 A SCA runtime MAY provide the functions `SCAService()`, `SCAOperation()`, `SCAMessageIn()` and  
 1231 `SCAMessageOut()` to support C implementations in programs, [C60003]

**Deleted:** A SCA runtime MAY provide the functions `SCAService()`, `SCAOperation()`, `SCAMessageIn()` and `SCAMessageOut()` to support C implementations in programs.

```

1232
1233 void SCAService(wchar_t *serviceName, int *compCode, int *reason);
1234
1235 void SCAOperation(wchar_t *operationName, int *compCode, int *reason);
1236
1237 void SCAMessageIn(wchar_t *serviceName,
1238                  wchar_t *operationName,
1239                  int *bufferLen,
1240                  void *buffer,
1241                  int *compCode,
1242                  int *reason);
1243
1244 void SCAMessageOut(wchar_t *serviceName,
1245                   wchar_t *operationName,
1246                   int bufferLen,
1247                   void *buffer,
1248                   int *CompCode,
1249                   int *Reason);
  
```

1250  
 1251 The C program-based implementation support has the following functions:

### 1252 6.2.1 SCAService

1253 A program-based C component implementation uses `SCAService()` to determine which service was  
 1254 used to invoke it.

Precondition	C component instance is running	
Output Parameters	serviceName	Name of the service used to invoke the component
	compCode	SCACC_OK
	reason	
Post Condition	No change	

### 1255 6.2.2 SCAOperation

1256 A program-based C component implementation uses `SCAOperation()` to determine which operation of  
 1257 a Service was used to invoke it.

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Precondition	C component instance is running	
Output Parameters	operationName	Name of the operation used to invoke the component
	compCode	SCACC_OK
	reason	
Post Condition	Component has sufficient information to select proper processing branch.	

1258 **6.2.3 SCAMessageIn**

1259 A program-based C component implementation uses `SCAMessageIn()` to retrieve its request message.

Precondition	C component instance is running, and has determined its invocation Service and operation	
Input Parameters	serviceName	Name returned by <code>SCAService()</code> .
	operationName	Name returned by <code>SCAOperation()</code> .
In/Out Parameter	bufferLen	Input: Maximum number of bytes that can be returned Output: Actual number of bytes returned or size needed to hold entire message
Output Parameters	buffer	Request message
	compCode	SCACC_OK, if the call is successful SCACC_WARNING, if the request data was truncated. The buffer size needs to be increased and the call repeated with the larger buffer.
	reason	SCA_DATA_TRUNCATED if the request data was truncated.
Post Condition	The component is ready to begin processing.	

1260 **6.2.4 SCAMessageOut**

1261 A program-based C component implementation uses `SCAMessageOut()` to return a reply message.

Precondition	C component instance is running	
Input Parameters	serviceName	Name returned by <code>SCAService()</code> .
	operationName	Name returned by <code>SCAOperation()</code> .
	bufferLen	Length of the reply message buffer
	buffer	Reply message
Output Parameters	compCode	SCACC_OK
	reason	
Post Condition	The component normally ends processing.	

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## 1262 7 C Contributions

1263 Contributions are defined in the Assembly specification [ASSEMBLY] C contributions are typically, but  
1264 not necessarily contained in .zip files. In addition to SCDL and potentially WSDL artifacts, C contributions  
1265 include binary executable files, componentType files and potentially C interface headers. No additional  
1266 discussion is needed for header files, but here are some additional considerations for executable and  
1267 componentType files discussed in the following sections.

### 1268 7.1 Executable files

1269 Executable files containing the C implementations for a contribution can be contained in the contribution,  
1270 contained in another contribution or external to any contribution. In some cases, it could be desirable to  
1271 have contributions share an executable. In other cases, an implementation deployment policy might  
1272 dictate that executables are placed in specific directories in a file system.

#### 1273 7.1.1 Executable in contribution

1274 When the executable file containing a C implementation is in the same contribution, the *@path* attribute of  
1275 the *implementation.c* element is used to specify the location of the executable. The specific location of an  
1276 executable within a contribution is not defined by this specification.

1277  
1278 The following shows a contribution containing a DLL.

```
1279  
1280 META-INF/  
1281   sca-contribution.xml  
1282 bin/  
1283   autoinsurance.dll  
1284 AutoInsurance/  
1285   AutoInsurance.composite  
1286   AutoInsuranceService/  
1287     AutoInsurance.h  
1288     AutoInsurance.componentType  
1289 include/  
1290   Customers.h  
1291   Underwriting.h  
1292   RateUtils.h
```

1293  
1294 The SCDL for the AutoInsuranceService component is:

```
1295  
1296 <component name="AutoInsuranceService">  
1297   <implementation.c module="autoinsurance" path="bin/"  
1298     componetType="AutoInsurance" />  
1299 </component>
```

#### 1300 7.1.2 Executable shared with other contribution(s) (Export)

1301 If a contribution contains an executable that also implements C components found in other contributions,  
1302 the contribution has to export the executable. An executable in a contribution is made visible to other  
1303 contributions by adding an *export.c* element to the contribution definition as shown in the following  
1304 snippet.

```
1305  
1306 <contribution>  
1307   <deployable composite="myNS:RateUtilities"
```

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```
1308 <export.c name="contribNS:rates" >
1309 </contribution>
```

1310 It is also possible to export only a subtree of a contribution. If a contribution contains the following:

```
1313 META-INF/
1314   sca-contribution.xml
1315 bin/
1316   rates.dll
1317 RateUtilities/
1318   RateUtilities.composite
1319   RateUtilitiesService/
1320     RateUtils.h
1321     RateUtils.componentType
```

1322 An export of the form:

```
1325 <contribution>
1326   <deployable composite="myNS:RateUtilities"
1327     <export.c name="contribNS:ratesbin" path="bin/" >
1328 </contribution>
```

1329 only makes the contents of the bin directory visible to other contributions. By placing all of the executable files of a contribution in a single directory and exporting only that directory, the amount of information contribution that uses the exported executable files is limited. This is considered a best practice.

### 1333 7.1.3 Executable outside of contribution (Import)

1334 When the executable that implements a C component is located outside of a contribution, the contribution MUST import the executable. If the executable is located in another contribution, the *import.c* element of the contribution definition uses a *@location* attribute that identifies the name of the export as defined in the contribution that defined the export as shown in the following snippet.

```
1338 <contribution>
1339   <deployable composite="myNS:Underwriting"
1340     <import.c name="rates" location="contribNS:rates">
1342 </contribution>
```

1343 The SCDL for the UnderwritingService component is:

```
1346 <component name="UnderwritingService">
1347   <implementation.c module="rates" path="rates:bin/"
1348     componentType="Underwriting" />
1349 </component>
```

1350 If the executable is located in the file system, the *@location* attribute identifies the location in the files system used as the root of the import as shown in this snippet.

```
1354 <contribution>
1355   <deployable composite="myNS:CustomerUtilities"
1356     <import.c name="usr-bin" location="/usr/bin/" >
1357 </contribution>
```

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## 1358 7.2 componentType files

1359 As stated in section 2.5, each component implemented in C has a corresponding componentType file.  
1360 This componentType file is, by default, located in the root directory of the composite containing the  
1361 component or a subdirectory of the composite root with a name specified on the `@componentType`  
1362 attribute as shown in the following example.

```
1363  
1364 META-INF/  
1365   sca-contribution.xml  
1366 bin/  
1367   autoinsurance.dll  
1368 AutoInsurance/  
1369   AutoInsurance.composite  
1370   AutoInsuranceService/  
1371     AutoInsurance.h  
1372     AutoInsurance.componentType
```

1373  
1374 The SCDL for the AutoInsuranceService component is:

```
1375  
1376 <component name="AutoInsuranceService">  
1377   <implementation.c module="autoinsurance" path="bin/"  
1378     componentType="AutoInsurance" />  
1379 </component>
```

1380  
1381 Since there is a one-to-one correspondence between implementations and componentTypes, when an  
1382 implementation is shared between contributions, it is desirable to also share the componentType file.  
1383 ComponentType files can be exported and imported in the same manner as executable files. The  
1384 location of a `.componentType` file can be specified using the `@componentType` attribute of the  
1385 `implementation.c` element.

```
1386  
1387 <component name="UnderwritingService">  
1388   <implementation.c library="rates" path="rates:bin/"  
1389     componentType="rates:types/Underwriting" />  
1390 </component>
```

## 1391 7.3 C Contribution Extensions

### 1392 7.3.1 Export.c

1393 The following snippet shows the schema for the C export element used to make an executable or  
1394 componentType file visible outside of a contribution.

```
1395  
1396 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="ASCII"?>  
1397 <!-- export.c schema snippet -->  
1398 <export.c xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903"  
1399   name="QName" path="string"? >
```

1400  
1401 The `export.c` element has the following *attributes*:

- 1402 • **name** : *QName (1..1)* – name of the export. The `@name` attribute of a `<export.c/>` element MUST be  
1403 unique amongst the `<export.c/>` elements in a domain. [C70001]
- 1404 • **path** : *string (0..1)* – path of the exported executable relative to the root of the contribution. If not  
1405 present, the entire contribution is exported.

**Deleted:** The `@name` attribute of a `<export.c/>` element MUST be unique amongst the `<export.c/>` elements in a domain.

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1406 **7.3.2 Import.c**

1407 The following snippet shows the schema for the C import element used to reference an executable or  
1408 componentType file that is outside of a contribution.

1409

```
1410 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="ASCII"?>  
1411 <!-- import.c schema snippet -->  
1412 <import.c xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903"  
1413 name="QName" location="string" >
```

1414

1415 The *import.c* element has the following **attributes**:

- 1416 • **name : QName (1..1)** – name of the import. The @name attribute of a <import.c/> child element of a  
1417 <contribution/> MUST be unique amongst the <import.c/> elements in of that contribution. [C70002]
- 1418 • **location : string (1..1)** – either the QName of a export or a file system location. If the value does not  
1419 match an export name it is taken as an absolute file system path.

**Deleted:** The @name attribute of a <import.c/> child element of a <contribution/> MUST be unique amongst the <import.c/> elements in of that contribution.

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## 8 Types Supported in Service Interfaces

A service interface can support a restricted set of the types available to a C programmer. This section summarizes the valid types that can be used.

### 8.1 Local service

The return type and types of the parameters of a function of a local service interface MUST be one of:

- Any fundamental or compound types as defined by C. [C80001]

### 8.2 Remotable service

For a remotable service being called by another service the data exchange semantics is by-value. The return type and types of the parameters of a function of a remotable service interface MUST be one of:

- Any of the C types specified in Simple Content Binding and Complex Content Binding. These types may be passed by-value or by-pointer. Unless the function and client indicate that they allow by-reference semantics (see AllowsPassByReference), a copy will be explicitly created by the runtime for any parameters passed by-pointer.
- An SDO DATAOBJECT. This type may be passed by-value or by-pointer. Unless the function and client indicate that they allow by-reference semantics (see AllowsPassByReference), a deep-copy of the DATAOBJECT will be created by the runtime for any parameters passed by-value or by-pointer. When by-reference semantics are allowed, the DATAOBJECT handle will be passed. [C80002]

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**Deleted:** The return type and types of the parameters of a function of a local service interface MUST be one of:  
<#>Any of the C primitive types (for example, int, short, char). In this case the data will be passed by value as is normal for C.  
<#>Pointers to any of the C primitive types (for example, int \*, short \*, char \*).  
DATAOBJECT. An SDO handle.

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**Deleted:** The return type and types of the parameters of a function of a remotable service interface MUST be one of:  
<#>Any of the C primitive types (for example, int, short, char). This will be copied.  
DATAOBJECT. An SDO handle. The SDO will be copied and passed to the destination.

**Deleted:** Unless the interface is marked as allowing pass by reference semantics, the behavior of the following are not defined:  
<#>Pointers.

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## 9 Restrictions on C header files

1438

1439 A C header file that is used to describe an interface has some restrictions.

1440 A C header file used to define an interface MUST:

- 1441 • Declare at least one function or message format struct, [C90001]

1442

1443 A C header file used to define an interface MUST NOT use the following constructs:

- 1444 • Macros, [C90002]

**Deleted:** A C header file used to define an interface MUST:  
Declare at least one function or message format struct

**Deleted:** A C header file used to define an interface MUST NOT use the following constructs:  
Macros

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## 1445 10 WSDL to C and C to WSDL Mapping

1446 The SCA Client and Implementation Model for C applies the principles of the WSDL to Java and Java to  
1447 WSDL mapping rules (augmented and interpreted for C as detailed in the following section) defined in the  
1448 JAX-WS specification **[JAXWS21]** for generating remotable C interfaces from WSDL portTypes and vice  
1449 versa. Use of the JAX-WS specification as a guideline for WSDL to C and C to WSDL mappings does not  
1450 imply that any support for the Java language is mandated by this specification.

1451  
1452 For the mapping from C types to XML schema types SCA supports the SDO 2.1 **[SDO21]** mapping. A  
1453 detailed mapping of C to WSDL types and WSDL to C types is covered in [Data Binding](#).

Deleted: Data Binding

1454  
1455 The following general rules apply to the application of JAX-WS to C:

- 1456 • References to Java are considered references to C.
- 1457 • References to Java classes are considered references to a collection of C functions that  
1458 implement an interface.
- 1459 • References to Java methods are considered references to C functions.
- 1460 • References to Java interfaces are considered references to a collection of C function declarations  
1461 used to define an interface.
- 1462 • For the purposes of the C-to-WSDL mapping algorithm, a C header file with containing function  
1463 declarations and no annotations is treated as if it had a `@WebService` annotation. All default  
1464 values are assumed for the `@WebService` annotation.

### 1465 10.1 Interpretations for WSDL to C Mapping

1466 External binding files are not supported.

1467  
1468 For dispatching functions or invoking programs and marshalling data, an implementation can choose to  
1469 interpret the WSDL document, possibly containing mapping customizations, at runtime or interpret the  
1470 document as part of the deployment process generating implementation specific artifacts that represent  
1471 the mapping.

#### 1472 10.1.1 Definitions

1473 Since C has no namespace or package construct, the `targetNamespace` of a WSDL document is ignored  
1474 by the mapping.

1475  
1476 MIME binding is not supported.

#### 1477 10.1.2 PortType

1478 A portType maps to a set of declarations that form the C interface for the service. The form of these  
1479 declarations depends on the type of the service implementation.

1480  
1481 If the implementation is a library, the declarations are one or more function declarations and potentially  
1482 any necessary struct declarations corresponding to any complex XML schema types needed by  
1483 messages used by operations of the portType. See [Complex Content Binding](#) for options for complex  
1484 type mapping.

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1486 If the implementation is contained in a program, the declarations are all struct declarations. See the next  
1487 section for details.

1488

1489 In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation SHOULD map each portType to separate  
1490 header file. An SCA implementation MAY use any sca-c:prefix binding declarations to control this  
1491 mapping. [C100001] For example, all portTypes in a WSDL document with a common sca-c:prefix binding  
1492 declaration could be mapped to a single header file..

1493

1494 Header file naming is implementation dependent.

### 1495 **10.1.3 Operations**

1496 Asynchronous mapping is not supported.

#### 1497 **10.1.3.1 Operation Names**

1498 WSDL operation names are only guaranteed to be unique with a portType. C requires function and struct  
1499 names loaded into an address space to be distinct. The mapping of operation names to function or struct  
1500 names have to take this into account.

1501

1502 For components implemented in libraries, in the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation  
1503 MUST concatenate the portType name, with the first character converted to lower case, and the operation  
1504 name, with the first character converted to upper case, to form the function. [C100002]

1505

1506 An application can customize this mapping using the sca-c:prefix and/or sca-c:function binding  
1507 declarations.

1508

1509 For program-based service implementations:

- 1510 • If the number of **In** parameters plus the number of **In/Out** parameters is greater than one there will be  
1511 a request struct.
- 1512 • If the number of **Out** parameters plus the number of **In/Out** parameters is greater than one there will  
1513 be a response struct.

1514

1515 For components implemented in a program, in the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation  
1516 MUST concatenate the portType name, with the first character converted to lower case, and the operation  
1517 name, with the first character converted to upper case, to form the request struct name. Additionally an  
1518 SCA implementation MUST append "Response" to the request struct name to form the response struct  
1519 name.[C100005]

1520

1521 An application can customize this mapping using the sca-c:prefix and/or sca-c:struct binding declarations.

#### 1522 **10.1.3.2 Message and Part**

1523 In the absence of any customizations for a WSDL operation that does not meet the requirements for the  
1524 wrapped style, the name of a mapped function parameter or struct member MUST be the value of the  
1525 name attribute of the wsdl:part element with the first character converted to lower case.[C100003]

1526

1527 In the absence of any customizations for a WSDL operation that meets the requirements for the wrapped  
1528 style, the name of a mapped function parameter or struct member MUST be the value of the local name  
1529 of the wrapper child with the first character converted to lower case.[C100004]

1530

**Deleted:** For components implemented in a program, in the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST concatenate the portType name, with the first character converted to lower case, and the operation name, with the first character converted to upper case, to form the request struct name. Additionally an SCA implementation MUST append "Response" to the request struct name to form the response struct name.

**Deleted:** In the absence of any customizations for a WSDL operation that does not meet the requirements for the wrapped style, the name of a mapped function parameter or struct member MUST be the value of the name attribute of the wsdl:part element with the first character converted to lower case.

**Deleted:** In the absence of any customizations for a WSDL operation that meets the requirements for the wrapped style, the name of a mapped function parameter or struct member MUST be the value of the local name of the wrapper child with the first character converted to lower case.

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1531 An application can customize this mapping using the sca-c:parameter binding declaration.

1532

1533 For library-based service implementations, an SCA implementation MUST map In parameters as pass  
1534 by-value and In/Out and Out parameters as pass via pointers.[C100019]

**Deleted:** For library-based service implementations, an SCA implementation MUST map In parameters as pass by-value and In/Out and Out parameters as pass via pointers.

1535

1536 For program-based service implementations, an SCA implementation MUST map all values in the input  
1537 message as pass by-value and the updated values for In/Out parameters and all Out parameters in the  
1538 response message as pass by-value.[C100020]

**Deleted:** For program-based service implementations, an SCA implementation MUST map all values in the input message as pass by-value and the updated values for In/Out parameters and all Out parameters in the response message as pass by-value.

## 1539 10.1.4 Types

1540 As per section Data Binding, (based on SDO type mapping).

1541

1542 MTOM/XOP content processing is left to the application.

**Deleted:** Data Binding

## 1543 10.1.5 Fault

1544 C has no exceptions so an API is provided for getting and setting fault messages (see  
1545 SCAGetFaultMessage and SCASetFaultMessage). Fault messages are mapped in same manner as  
1546 input and output messages.

1547

1548 In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the name of the message element  
1549 referred to by a fault element to name of the struct describing the fault message content. If necessary, to  
1550 avoid name collisions, an implementation MAY append "Fault" to the name of the message element when  
1551 mapping to the struct name.[C100006]

**Deleted:** In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the name of the message element referred to by a fault element to name of the struct describing the fault message content. If necessary, to avoid name collisions, an implementation MAY append "Fault" to the name of the message element when mapping to the struct name.

1552

1553 An application can customize this mapping using the sca-c:struct binding declaration.

## 1554 10.1.6 Service and Port

1555 This mapping does not define generation of client side code.

## 1556 10.1.7 XML Names

1557 See comments in Operations

## 1558 10.2 Interpretations for C to WSDL Mapping

### 1559 10.2.1 Package

1560 Not relevant.

1561

1562 An SCA implementation SHOULD provide a default namespace mapping and this mapping SHOULD be  
1563 configurable. [C100007]

### 1564 10.2.2 Class

1565 Not relevant since mapping is only based on declarations.

### 1566 10.2.3 Interface

1567 The declarations in a header file are used to define an interface. A header file can be used to define an  
1568 interface if it satisfies either (for components implemented in libraries):

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- 1569 • Contains one or more function declarations
- 1570 • Any of these functions declarations might carry a @WebFunction annotation
- 1571 • The parameters and return types of these function declarations are compatible with the C to XML
- 1572 Schema mapping in Data Binding.

Deleted: Data Binding

1573 or (for components implemented in programs):

- 1574 • Contains one request message struct declarations
- 1575 • Any of the request message struct declarations might carry a @WebOperation annotation
- 1576 • Any of the request message struct declarations can have a corresponding response message struct,
- 1577 identified by either having a name with "Response" appended to the request message struct name or
- 1578 identified in a @WebOperation annotation

- 1579 • Members of these struct declarations are compatible with the C to XML Schema mapping in Data
- 1580 Binding.

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1582 In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the header file name to the

1583 portType name. An implementation MAY append "PortType" to the header file name in the mapping to

1584 the portType name. [C100008]

Deleted: In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the header file name to the portType name. An implementation MAY append "PortType" to the header file name in the mapping to the portType name.

1586 An application can customize this mapping using the @WebService annotation.

## 1587 10.2.4 Method

1588 For components implemented in libraries, functions map to operations.

1590 In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the function name to the operation

1591 name, stripping the portType name, if present and any namespace prefix from the front of function name

1592 before mapping it to the operation name. [C100009]

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Deleted: In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the function name to the operation name, stripping the portType name, if present, and any namespace prefix from the function name from the front of function name before mapping it to the operation name.

1594 An application can customize function to operation mapping or exclude a function from an interface using

1595 the @WebFunction annotation.

1597 For components implemented in programs, operations are mapped from request structs.

1599 In the absence of customizations, a struct with a name that does not end in "Response" or "Fault" is

1600 considered to be a request message struct and an SCA implementation MUST map the struct name to

1601 the operation name, stripping the portType name, if present, and any namespace prefix from the front of

1602 the struct name before mapping it to the operation name. [C100010]

Deleted: In the absence of customizations, a struct with a name that does not end in "Response" or "Fault" is considered to be a request message struct and an SCA implementation MUST map the struct name to the operation name, stripping the portType name, if present, and any namespace prefix from the front of the struct name before mapping it to the operation name.

1604 An application can customize struct to operation mapping or exclude a struct from an interface using the

1605 @WebOperation annotation.

## 1606 10.2.5 Method Parameters and Return Type

1607 For components implemented in libraries, function parameters and return type map to either message or

1608 global element components.

1610 In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the parameter name, if present, to

1611 the part or global element component name. If the parameter does not have a name the SCA

1612 implementation MUST use argN as the part or global element child name. [C100011]

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1614 An application can customize parameter to message or global element component mapping using the  
1615 @WebParam annotation.

1616  
1617 In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the return type to a part or global  
1618 element child named "return". [C100012]

**Deleted:** In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the return type to a part or global element child named "return".

1620 An application can customize return type to message or global element component mapping using the  
1621 @WebReturn annotation.

1622  
1623 An SCA implementation MUST map:

- 1624 • a function's return value as an out parameter.
- 1625 • by-value and const parameters as in parameters.
- 1626 • in the absence of customizations, pointer parameters as in/out parameters. [C100017]

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**Deleted:** An SCA implementation MUST map:  
<#>a function's return value as an out parameter.  
<#>by-value and const parameters as in parameters.  
in the absence of customizations, pointer parameters as in/out parameters.

1628 An application can customize parameter classification using the @WebParam annotation.

1630 Program based implementation SHOULD use the Document-Literal style and encoding. [C100013]

1632 In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the struct member name to the  
1633 part or global element child name. [C100014]

1635 An application can customize struct member to message or global element component mapping using the  
1636 @WebParam annotation.

- 1637
- 1638 • Members of the request struct that are not members of the response struct are **in** parameters
- 1639 • Members of the response struct that are not members of the request struct are **out** parameters
- 1640 • Members of both the request and response structs are **in/out** parameters. Matching is done by
- 1641 member name. An SCA implementation MUST ensure that in/out parameters have the same type in
- 1642 the request and response structs. [C100015]

**Deleted:** An SCA implementation MUST ensure that in/out parameters have the same type in the request and response structs.

## 1643 10.2.6 Service Specific Exception

1644 C has no exceptions. A struct can be annotated as a fault message type. A function or operation  
1645 declaration can be annotated to indicate that it potentially generates a specific fault.

1647 An application can define a fault message format using the @WebFault annotation.

1649 An application can indicate that a WSDL fault might be generated by a function or operation using the  
1650 @WebThrows annotation.

## 1651 10.2.7 Generics

1652 Not relevant.

## 1653 10.2.8 Service and Ports

1654 An SCA runtime invokes function (or programs) as a result of receiving an operation request. No  
1655 mapping to Service or Ports is defined by this specification.

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1656 **10.3 Data Binding**

1657 The data in wsdl:parts or wrapper children is mapped to and from C function parameters and return  
 1658 values (for library-based component implementations), or struct members (for program-based component  
 1659 implementations and fault messages).

1660 **10.3.1 Simple Content Binding**

1661 The mapping between XSD simple content types and C types follows the convention defined in the SDO  
 1662 specification [SDO21]. The following table summarizes that mapping as it applies to SCA services.  
 1663

<i>XSD Schema Type →</i>	<i>C Type</i>	<i>→ XSD Schema Type</i>
anySimpleType	wchar_t *	string
anyType	DATAOBJECT	anyType
anyURI	wchar_t *	string
base64Binary	char *	string
boolean	char	string
byte	int8_t	byte
date	wchar_t *	string
dateTime	wchar_t *	string
decimal	wchar_t *	string
double	double	double
duration	wchar_t *	string
ENTITIES	wchar_t *	string
ENTITY	wchar_t *	string
float	float	float
gDay	wchar_t *	string
gMonth	wchar_t *	string
gMonthDay	wchar_t *	string
gYear	wchar_t *	string
gYearMonth	wchar_t *	string
hexBinary	char *	string
ID	wchar_t *	string
IDREF	wchar_t *	string
IDREFS	wchar_t *	string
int	int32_t	int
integer	wchar_t *	string

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language	wchar_t*	string
long	int64_t	long
Name	wchar_t*	string
NCName	wchar_t*	string
negativeInteger	wchar_t*	string
NMTOKEN	wchar_t*	string
NMTOKENS	wchar_t*	string
nonNegativeInteger	wchar_t*	string
nonPositiveInteger	wchar_t*	string
normalizedString	wchar_t*	string
NOTATION	wchar_t*	string
positiveInteger	wchar_t*	string
QName	wchar_t*	string
short	int16_t	short
string	wchar_t*	string
time	wchar_t*	string
token	wchar_t*	string
unsignedByte	uint8_t	unsignedByte
unsignedInt	uint32_t	unsignedInt
unsignedLong	uint64_t	unsignedLong
unsignedShort	uint16_t	unsignedShort

1664 *Table 1: XSD simple type to C type mapping*  
1665

<b>C Type →</b>	<b>XSD Schema Type</b>
_Bool	boolean
wchar_t	string
signed char	byte
unsigned char	unsignedByte
short	short
unsigned short	unsignedShort
int	int
unsigned int	unsignedInt
long	long

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unsigned long	unsignedLong
long long	long
unsigned long long	unsignedLong
wchar_t*	string
long double	decimal
time_t	time
struct tm	dateTime

1666 *Table 2: C type to XSD type mapping*

1667  
 1668 The C standard does not define value ranges for integer types so it is possible that on a platform  
 1669 parameters or return values could have values that are out of range for the default XSD schema type. In  
 1670 these circumstances, the mapping would need to be customized, using @WebParam or @WebResult if  
 1671 supported, or some other implementation-specific mechanism.

1672  
 1673 An SCA implementation MUST map simple types as defined in Table 1 and Table 2 by default. [C100021]  
 1674

1675 An SCA implementation MAY map boolean to \_Bool by default. [C100022]

1676 **10.3.1.1 WSDL to C Mapping Details**

1677 In general, when xsd:string and types derived from xsd:string map to a struct member, the  
 1678 mapping is to a combination of a wchar\_t \* and a separately allocated data array. If either the length  
 1679 or maxLength facet is used, then a wchar\_t[] is used. If the pattern facet is used, this might allow  
 1680 the use of char and/or also constrain the length.

1681 Example:

```
1682 <xsd:element name="myString" type="xsd:string"/>
```

1683 maps to:

```
1684 wchar_t *myString;
```

1685 /\* this points to a dynamically allocated buffer with the data \*/

```
1686
```

```
1687 <xsd:simpleType name="boundedString25">
```

```
1688 <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
```

```
1689 <xsd:length value="25"/>
```

```
1690 </xsd:restriction>
```

```
1691 </xsd:simpleType>
```

```
1692 ...
```

```
1693 <xsd:element name="myString" type="boundedString25"/>
```

1694 maps to:

```
1695 wchar_t myString[26];
```

1696

- 1697 • When unbounded binary data maps to a struct member, the mapping is to a char \* that points to  
 1698 the location where the actual data is located. Like strings, if the binary data is bounded in length, a  
 1699 char[] is used.

1700  
 1701 Examples:

```
1702 <xsd:element name="myData" type="xsd:hexBinary"/>
```

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1703  
1704  
1705  
1706  
1707  
1708  
1709  
1710  
1711  
1712  
1713  
1714  
1715  
1716

maps to:

```
char *myData;  
/* this points to a dynamically allocated buffer with the data */
```

```
<xsd:simpleType name="boundedData25">  
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:hexBinary">  
    <xsd:length value="25"/>  
  </xsd:restriction>  
</xsd:simpleType>  
...  
<xsd:element name="myData" type="boundedData25"/>
```

maps to:

```
char myData[26];
```

1717  
1718  
1719  
1720  
1721

- Since C does not have a way of representing unset values, when elements with `minOccurs != maxOccurs` and lists with `minLength != maxLength`, which have a variable, but bounded, number of instances, map to a struct, the mapping is to a count of the number of occurrences and an array. If the count is 0, then the contents of the array is undefined.

1722  
1723  
1724  
1725  
1726  
1727

Examples:

```
<xsd:element name="counts" type="xsd:int" maxOccurs="5"/>
```

maps to:

```
size_t counts_num;  
int counts[5];
```

1728  
1729  
1730  
1731  
1732  
1733  
1734  
1735  
1736  
1737  
1738  
1739

```
<xsd:simpleType name="lineNumList">  
  <xsd:list itemType="xsd:int"/>  
</xsd:simpleType>  
<xsd:simpleType name="lineNumList6">  
  <xsd:restriction base="lineNumList ">  
    <xsd:minLength value="1"/>  
    <xsd:maxLength value="6"/>  
  </xsd:restriction>  
</xsd:simpleType>  
...  
<xsd:element name="lineNums" type="lineNumList6"/>
```

maps to:

```
size_t lineNums_num;  
long lineNums[6];
```

1743  
1744  
1745  
1746

- Since C does not allow for unbounded arrays, when elements with `maxOccurs = unbounded` and lists without a defined `length` or `maxLength`, map to a struct, the mapping is to a count of the number of occurrences and a pointer to the location where the actual data is located as an array

1747  
1748  
1749  
1750  
1751

Examples:

```
<xsd:element name="counts" type="xsd:int" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
```

maps to:

```
size_t counts_num;  
int *counts;
```

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1752 /\* this points to a dynamically allocated array of struct tm's \*/

1753

```
1754 <xsd:simpleType name="lineNumList">
```

```
1755   <xsd:list itemType="xsd:int"/>
```

```
1756 </xsd:simpleType>
```

1757 ...

```
1758 <xsd:element name="lineNums" type="lineNumList"/>
```

1759

maps to:

```
1760 size_t lineNums_num;
```

```
1761 long *lineNums;
```

```
1762 /* this points to a dynamically allocated array of longs */
```

1763

- 1764 • Union Types are not supported.

### 1765 10.3.1.2 C to WSDL Mapping Details

- 1766 • wchar\_t[] and char[] map to xsd:string with a maxLength facet.

- 1767 • C arrays map as normal elements but with multiplicity allowed via the minOccurs and maxOccurs facets.

1769

1770 Example:

```
1771 long myFunction(char* name, int idList[], double value);
```

1772

maps to:

```
1773 <xsd:element name="myFunction">
```

```
1774   <xsd:complexType>
```

```
1775     <xsd:sequence>
```

```
1776       <xsd:element name="name" type="xsd:string"/>
```

```
1777       <xsd:element name="idList" type="xsd:short"
```

```
1778         minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
```

```
1779       <xsd:element name="value" type="xsd:double"/>
```

```
1780     </xsd:sequence>
```

```
1781   </xsd:complexType>
```

```
1782 </xsd:element>
```

1783

- 1784 • Multi-dimensional arrays map into nested elements.

1785

1786 Example:

```
1787 long myFunction(int multiIdArray[][4][2]);
```

1788

maps to:

```
1789 <xsd:element name="myFunction">
```

```
1790   <xsd:complexType>
```

```
1791     <xsd:sequence>
```

```
1792       <xsd:element name="multiIdArray"
```

```
1793         minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
```

```
1794       <xsd:complexType>
```

```
1795         <xsd:sequence>
```

```
1796           <xsd:element name="multiIdArray"
```

```
1797             minOccurs="4" maxOccurs="4"/>
```

```
1798         </xsd:sequence>
```

```
1799       </xsd:complexType>
```

```
1800     <xsd:sequence>
```

```
1801       <xsd:element name="multiIdArray" type="xsd:short"
```

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```

1801         minOccurs="2" maxOccurs="2" />
1802     </xsd:sequence>
1803 </xsd:complexType>
1804 </xsd:element>
1805 </xsd:sequence>
1806 </xsd:complexType>
1807 </xsd:element>
1808 </xsd:sequence>
1809 </xsd:complexType>
1810 </xsd:element>
1811

```

- 1812 • Except as detailed in the table above, pointers do not affect the type mapping, only the classification  
1813 as in, out, or in/out.

## 1814 10.3.2 Complex Content Binding

1815 When mapping between XSD complex content types and C, either instances of SDO DataObjects or  
1816 structs are used. **An SCA implementation MUST support mapping message parts or global elements with  
1817 complex types and parameters, return types and struct members with a struct. The  
1818 mapping from WSDL MAY be to DataObjects and/or structs. The mapping to and from structs MUST  
1819 follow the rules defined in WSDL to C Mapping Details, [C100016]**

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**Deleted:** An SCA implementation MUST support mapping message parts or global elements with complex types and parameters, return types, and struct members with a type defined by a struct. The mapping from WSDL MAY be to DataObjects and/or structs. The mapping to and from structs MUST follow the rules defined in WSDL to C Mapping Details.

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### 1820 10.3.2.1 WSDL to C Mapping Details

- 1821 • Complex types and groups mapped to static DataObjects follow the rules defined in [SDO21].
- 1822 • Complex types and groups mapped to structs have the attributes and elements of the type mapped  
1823 to members of the struct.
  - 1824 – The name of the struct is the name of the type or group.
  - 1825 – Attributes appear in the struct before elements.
  - 1826 – Simple types are mapped to members as described above.
  - 1827 – The same rules for variable number of instances of a simple type element apply to complex type  
1828 elements.
  - 1829 – A sequence group is mapped as either a simple type or a complex type as appropriate.

1831 Example:

```

1832 <xsd:complexType name="myType">
1833 <xsd:sequence>
1834 <xsd:element name="name">
1835 <xsd:simpleType>
1836 <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
1837 <xsd:length value="25"/>
1838 </xsd:restriction>
1839 </xsd:simpleType>
1840 </xsd:element>
1841 <xsd:element name="idList" type="xsd:int"
1842 minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
1843 <xsd:element name="value" type="xsd:double"/>
1844 </xsd:sequence>
1845 </xsd:complexType>

```

1846 maps to:

```

1847 struct myType {
1848     wchar_t name[26];
1849     size_t idList_num;
1850     long *idList;

```

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```
1851     /* this points to a dynamically allocated array of longs */
1852     double value;
1853 };
1854
```

- While XML Schema allow the elements of an `all` group to appear in any order, the order is fixed in the C mapping. Each child of an `all` group is mapped as pointer to the value and value itself. If the child is not present, the pointer is NULL and the value is undefined.

1858

1859 Example:

```
1860 <xsd:element name="myVariable">
1861   <xsd:complexType name="myType">
1862     <xsd:all>
1863       <xsd:element name="name" type="xsd:string"/>
1864       <xsd:element name="idList" type="xsd:int"
1865         minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
1866       <xsd:element name="value" type="xsd:double"/>
1867     </xsd:all>
1868   </xsd:complexType>
1869 </xsd:element>
```

1870 maps to:

```
1871 struct myType {
1872     wchar_t *name;
1873     /* this points to a dynamically allocated string */
1874     size_t idList_num;
1875     long *idList;
1876     /* this points to a dynamically allocated array of longs */
1877     double *value;
1878     /* this points to a dynamically allocated long */
1879 } *pmyVariable, myVariable;
1880
```

- Handling of choice groups is not defined by this mapping, and is implementation dependent. For portability, choice groups are discouraged in service interfaces.
- Nillable elements are mapped to a pointer to the value and the value itself. If the element is not present, the pointer is NULL and the value is undefined.

1885

1886 Example:

```
1887 <xsd:element name="priority" type="xsd:short" nillable="true"/>
```

1888 maps to:

```
1889 int16_t *pprioiry, priority;
1890
```

- Mixed content and open content (Any Attribute and Any Element) is supported via DataObjects.

### 1892 10.3.2.2 C to WSDL Mapping Details

- C structs that contain types that can be mapped, are themselves mapped to complex types.

1894

1895 Example:

```
1896 char *myFunction(struct DataStruct data, int id);
```

1897 with the DataStruct type defined as a struct holding mappable types:

```
1898 struct DataStruct {
```

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```
1899 char *name;
1900 double value;
1901 };
```

1902 maps to:

```
1903 <xsd:element name="myFunction">
1904   <xsd:complexType>
1905     <xsd:sequence>
1906       <xsd:element name="data" type="DataStruct" />
1907       <xsd:element name="id" type="xsd:int"/>
1908     </xsd:sequence>
1909   </xsd:complexType>
1910 </xsd:element>
1911
1912 <xsd:complexType name="DataStruct">
1913   <xsd:sequence>
1914     <xsd:element name="name" type="xsd:string"/>
1915     <xsd:element name="value" type="xsd:double"/>
1916   </xsd:sequence>
1917 </xsd:complexType>
1918
```

- 1919 • char and wchar\_t arrays inside of structs are mapped to a restricted subtype of xsd:string that
1920 limits the length the space allowed in the array.

1921

1922 Example:

```
1923 struct DataStruct {
1924   char name[256];
1925   double value;
1926 };
```

1927 maps to:

```
1928 <xsd:element name="myFunction">
1929   <xsd:complexType>
1930     <xsd:sequence>
1931       <xsd:element name="data" type="DataStruct" />
1932       <xsd:element name="id" type="xsd:int"/>
1933     </xsd:sequence>
1934   </xsd:complexType>
1935 </xsd:element>
1936
1937 <xsd:complexType name="DataStruct">
1938   <xsd:sequence>
1939     <xsd:element name="name">
1940       <xsd:simpleType>
1941         <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
1942           <xsd:maxLength value="255"/>
1943         </xsd:restriction>
1944       </xsd:simpleType>
1945     </xsd:element>
1946     <xsd:element name="value" type="xsd:double"/>
1947   </xsd:sequence>
1948 </xsd:complexType>
1949
```

- 1950 • C enums define a list of named symbols that map to values. If a function uses an enum type, this is
1951 mapped to a restricted element in the WSDL schema.

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1952

1953 Example:

```
1954 char *getValueFromType(enum ParameterType type);
```

1955 with the ParameterType type defined as an enum:

```
1956 enum ParameterType {
1957     UNSET = 1,
1958     TYPEA,
1959     TYPEB,
1960     TYPEC
1961 };
```

1962 maps to:

```
1963 <xsd:element name="getValueFromType">
1964   <xsd:complexType>
1965     <xsd:sequence>
1966       <xsd:element name="type" type="ParameterType"/>
1967     </xsd:sequence>
1968   </xsd:complexType>
1969 </xsd:element>
1970
1971 <xsd:simpleType name="ParameterType">
1972   <xsd:restriction base="xsd:int">
1973     <xs:minInclusive value="1"/>
1974     <xs:maxInclusive value="4"/>
1975   </xsd:restriction>
1976 </xsd:simpleType>
1977
```

1978 The restriction used will have to be appropriate to the values of the enum elements.

1979

1980 Example:

```
1981 enum ParameterType {
1982     UNSET = 'u',
1983     TYPEA = 'A',
1984     TYPEB = 'B',
1985     TYPEC = 'C'
1986 };
```

1987 maps to:

```
1988 <xsd:simpleType name="ParameterType">
1989   <xsd:restriction base="xsd:int">
1990     <xsd:enumeration value="86"/> <!-- Character 'u' -->
1991     <xsd:enumeration value="65"/> <!-- Character 'A' -->
1992     <xsd:enumeration value="66"/> <!-- Character 'B' -->
1993     <xsd:enumeration value="67"/> <!-- Character 'C' -->
1994   </xsd:restriction>
1995 </xsd:simpleType>
1996
```

- 1997 • If a struct or enum contains other structs or enums, the mapping rules are applied recursively.

1998

1999 Example:

```
2000 char *myFunction(struct DataStruct data);
```

2001 with types defined as follows:

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```

2002 struct DataStruct {
2003     char name[30];
2004     double values[20];
2005     ParameterType type;
2006 };
2007
2008 enum ParameterType {
2009     UNSET = 1,
2010     TYPEA,
2011     TYPEB,
2012     TYPEC
2013 };

```

2014 maps to:

```

2015 <xsd:element name="myFunction">
2016     <xsd:complexType>
2017         <xsd:sequence>
2018             <xsd:element name="data" type="DataStruct"/>
2019         </xsd:sequence>
2020     </xsd:complexType>
2021 </xsd:element>
2022
2023 <xsd:complexType name="DataStruct">
2024     <xsd:sequence>
2025         <xsd:element name="name">
2026             <xsd:simpleType>
2027                 <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
2028                     <xsd:maxLength value="29"/>
2029                 </xsd:restriction>
2030             </xsd:simpleType>
2031         </xsd:element>
2032         <xsd:element name="values" type="xsd:double" minOccurs=20
2033 maxOccurs=20/>
2034         <xsd:element name="type" type=" ParameterType"/>
2035     </xsd:sequence>
2036 </xsd:complexType>
2037
2038 <xsd:simpleType name="ParameterType">
2039     <xsd:restriction base="xsd:int">
2040         <xs:minInclusive value="1"/>
2041         <xs:maxInclusive value="4"/>
2042     </xsd:restriction>
2043 </xsd:simpleType>

```

- 2045 • Mapping of C unions is not supported by this specification.
- 2046 • Typedefs are resolved when evaluating parameter and return types. Typedefs are resolved before
- 2047 the mapping to Schema is done.

- Deleted: Handling
- Deleted: defined
- Deleted: mapping
- Deleted: , and is implementation dependent. For portability, unions are discouraged in service interfaces
- Deleted: <#>Handling for pre-processor directives is not defined by this mapping, and support is implementation dependent. For portability pre-processor directives are discouraged in service interfaces.
- Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
- Deleted: Specification
- Deleted: 19 March

2049

# 11 Conformance

2050  
2051  
2052

The XML schema pointed to by the RDDL document at the SCA namespace URI, defined by the Assembly specification [ASSEMBLY] and extended by this specification, are considered to be authoritative and take precedence over the XML schema in this document.

2053

2054  
2055  
2056

The XML schema pointed to by the RDDL document at the SCA C namespace URI, defined by this specification, is considered to be authoritative and takes precedence over the XML schema in this document.

2057

2058  
2059

For code artifacts related to this specification, the specification text is considered to be authoritative and takes precedence over the code artifacts.

2060

2061  
2062  
2063

An SCA implementation MUST reject a composite file that does not conform to <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-interface-c-1.1.xsd> or <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-implementation-c-1.1.xsd>. [C110001]

2064

2065  
2066

An SCA implementation MUST reject a componentType or constraining type file that does not conform to <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-interface-c-1.1.xsd>. [C110002]

2067

2068  
2069

An SCA implementation MUST reject a contribution file that does not conform to <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-contribution-c-1.1.xsd>. [C110003]

2070

2071  
2072

An SCA implementation MUST reject a WSDL file that does not conform to <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901/sca-wsdlex-c-1.1.xsd>. [C110004]

**Deleted:** An SCA implementation MUST reject a composite file that does not conform to <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-interface-c-1.1.xsd> or <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-implementation-c-1.1.xsd>.

**Deleted:** An SCA implementation MUST reject a componentType or constraining type file that does not conform to <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-interface-c-1.1.xsd>.

**Deleted:** An SCA implementation MUST reject a contribution file that does not conform to <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-contribution-c-1.1.xsd>.

**Deleted:** An SCA implementation MUST reject a WSDL file that does not conform to <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901/sca-wsdlex-c-1.1.xsd>.

## 11.1 Conformance Targets

2073

2074  
2075  
2076

The conformance targets of this specification are:

2077

2078

2079

- **SCA implementations**, which provide a **runtime** for SCA components and potentially **tools** for authoring SCA artifacts, component descriptions and/or runtime operations.
- **SCA documents**, which describe SCA artifacts, and specific **elements** within these documents.
- **C files**, which define SCA service interfaces and implementations.
- **WSDL files**, which define SCA service interfaces.

## 11.2 SCA Implementations

2080

2081  
2082  
2083

An implementation conforms to this specification if it meets the following conditions:

2084

2085

2086

2087

2088

2089

2090

1. It MUST conform to the SCA Assembly Model Specification [ASSEMBLY] and the SCA Policy Framework [POLICY].
2. It MUST comply with all statements in [Conformance Points and JAX-WS Conformance Points](#), related to an SCA implementation, **notably all mandatory statements have to be implemented**.
3. It MUST implement the SCA C API defined in section C API.
4. It MUST implement the mapping between C and WSDL 1.1 [WSDL11] defined in WSDL to C and C to WSDL Mapping.
5. It MUST support <interface.c/> and <implementation.c/> elements as defined in Component Type and Component in composite, componentType and constrainingType documents.

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- 2091 | 6. It MUST support <export.c/> and <import.c/> elements as defined in C Contributions, in contribution  
2092 documents. Deleted: C Contributions
- 2093 | 7. It MAY support source file annotations as defined in C SCA Annotations, C SCA Policy Annotations,  
2094 and C WSDL Annotations. If source file annotations are supported, the implementation MUST comply  
2095 with all statements in Annotation Conformance Points related to an SCA implementation, notably all  
2096 mandatory statements in that section have to be implemented. Deleted: C SCA Annotations  
Deleted: C SCA Policy Annotations  
Deleted: C WSDL Annotations
- 2097 | 8. It MAY support WSDL extensions as defined in C WSDL Mapping Extensions. If WSDL  
2098 extensions are supported, the implementation MUST comply with all statements in WSDL Extension  
2099 Conformance Points related to an SCA implementation, notably all mandatory statements in that  
2100 section have to be implemented. Deleted: C WSDL Mapping  
Extensions

## 2101 11.3 SCA Documents

2102 An SCA document conforms to this specification if it meets the following conditions:

- 2103 | 1. It MUST conform to the SCA Assembly Model Specification [**ASSEMBLY**] and, if appropriate, the  
2104 SCA Policy Framework [**POLICY**]. Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
- 2105 | 2. If it is a composite document, it MUST conform to the [http://docs.oasis-  
2107 open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-interface-c-1.1.xsd](http://docs.oasis-<br/>2106 open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-interface-c-1.1.xsd) and [http://docs.oasis-  
2109 open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-implementation-c-1.1.xsd](http://docs.oasis-<br/>2108 open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-implementation-c-1.1.xsd) schema and MUST comply with the  
2110 additional constraints on the document contents as defined in Conformance Points. Deleted: Conformance Items.
- 2111 | If it is a componentType or constrainingType document, it MUST conform to the  
2112 <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-interface-c-1.1.xsd> schema and  
2113 MUST comply with the additional constraints on the document contents as defined in  
2114 Conformance Points. Deleted: Conformance Items
- 2115 | If it is a contribution document, it MUST conform to the [http://docs.oasis-  
2117 open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-contribution-c-1.1.xsd](http://docs.oasis-<br/>2116 open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-contribution-c-1.1.xsd) schema and MUST comply  
2118 with the additional constraints on the document contents as defined in Conformance  
Points. Deleted: Conformance Items

## 2119 11.4 C Files

2120 A C file conforms to this specification if it meets the following conditions:

- 2121 | 1. It MUST comply with all statements in Conformance Points, JAX-WS Conformance Points and  
2122 Annotation Conformance Points related to C contents and annotations, notably all mandatory  
2123 statements have to be satisfied. Deleted: Conformance Items  
Deleted:

## 2124 11.5 WSDL Files

2125 A WSDL conforms to this specification if it meets the following conditions:

- 2126 | 1. It is a valid WSDL 1.1 [**WSDL11**] document.
- 2127 | 2. It MUST comply with all statements in Conformance Points, JAX-WS Conformance Points and,  
2128 WSDL Extension Conformance Points related to WSDL contents and extensions, notably all  
2129 mandatory statements have to be satisfied. Deleted: Conformance Items

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2130

## A C SCA Annotations

2131 To allow developers to define SCA related information directly in source files, without having to separately  
2132 author SCDL files, a set of annotations is defined. If SCA annotations are supported by an  
2133 implementation, the annotations defined here MUST be supported and MUST be mapped to SCDL as  
2134 described. The SCA runtime MUST only process the SCDL files and not the annotations. [CA0001]

**Formatted:** Pattern: Clear  
(Gray-20%)

**Deleted:** If SCA annotations are supported by an implementation, the annotations defined here MUST be supported and MUST be mapped to SCDL as described. The SCA runtime MUST only process the SCDL files and not the annotations.

### A.1 Application of Annotations to C Program Elements

2136 In general an annotation immediately precedes the program element it applies to. If multiple annotations  
2137 apply to a program element, all of the annotations SHOULD be in the same comment block. [CA0002]

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(Gray-10%)

**Deleted:** If multiple annotations apply to a program element, all of the annotations SHOULD be in the same comment block.

- 2138 • Function or Function Prototype

2139 The annotation immediately precedes the function definition or declaration.

2140 Example:

```
2141 /* @OneWay */  
2142 reportEvent(int eventID);
```

- 2143 • Variable

2144 The annotation immediately precedes the variable definition.

2145 Example:

```
2146 /* @Property */  
2147 long loanType;
```

- 2148 • Set of Functions Implementing a Service

2149 A set of functions implementing a service begins with an @Service annotations. Any  
2150 annotations applying to this service as a whole immediately precede the @Service  
2151 annotation. These annotations SHOULD be in the same comment block as the @Service  
2152 annotation.

2153 Example:

```
2154 /* @Scope("composite")  
2155 * @Service(name="LoanService", interfaceHeader="loan.h") */
```

- 2156 • Set of Function Prototypes Defining an Interface

2157 To avoid any ambiguity about the application of an annotation to a specific function or  
2158 the set of functions defining an interface, if an annotation is to apply to the interface as  
2159 a whole, then the @Interface annotation is used, even in the case where there is just  
2160 one interface defined in a header file. Any annotations applying to the interface  
2161 immediately precede the @Interface annotation.

```
2162 /* @Remoteable  
2163 * @Interface(name="LoanService" */
```

### A.2 Interface Header Annotations

2165 This section lists the annotations that can be used in the header file that defines a service interface.

#### A.2.1 @Interface

2167 Annotation that indicates the start of a new interface definition. An SCA implementation MUST treat a file  
2168 with a @WebService annotation specified as if @Interface was specified with the name value of the  
2169 @WebService annotation used as the name value of the @Interface annotation. [CA0003]

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2171  
2172 **Corresponds to:** *interface.c* element

2173  
2174 **Format:**

```
2175 /* @Interface (name="serviceName") */
```

2176 where

- 2177 • **name** : **NCName (1..1)** – specifies the name of the service.

2178  
2179 **Applies to:** Set of functions defining an interface.

2180 Function declarations following this annotation form the definition of this interface. This annotation also  
2181 serves to bound the scope of the remaining annotations in this section,

2182  
2183 Example:

2184 Interface header:

```
2185 /* @Interface (name="LoanService") */
```

2186  
2187 Service definition:

```
2188 <service name="LoanService">  
2189 <interface.c header="loans.h" />  
2190 </service>
```

## 2191 A.2.2 @Operation

2192 Annotation that indicates that a function defines an operation of a service. There are two formats for this  
2193 annotation depending on if the service is implemented as a set of subroutines or in a program. An SCA  
2194 implementation MUST treat a function with a @WebFunction annotation specified, unless the exclude  
2195 value of the @WebFunction annotation is true, as if @Operation was specified with the operationName  
2196 value of the @WebFunction annotation used as the name value of the @Operation annotation. [CA0004]  
2197 An SCA implementation MUST treat a struct with a @WebOperation annotation specified, unless the  
2198 exclude value of the @WebOperation annotation is true, as if @Operation was specified with the struct as  
2199 the input value, the operationName value of the @WebOperation annotation used as the name value of  
2200 the @Operation annotation and the response value of the @WebOperation annotation used as the output  
2201 values of the @Operation annotation. [CA0005]

2202  
2203  
2204 **Corresponds to:** *function* child element of an *interface.c* element

2205  
2206 If the service is implemented as a set of subroutines, this format is used.

2207  
2208 **Format:**

```
2209 /* @Operation (name="operationName") */
```

2210 where

- 2211 • **name** : **NCName (0..1)** – gives the operation a different name than the function name.

2212  
2213 **Applies to (library based implementations):** Function declaration

2214 The function declaration following this annotation defines an operation of the current service. If no  
2215 @Operation annotation exists in an interface definition, all the function declarations in a header file or

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2216 following an @Interface annotation define the operations of a service, otherwise only the annotated  
2217 function declarations define operations for the service.

2218

2219 Example:

2220 Interface header (loans.h):

```
2221 short internalFcn(char *param1, short param2);  
2222  
2223 /* @Operation(name="getRate") */  
2224 void rateFcn(char *cust, float *rate);
```

2225

2226 Interface definition:

```
2227 <interface.c header="loans.h">  
2228 <functions name="getRate" />  
2229 </interface.c>
```

Deleted: operation

2230

2231 If the service is implemented in a program, the following format is used. In this format, all operations are  
2232 be defined via annotations.

2233

2234 Format:

```
2235 /* @Operation(name="operationName", input="inputStruct", output="outputStruct") */  
2236 */
```

2237 where

- 2238 • **name: NCName (1..1)** – specifies the name of the operation.
- 2239 • **input : NCName (1..1)** – specifies the name of a struct that defines the format of the input message.
- 2240 • **output : NCName (0..1)** – specifies the name of a struct that defined the format of the output  
2241 message if one is used.

2242

2243 Applies to (program based implementations): struct declarations

2244

2245 Example:

2246 Interface header (loans.h):

```
2247 /* @Operation(name="getRate", input="rateInput", output="rateOutput") */  
2248 struct rateInput {  
2249     char cust[25];  
2250     int term;  
2251 };  
2252 struct rateOutput {  
2253     float rate;  
2254     int rateClass;  
2255 };
```

2256

2257 Interface definition:

```
2258 <interface.c header="loans.h">  
2259 <function name="getRate" input="rateInput" output="rateOutput"/>  
2260 </interface.c>
```

Deleted: operation

## 2261 A.2.3 @Remotable

2262 Annotation on service interface to indicate that a service is remotable.

2263

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2264 **Corresponds to:** `@remotable="true"` attribute of an *interface.c* element.

2265

2266 **Format:**

```
2267 /* @Remotable */
```

2268 The default is **false** (not remotable).

2269

2270 **Applies to:** Interface

2271

2272 **Example:**

2273 Interface header (LoanService.h):

```
2274 /* @Remotable */
```

2275

2276 **Service definition:**

```
2277 <service name="LoanService">
2278   <interface.c header="LoanService.h" remotable="true" />
2279 </service>
```

## 2280 **A.2.4 @Callback**

2281 Annotation on a service interface to specify the callback interface.

2282

2283 **Corresponds to:** `@callbackHeader` attribute of an *interface.c* element.

2284

2285 **Format:**

```
2286 /* @Callback(header="headerName") */
```

2287 where

- 2288 • **header : Name (1..1)** – specifies the name of the header defining the callback service interface.

2289

2290 **Applies to:** Interface

2291

2292 **Example:**

2293 Interface header (MyService.h):

```
2294 /* @Callback(header="MyServiceCallback.h") */
```

2295

2296 **Service definition:**

```
2297 <service name="MyService">
2298   <interface.c header="MyService.h" callbackHeader="MyServiceCallback.h" />
2299 </service>
```

## 2300 **A.2.5 @OneWay**

2301 Annotation on a service interface function declaration to indicate the function is one way. The `@OneWay`  
2302 annotation also affects the representation of a service in WSDL. See [@OneWay](#).

2303

2304

2305 **Corresponds to:** `@oneWay="true"` attribute of function element of an *interface.c* element.

2306

Deleted: @OneWay

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2307 **Format:**

```
2308 /* @OneWay */
```

2309 The default is **false** (not OneWay).

2310

2311 **Applies to:** Function Prototype

2312

2313 **Example:**

2314 **Interface header:**

```
2315 /* @OneWay */
2316 reportEvent(int eventID);
```

2317

2318 **Service definition:**

```
2319 <service name="LoanService">
2320   <interface.c header="LoanService.h">
2321     <function name="reportEvent" oneWay="true" />
2322   </interface.c>
2323 </service>
```

## 2324 **A.3 Implementation Annotations**

2325 This section lists the annotations that can be used in the file that implements a service.

### 2326 **A.3.1 @ComponentType**

2327 Annotation used to indicate the start of a new componentType.

2328

2329 **Corresponds to:** *@componentType* attribute of an *implementation.c* element.

2330

2331 **Format:**

```
2332 /* @ComponentType */
```

2333

2334 **Applies to:** Set of services, references and properties

2335

2336 **Example:**

2337 **Implementation:**

```
2338 /* @ComponentType */
```

2339

2340 **Component definition:**

```
2341 <component name="LoanService">
2342   <implementation.c module="loan" componentType="LoanService" />
2343 </component>
```

### 2344 **A.3.2 @Service**

2345 Annotation that indicates the start of a new service implementation.

2346

2347 **Corresponds to:** *implementation.c* element

2348

2349 **Format:**

2350 `/* @Service(name="serviceName", interfaceHeader="headerFile") */`  
 2351 where  
 2352 • **name** : *NCName (1..1)* – specifies the name of the service.  
 2353 • **interfaceHeader** : *Name (1..1)* – specifies the C header defining the interface.  
 2354  
 2355 **Applies to:** Set of functions implementing a service  
 2356 Function definitions following this annotation form the implementation of this service. This annotation also  
 2357 serves to bound the scope of the remaining annotations in this section,

2358  
 2359 Example:

Implementation:

2360 `/* @Service(name="LoanService", interfaceHeader="loan.h") */`  
 2361

2362 ComponentType definition:

2364 `<componentType name="LoanService">`  
 2365 `<service name="LoanService">`  
 2366 `<interface.c header="loans.h" />`  
 2367 `</service>`  
 2368 `</componentType>`

### 2369 A.3.3 @Reference

2370 Annotation on a service implementation to indicate it depends on another service providing a specified  
 2371 interface.

2372  
 2373 **Corresponds to:** *reference* element of a *componentType* element.

2374  
 2375 **Format:**

2376 `/* @Reference(name="referenceName", interfaceHeader="headerFile",`  
 2377 `required="true", multiple="true")`  
 2378 `*/`

2379 where

- 2380 • **name** : *NCName (1..1)* – specifies the name of the reference.
- 2381 • **interfaceHeader** : *Name (1..1)* – specifies the C header defining the interface.
- 2382 • **required** : *boolean (0..1)* – specifies whether a value has to be set for this reference. Default is **true**.
- 2383 • **multiple** : *boolean (0..1)* – specifies whether this reference can be wired to multiple services. Default  
 2384 is **false**.

2385  
 2386 The multiplicity of the reference is determined from the **required** and **multiple** attributes. If the value of  
 2387 the **multiple** attribute is true, then component type has a reference with a multiplicity of either 0..n or 1..n  
 2388 depending on the value of the **required** attribute – 1..n applies if **required=true**. Otherwise a multiplicity  
 2389 of 0..1 or 1..1 is implied.

2390  
 2391 **Applies to:** Service

2392  
 2393 Example:

2394 Implementation:

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2395  
2396  
2397  
2398  
2399

```
/* @Reference(name="getRate", interfaceHeader="rates.h") */  
  
/* @Reference(name="publishRate", interfaceHeader="myRates.h",  
            required="false", multiple="yes")  
*/
```

2400

ComponentType definition:

2402  
2403  
2404  
2405  
2406  
2407  
2408  
2409

```
<componentType name="LoanService">  
  <reference name="getRate">  
    <interface.c header="rates.h">  
  </reference>  
  <reference name="publishRate" multiplicity="0..n">  
    <interface.c header="myRates.h">  
  </reference>  
</componentType>
```

### 2410 A.3.4 @Property

2411 Annotation on a service implementation to define a property of the service. Should immediately precedes  
2412 the global variable that the property is based on. The variable declaration is only used for determining the  
2413 type of the property. The variable will not be populated with the property value at runtime. Programs use  
2414 the SCAProperty<Type>() functions for accessing property data.

2415

2416 **Corresponds to:** *property* element of a *componentType* element.

2417

2418 **Format:**

2419  
2420  
2421

```
/* @Property(name="propertyName", type="typeName",  
            default="defaultValue", required="true")  
*/
```

2422 where

- 2423 • **name : NCName (0..1)** – specifies the name of the property. If name is not specified the property  
2424 name is taken from the name of the global variable.
- 2425 • **type : QName (0..1)** – specifies the type of the property. If not specified the type of the property is  
2426 based on the C mapping of the type of the following global variable to an xsd type as defined in [Data](#)  
2427 [Binding](#). If the variable is an array, then the property is many-valued.
- 2428 • **required : boolean (0..1)** – specifies whether a value has to be set in the component definition for  
2429 this property. Default is **false**.
- 2430 • **default : <type> (0..1)** – specifies a default value and is only needed if **required** is **false**.

2431

2432 **Applies to:** Variable

2433

2434 **Example:**

Implementation:

2436  
2437  
2438

```
/* @Property */  
long loanType;
```

ComponentType definition:

2440  
2441  
2442

```
<componentType name="LoanService">  
  <property name="loanType" type="xsd:int" />  
</componentType>
```

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### 2443 **A.3.5 @Scope**

2444 Annotation on a service implementation to indicate the scope of the service.

2445

2446 **Corresponds to:** `@scope` attribute of an *implementation.c* element.

2447

2448 **Format:**

```
2449 /* @Scope("value") */
```

2450 where

- 2451 • **value** : [*stateless* | *composite*] (1..1) – specifies the scope of the implementation. The default value  
2452 is *stateless*.

2453

2454 **Applies to:** Service

2455

2456 Example:

2457 Implementation:

```
2458 /* @Scope("composite") */
```

2459

2460 Component definition:

```
2461 <component name="LoanService">  
2462   <implementation.c module="loan" componentType="LoanService"  
2463     scope="composite" />  
2464 </component>
```

### 2465 **A.3.6 @Init**

2466 Annotation on a service implementation to indicate a function to be called when the service is  
2467 instantiated. If the service is implemented in a program, this annotation indicates the program is to be  
2468 called with an initialization flag prior to the first operation.

2469

2470 **Corresponds to:** `@init="true"` attribute of an *implementation.c* element or a *function* child element of an  
2471 *implementation.c* element.

2472

2473 **Format:**

```
2474 /* @Init */
```

2475 The default is **false** (the function is not to be called on service initialization).

2476

2477 **Applies to:** Function or Service

2478

2479 Example:

2480 Implementation:

```
2481 /* @Init */  
2482 void init();
```

2483

2484 Component definition:

```
2485 <component name="LoanService">  
2486   <implementation.c module="loan" componentType="LoanService">  
2487     <function name="init" init="true" />
```

Deleted: Specification

Deleted: 19 March

2488 `</implementation.c>`  
2489 `</component>`

### 2490 **A.3.7 @Destroy**

2491 Annotation on a service implementation to indicate a function to be called when the service is terminated.  
2492 If the service is implemented in a program, this annotation indicates the program is to be called with a  
2493 termination flag after to the final operation.

2494  
2495 **Corresponds to:** `@destroy="true"` attribute of an *implementation.c* element or a *function* child element of  
2496 an *implementation.c* element.

#### 2497 **Format:**

2498 `/* @Destroy */`

2500 The default is **false** (the function is not to be called on service termination).

2501  
2502 **Applies to:** Function or Service

2503  
2504 **Example:**

2505 Implementation:

2506 `/* @Destroy */`  
2507 `void cleanup();`

2508  
2509 **Component definition:**

2510 `<component name="LoanService">`  
2511 `<implementation.c module="loan" componentType="LoanService">`  
2512 `<function name="cleanup" destroy="true" />`  
2513 `</implementation.c>`  
2514 `</component>`

### 2515 **A.3.8 @EagerInit**

2516 Annotation on a service implementation to indicate the service is to be instantiated when its containing  
2517 component is started.

2519 **Corresponds to:** `@eagerInit="true"` attribute of an *implementation.c* element.

#### 2521 **Format:**

2522 `/* @EagerInit */`

2523 The default is **false** (the service is initialized lazily).

2524  
2525 **Applies to:** Service

2526  
2527 **Example:**

2528 Implementation:

2529 `/* @EagerInit */`

2530  
2531 **Component definition:**

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```

2532 <component name="LoanService">
2533   <implementation.c module="loan" componentType="LoanService"
2534     eagerInit="true" />
2535 </component>

```

### 2536 **A.3.9 @AllowsPassByReference**

2537 Annotation on service implementation or operation to indicate that a service or operation allows pass by  
 2538 reference semantics.

2539  
 2540 **Corresponds to:** `@allowsPassByReference="true"` attribute of an *implementation.c* element or a *function*  
 2541 child element of an *implementation.c* element.

2542  
 2543 **Format:**

```
2544 /* @AllowsPassByReference */
```

2545 The default is **false** (the service does not allow by reference parameters).

2546  
 2547 **Applies to:** Service or Function

2548  
 2549 **Example:**

2550 **Implementation:**

```

2551 /* @Service(name="LoanService")
2552  * @AllowsPassByReference
2553  */

```

2554  
 2555 **Component definition:**

```

2556 <component name="LoanService">
2557   <implementation.c module="loan" componentType="LoanService"
2558     allowsPassByReference="true" />
2559 </component>

```

### 2560 **A.4 Base Annotation Grammar**

2561 While annotations are defined using the `/* ... */` format for comments, if the `// ...` format is supported by a  
 2562 C compiler, the `// ...` format MAY be supported by an SCA implementation annotation processor.  
 2563 [CA0006]

**Deleted:** While annotations are defined using the `/* ... */` format for comments, if the `// ...` format is supported by a C compiler, the `// ...` format MAY be supported by an annotation processor.

```

2565 <annotation> ::= /* @<baseAnnotation> */
2566
2567 <baseAnnotation> ::= <name> [( <params> )]
2568
2569 <params> ::= <paramNameValue>[, <paramNameValue>]* |
2570           <paramValue>[, <paramValue>]*
2571
2572 <paramNameValue> ::= <name>="<value>"
2573
2574 <paramValue> ::= "<value>"
2575
2576 <name> ::= NCName
2577
2578 <value> ::= string

```

- 2579 • Adjacent string constants are concatenated
- 2580 • NCName is as defined by XML schema [\[XSD\]](#)

**Deleted:** [XSD]

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- 2581 • Whitespace including newlines between tokens is ignored.
- 2582 • Annotations with parameters can span multiple lines within a comment, and are considered complete
- 2583 when the terminating “)” is reached.

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2584

## B C SCA Policy Annotations

2585 SCA provides facilities for the attachment of policy-related metadata to SCA assemblies, which influence  
2586 how implementations, services and references behave at runtime. The policy facilities are described in  
2587 **[POLICY]**. In particular, the facilities include Intents and Policy Sets, where intents express abstract,  
2588 high-level policy requirements and policy sets express low-level detailed concrete policies.

2589

2590 Policy metadata can be added to SCA assemblies through the means of declarative statements placed  
2591 into Composite documents and into Component Type documents. These annotations are completely  
2592 independent of implementation code, allowing policy to be applied during the assembly and deployment  
2593 phases of application development.

2594

2595 However, it can be useful and more natural to attach policy metadata directly to the code of  
2596 implementations. This is particularly important where the policies concerned are relied on by the code  
2597 itself. An example of this from the Security domain is where the implementation code expects to run  
2598 under a specific security Role and where any service operations invoked on the implementation have to  
2599 be authorized to ensure that the client has the correct rights to use the operations concerned. By  
2600 annotating the code with appropriate policy metadata, the developer can rest assured that this metadata  
2601 is not lost or forgotten during the assembly and deployment phases.

2602

2603 The SCA C policy annotations provide the capability for the developer to attach policy information to C  
2604 implementation code. The annotations provide both general facilities for attaching SCA Intents and Policy  
2605 Sets to C code and annotations for specific policy intents. Policy annotation can be used in files for  
2606 service interfaces or component implementations.

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Deleted: . Secondly, there are further specific

Deleted: that deal with particular

Deleted: for certain policy domains such as Security

### 2607 B.1 General Intent Annotations

2608 SCA provides the annotation **@Requires** for the attachment of any intent to a C function, to a C function  
2609 declaration or to sets of functions implementing a service or sets of function declarations defining a  
2610 service interface.

2611

2612 The **@Requires** annotation can attach one or multiple intents in a single statement. Each intent is  
2613 expressed as a string. Intents are XML QNames, which consist of a Namespace URI followed by the  
2614 name of the Intent. The precise form used is as follows:

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¶

```
2615 {" + Namespace URI + "} + intentname
```

2617

2618 Intents can be qualified, in which case the string consists of the base intent name, followed by a ".",  
2619 followed by the name of the qualifier. There can also be multiple levels of qualification.

2620

2621 This representation is quite verbose, so we expect that reusable constants will be defined for the  
2622 namespace part of this string, as well as for each intent that is used by C code. SCA defines constants  
2623 for intents such as the following:

2624

```
2625 /* @Define SCA_PREFIX "{http://docs.oasis-pen.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903}"  
2626 */  
2627 /* @Define CONFIDENTIALITY SCA_PREFIX ## "confidentiality" */  
2628 /* @Define CONFIDENTIALITY_MESSAGE CONFIDENTIALITY ## ".message" */
```

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2629

2630 Notice that, by convention, qualified intents include the qualifier as part of the name of the constant,  
2631 separated by an underscore. These intent constants are defined in the file that defines an annotation for  
2632 the intent (annotations for intents, and the formal definition of these constants, are covered in a following  
2633 section).

2634

2635 Multiple intents (qualified or not) are expressed as separate strings within an array declaration.

2636

2637 **Corresponds to:** @requires attribute of an [interface.c](#), [implementation.c](#), [function](#) or [callbackFunction](#)  
2638 element.

Deleted: service, reference,  
operation

2639

Deleted: property

2640 **Format:**

```
2641 /* @Requires("qualifiedIntent" | {"qualifiedIntent" [, "qualifiedIntent"]}) */
```

2642 where

```
2643 qualifiedIntent ::= QName | QName.qualifier | QName.qualifier1.qualifier2
```

2644

2645 **Applies to:** Interface, Service, Function, Function Prototype

2646

2647 Examples:

2648 Attaching the intents "confidentiality.message" and "integrity.message".

```
2649 /* @Requires({CONFIDENTIALITY_MESSAGE, INTEGRITY_MESSAGE}) */
```

2650

2651 A reference requiring support for confidentiality:

```
2652 /* @Requires(CONFIDENTIALITY)  
2653 * @Reference(interfaceHeader="SetBar.h") */  
2654 void setBar(struct barType *bar);
```

2655

2656 Users can also choose to only use constants for the namespace part of the QName, so that they can add  
2657 new intents without having to define new constants. In that case, this definition would instead look like  
2658 this:

2659

```
2660 /* @Requires(SCA_PREFIX "confidentiality")  
2661 * @Reference(interfaceHeader="SetBar.h") */  
2662 void setBar(struct barType *bar);
```

## 2663 B.2 Specific Intent Annotations

2664 In addition to the general intent annotation supplied by the @Requires annotation described above, there  
2665 are C annotations that correspond to some specific policy intents.

2666

2667 The general form of these specific intent annotations is an annotation with a name derived from the name  
2668 of the intent itself. If the intent is a qualified intent, qualifiers are supplied as an attribute to the annotation  
2669 in the form of a string or an array of strings.

2670

2671 For example, the SCA confidentiality intent described in General Intent Annotations using the  
2672 @Requires(CONFIDENTIALITY) intent can also be specified with the specific @Confidentiality intent  
2673 annotation. The specific intent annotation for the "integrity" security intent is:

2674

```
2675 /* @Integrity */
```

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2676

2677 **Corresponds to:** @requires="<Intent>" attribute of an [interface.c](#), [implementation.c](#), [function](#) or  
2678 [callbackFunction](#) element.

Deleted: service, reference, operation

Deleted: property

2679

2680 **Format:**

2681 `/* @<Intent>[(qualifiers)] */`

2682 where Intent is an NCName that denotes a particular type of intent.

2683 `Intent ::= NCName`  
2684 `qualifiers ::= "qualifier" | {"qualifier" [, "qualifier" ] }`  
2685 `qualifier ::= NCName | NCName/qualifier`

2686

2687 **Applies to:** Interface, Service, Function, Function Prototype – but see specific intents for restrictions

2688

2689 Example:

2690 `/* @ClientAuthentication( {"message", "transport"} ) */`

2691 This annotation attaches the pair of qualified intents: *authentication.message* and *authentication.transport*  
2692 (the sca: namespace is assumed in both of these cases – "http:// docs.oasis-  
2693 open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903").

2694

2695 The Policy Framework **[POLICY]** defines a number of intents and qualifiers. The following sections  
2696 define the annotations for those intents.

## 2697 B.2.1 Security Interaction

Intent	Annotation
<a href="#">clientAuthentication</a>	@ <a href="#">ClientAuthentication</a>
<a href="#">serverAuthentication</a>	@ <a href="#">ServerAuthentication</a>
<a href="#">mutualAuthentication</a>	@ <a href="#">MutualAuthentication</a>
confidentiality	@Confidentiality
integrity	@Integrity

Deleted: a

2698

2699 These three intents can be qualified with

- 2700 • transport
- 2701 • message

## 2702 B.2.2 Security Implementation

Intent	Annotation	Qualifiers
<a href="#">authorization</a>	@ <a href="#">Authorization</a>	<a href="#">fine_grain</a>

Deleted: @RunAs(role"role")

Deleted: runAs

Deleted: Allow ... [3]

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## 2703 B.2.3 Reliable Messaging

Intent	Annotation
atLeastOnce	@AtLeastOnce

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atMostOnce	@AtMostOnce
<del>ordered</del>	<del>@Ordered</del>
exactlyOnce	@ExactlyOnce

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2704

## 2705 B.2.4 Transactions

Intent	Annotation	Qualifiers
managedTransaction	@ManagedTransaction	local global
<del>noManagedTransaction</del>	<del>@NoManagedTransaction</del>	
transactedOneWay	@TransactedOneWay	
immediateOneWay	@ImmediateOneWay	
propagates Transaction	@PropagatesTransaction	
suspendsTransaction	@SuspendsTransaction	

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2706

## 2707 B.2.5 Miscellaneous

Intent	Annotation	Qualifiers
SOAP	@SOAP	1_1 1_2

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Deleted: service, reference, operation

Deleted: property

## 2708 B.3 Policy Set Annotations

2709 The SCA Policy Framework uses Policy Sets to capture detailed low-level concrete policies (for example,  
2710 a concrete policy is the specific encryption algorithm to use when encrypting messages when using a  
2711 specific communication protocol to link a reference to a service).

2712 Policy Sets can be applied directly to C implementations using the **@PolicySets** annotation. The  
2713 PolicySets annotation either takes the QName of a single policy set as a string or the name of two or  
2714 more policy sets as an array of strings.  
2715

2716

2717 **Corresponds to:** @policySets attribute of an [interface.c](#), [implementation.c](#), [function](#) or [callbackFunction](#)  
2718 element.

2719

### 2720 Format:

```
2721 /* @PolicySets( "<policy set QName>" |
2722 * { "<policy set QName>" [, "<policy set QName>" ] }) */
```

2723 As for intents, PolicySet names are QNames – in the form of "{Namespace-URI}localPart".

2724

2725 **Applies to:** Interface, Service, Function, Function Prototype

2726

2727 **Example:**

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```

2728 /* @Reference(name="helloService", interfaceHeader="helloService.h",
2729 *           required=true)
2730 * @PolicySets({ MY_NS "WS_Encryption_Policy",
2731 *           MY_NS "WS_Authentication_Policy" }) */
2732 HelloService* helloService;
2733 ...
2734 }

```

2735  
 2736 In this case, the Policy Sets WS\_Encryption\_Policy and WS\_Authentication\_Policy are applied, both  
 2737 using the namespace defined for the constant MY\_NS.

2738  
 2739 PolicySets satisfy intents expressed for the implementation when both are present, according to the rules  
 2740 defined in [POLICY].

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## 2741 **B.4 Policy Annotation Grammar Additions**

```

2742 <annotation> ::= /* @<baseAnnotation> | @<requiresAnnotation> |
2743                @<intentAnnotation> | @<policySetAnnotation> */
2744
2745 <requiresAnnotation> ::= Requires(<intents>)
2746
2747 <intents> ::= "<qualifiedIntent>" |
2748             {"<qualifiedIntent>"[, "<qualifiedIntent>"]*}
2749
2750 <qualifiedIntent> ::= <intentName> | <intentName>.<qualifier> |
2751                    <intentName>.<qualifier>.<qualifier>
2752
2753 <intentName> ::= {anyURI}NCName
2754
2755 <intentAnnotation> ::= <intent>[(<qualifiers>)]
2756
2757 <intent> ::= NCName[ (param) ]
2758
2759 <qualifiers> ::= "<qualifier>" | {"<qualifier>"[, "<qualifier>"]*}
2760
2761 <qualifier> ::= NCName | NCName/<qualifier>
2762
2763 <policySetAnnotation> ::= policySets(<policysets>)
2764
2765 <policysets> ::= "<policySetName>" | {"<policySetName>"[, "<policySetName>"]*}
2766
2767 <policySetName> ::= {anyURI}NCName

```

- 2768 • anyURI is as defined by XML schema [\[XSD\]](#)

Deleted: [XSD]

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## 2769 **B.5 Annotation Constants**

```

2770 <annotationConstant> ::= /* @Define <identifier> <token string> */
2771
2772 <identifier> ::= token
2773
2774 <token string> ::= "string" | "string"[ ## <token string>]

```

- 2775 • Constants are immediately expanded

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## 2776 C C WSDL Annotations

2777 To allow developers to control the mapping of C to WSDL, a set of annotations is defined. If WSDL  
2778 mapping annotations are supported by an implementation, the annotations defined here MUST be  
2779 supported and MUST be mapped to WSDL as described, [CC0005]

**Deleted:** If WSDL mapping annotations are supported by an implementation, the annotations defined here MUST be supported and MUST be mapped to WSDL as described.

### 2780 C.1 Interface Header Annotations

#### 2781 C.1.1 @WebService

2782 Annotation on a C header file indicating that it represents a web service. A second or subsequent  
2783 instance of this annotation in a file, or a first instance after any function declarations indicates the start of  
2784 a new service and has to contain a name value. An SCA implementation MUST treat any instance of a  
2785 @Interface annotation and without an explicit @WebService annotation as if a @WebService annotation  
2786 with a name value equal to the name value of the @Interface annotation and no other parameters was  
2787 specified. [CC0001]

2788

2789 **Corresponds to:** javax.jws.WebService annotation in the JAX-WS specification (7.11.1)

2790

2791 **Format:**

```
2792 /* @WebService(name="portTypeName", targetNamespace="namespaceURI",  
2793 *           serviceName="WSDLServiceName", portName="WSDLPortName") */
```

2794 where

- 2795 • **name : NCName (0..1)** – specifies the name of the web service portType. The default is the root  
2796 name of the header file containing the annotation.
- 2797 • **targetNamespace : anyURI (0..1)** – specifies the target namespace for the web service. The default  
2798 namespace is determined by the implementation.
- 2799 • **serviceName : NCName (0..1)** – specifies the name for the associated WSDL service. The default  
2800 service name is the name of the header file containing the annotation suffixed with "Service". The  
2801 name of the associated binding is also determined by the serviceName. In the case of a SOAP  
2802 binding, the binding name is the name of the service suffixed with "SoapBinding".
- 2803 • **portName : NCName (0..1)** – specifies the name for the associated WSDL port for the service. If a  
2804 @WebService does not have a portName element, an SCA implementation MUST use the value  
2805 associated with the name element, suffixed with "Port", [CC0008]

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**Deleted:** If a @WebService does not have a portName element, an SCA implementation MUST use the value associated with the name element, suffixed with "Port".

2807 **Applies to:** Header file

2808

2809 **Example:**

2810 Input C header file (stockQuote.h):

```
2811 /* @WebService(name="StockQuote", targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/",  
2812 *           serviceName="StockQuoteService") */
```

2813

2814

2815

2816 **Generated WSDL file:**

```
2817 <definitions xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"  
2818     xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"  
2819     xmlns:sca-c="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901"  
2820     xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
```

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```

2821     targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">
2822
2823     <portType name="StockQuote">
2824         <sca-c:bindings>
2825             <sca-c:prefix name="stockQuote"/>
2826         </sca-c:bindings>
2827     </portType>
2828
2829     <binding name="StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
2830         <soap:binding style="document"
2831             transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
2832     </binding>
2833
2834     <service name="StockQuoteService">
2835         <port name="StockQuotePort" binding="tns:StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
2836             <soap:address location="REPLACE_WITH_ACTUAL_URL"/>
2837         </port>
2838     </service>
2839 </definitions>

```

## 2840 C.1.2 @WebFunction

2841 Annotation on a C function indicating that it represents a web service operation. An SCA implementation  
 2842 MUST treat a function annotated with an @Operation annotation and without an explicit @WebFunction  
 2843 annotation as if a @WebFunction annotation with with an operationName value equal to the name value  
 2844 of the @Operation annotation and no other parameters was specified. [CC0002]

2845

2846 **Corresponds to:** javax.jws.WebMethod annotation in the JAX-WS specification (7.11.2)

2847

2848 **Format:**

```

2849 /* @WebFunction(operationName="operation", action="SOAPAction",
2850 *              exclude="false") */

```

2851 where:

- 2852 • **operationName : NCName (0..1)** – specifies the name of the WSDL operation to associate with this  
 2853 function. The default is the name of the C function the annotation is applied to omitting any preceding  
 2854 namespace prefix and portType name.
- 2855 • **action : string (0..1)** – specifies the value associated with the soap:operation/@soapAction attribute  
 2856 in the resulting code. The default value is an empty string.
- 2857 • **exclude : boolean (0..1)** – specifies whether this function is included in the web service interface.  
 2858 The default value is "false".

2859

2860 **Applies to:** Function.

2861

2862 **Example:**

2863 Input C header file:

```

2864 /* @WebService(name="StockQuote", targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/",
2865 *             serviceName="StockQuoteService") */
2866
2867 /* @WebFunction(operationName="GetLastTradePrice",
2868 *             action="urn:GetLastTradePrice") */
2869 float getLastTradePrice(const char *tickerSymbol);
2870
2871 /* @WebFunction(exclude="true") */
2872 void setLastTradePrice(const char *tickerSymbol, float value);

```

2873

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2874  
2875  
2876  
2877  
2878  
2879  
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2928  
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2933  
2934  
2935  
2936  
2937

Generated WSDL file:

```
<definitions xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
  xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
  xmlns:sca-c="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901"
  xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
  targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">

  <xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
    xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
    attributeFormDefault="unqualified"
    elementFormDefault="unqualified"
    targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">
    <xs:element name="GetLastTradePrice" type="tns:GetLastTradePrice"/>
    <xs:element name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
      type="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse"/>
    <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePrice">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="tickerSymbol" type="xs:string"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
    <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="return" type="xs:float"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
  </xs:schema>

  < message name="GetLastTradePrice">
    <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
    </part>
  </message>

  < message name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
    <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
    </part>
  </ message>

  <portType name="StockQuote">
    <sca-c:bindings>
      <sca-c:prefix name="stockQuote"/>
    </sca-c:bindings>
    <operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
      <sca-c:bindings>
        <sca-c:function name="getLastTradePrice"/>
      </sca-c:bindings>
      <input name="GetLastTradePrice" message="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
      </input>
      <output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
        message="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
      </output>
    </operation>
  </portType>

  <binding name="StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
    <soap:binding style="document"
      transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
    <wsdl:operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
      <soap:operation soapAction="urn:GetLastTradePrice" style="document"/>
      <wsdl:input name="GetLastTradePrice">
        <soap:body use="literal"/>
      </wsdl:input>
      <wsdl:output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
        <soap:body use="literal"/>
      </wsdl:output>
    </wsdl:operation>
  </binding>

```

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```

2938     </wsdl:operation>
2939 </binding>
2940
2941     <service name="StockQuoteService">
2942         <port name="StockQuotePort" binding="tns:StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
2943             <soap:address location="REPLACE_WITH_ACTUAL_URL"/>
2944         </port>
2945     </service>
2946 </definitions>

```

### 2947 C.1.3 @WebOperation

2948 Annotation on a C request message struct indicating that it represents a web service operation. An SCA  
 2949 implementation MUST treat an @Operation annotation without an explicit @WebOperation annotation as  
 2950 if a @WebOperation annotation with an operationName value equal to the name value of the  
 2951 @Operation annotation, a response value equal to the output value of the @Operation annotation and no  
 2952 other parameters was specified is applied to the struct identified as the input value of the @Operation  
 2953 annotation. [CC0003]

2954  
 2955 **Corresponds to:** javax.jws.WebMethod annotation in the JAX-WS specification (7.11.2)

2956  
 2957 **Format:**

```

2958     /* @WebOperation(operationName="operation", response="responseStruct",
2959        *             action="SOAPAction", exclude="false") */

```

2960 where:

- 2961 • **operationName : NCName (0..1)** – specifies the name of the WSDL operation to associate with this  
 2962 request message struct. The default is the name of the C struct the annotation is applied to omitting  
 2963 any preceding namespace prefix and portType name.
- 2964 • **response : NMToken (0..1)** – specifies the name of the struct that defines the format of the  
 2965 response message.
- 2966 • **action string : (0..1)** – specifies the value associated with the soap:operation/@soapAction attribute  
 2967 in the resulting code. The default value is an empty string.
- 2968 • **exclude binary : (0..1)** – specifies whether this struct is included in the web service interface. The  
 2969 default value is "false".

2970  
 2971 **Applies to:** Struct.

2972  
 2973 **Example:**

2974 **Input C header file:**

```

2975     /* @WebService(name="StockQuote", targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/",
2976        *             serviceName="StockQuoteService") */
2977
2978     /* @WebOperation(operationName="GetLastTradePrice",
2979        *             response="getLastTradePriceResponseMsg",
2980        *             action="urn:GetLastTradePrice") */
2981     struct getLastTradePriceMsg {
2982         char tickerSymbol[10];
2983     } getLastTradePrice;
2984
2985     struct getLastTradePriceResponseMsg {
2986         float return;
2987     } getLastTradePriceResponse;

```

2988

Deleted: Specification

Deleted: 19 March

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3052

Generated WSDL file:

```
<definitions xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
  xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
  xmlns:sca-c="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901"
  xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
  targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">
  <xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
    xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
    attributeFormDefault="unqualified"
    elementFormDefault="unqualified"
    targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">
    <xs:element name="GetLastTradePrice" type="tns:GetLastTradePrice"/>
    <xs:element name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
      type="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse"/>
    <xs:simpleType name="TickerSymbolType">
      <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
        <xsd:maxLength value="9"/>
      </xs:restriction>
    </xs:simpleType>
    <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePrice">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="tickerSymbol" type="TickerSymbolType"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
    <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="return" type="xs:float"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
  </xs:schema>

  < message name="GetLastTradePrice">
    <sca-c:bindings>
      <sca-c:struct name="getLastTradePrice"/>
    </sca-c:bindings>
    <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
    </part>
  </message>

  < message name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
    <sca-c:bindings>
      <sca-c:struct name="getLastTradePriceResponse"/>
    </sca-c:bindings>
    <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
    </part>
  </ message>

  <portType name="StockQuote">
    <sca-c:bindings>
      <sca-c:prefix name="stockQuote"/>
    </sca-c:bindings>
    <operation name="GetPrice">
      <input name="GetLastTradePrice" message="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
      </input>
      <output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
        message="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
      </output>
    </operation>
  </portType>

  <binding name="StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
    <soap:binding style="document"
      transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
```

Deleted: Specification  
Deleted: 19 March

```

3053     <wsdl:operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
3054         <soap:operation soapAction="urn:GetLastTradePrice" style="document"/>
3055         <wsdl:input name="GetLastTradePrice">
3056             <soap:body use="literal"/>
3057         </wsdl:input>
3058         <wsdl:output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3059             <soap:body use="literal"/>
3060         </wsdl:output>
3061     </wsdl:operation>
3062 </binding>
3063
3064     <service name="StockQuoteService">
3065         <port name="StockQuotePort" binding="tns:StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
3066             <soap:address location="REPLACE_WITH_ACTUAL_URL"/>
3067         </port>
3068     </service>
3069 </definitions>

```

## 3070 C.1.4 @OneWay

3071 Annotation on a C function indicating that it represents a one-way request. The @OneWay annotation  
3072 also affects the service interface. See @OneWay.

3073

3074 **Corresponds to:** javax.jws.OneWay annotation in the JAX-WS specification (7.11.3)

3075

3076 **Format:**

```
3077 /* @OneWay */
```

3078

3079 **Applies to:** Function.

3080

3081 **Example:**

3082 **Input C header file:**

```

3083 /* @WebService(name="StockQuote", targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/",
3084 *             serviceName="StockQuoteService") */
3085
3086 /* @WebFunction(operationName="SetTradePrice",
3087 *             action="urn:SetTradePrice")
3088 * @OneWay */
3089 void setTradePrice(const char *tickerSymbol, float price);

```

3090

3091 **Generated WSDL file:**

```

3092 <definitions xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
3093             xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
3094             xmlns:sca-c="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901"
3095             xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
3096             targetNamespace="http://www.example.org">
3097
3098     <xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
3099             xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
3100             attributeFormDefault="unqualified"
3101             elementFormDefault="unqualified"
3102             targetNamespace="http://www.example.org">
3103         <xs:element name="SetTradePrice" type="tns:SetTradePrice"/>
3104         <xs:complexType name="SetTradePrice">
3105             <xs:sequence>
3106                 <xs:element name="tickerSymbol" type="xs:string"/>
3107                 <xs:element name="price" type="xs:float"/>

```

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```

3108     </xs:sequence>
3109   </xs:complexType>
3110 </xs:schema>
3111
3112 < message name="SetTradePrice">
3113   <part name="parameters" element="tns:SetTradePrice">
3114     </part>
3115 </message>
3116
3117 <portType name="StockQuote">
3118   <sca-c:bindings>
3119     <sca-c:prefix name="stockQuote"/>
3120   </sca-c:bindings>
3121   <operation name="SetTradePrice">
3122     <sca-c:bindings>
3123       <sca-c:function name="setTradePrice"/>
3124     </sca-c:bindings>
3125     <input name="SetTradePrice" message="tns:SetTradePrice">
3126       </input>
3127   </operation>
3128 </portType>
3129
3130 <binding name="StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
3131   <soap:binding style="document"
3132     transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
3133   <wsdl:operation name="SetTradePrice">
3134     <soap:operation soapAction="urn:SetTradePrice" style="document"/>
3135     <wsdl:input name="SetTradePrice">
3136       <soap:body use="literal"/>
3137     </wsdl:input>
3138   </wsdl:operation>
3139 </binding>
3140
3141 <service name="StockQuoteService">
3142   <port name="StockQuotePort" binding="tns:StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
3143     <soap:address location="REPLACE_WITH_ACTUAL_URL"/>
3144   </port>
3145 </service>
3146 </definitions>

```

### 3147 C.1.5 @WebParam

3148 Annotation on a C function indicating the mapping of a parameter to the associated input and output  
3149 WSDL messages. Or on a C struct indicating the mapping of a member to the associated WSDL  
3150 message.

3151

3152 **Corresponds to:** javax.jws.WebParam annotation in the JAX-WS specification (7.11.4)

3153

3154 **Format:**

```

3155 /* @WebParam(paramName="parameter", name="WSDLElement",
3156 *           targetNamespace="namespaceURI", mode="IN"|"OUT"|"INOUT",
3157 *           header="false", partName="WSDLPart", type="xsdType") */

```

3158 where:

- 3159 • **paramName : NCName (1..1)** – specifies the name of the parameter that this annotation applies to.  
3160 Only named parameters MAY be referenced by a @WebParam annotation. [CC0009]
- 3161 • **name : NCName (0..1)** – specifies the name of the associated WSDL part or element. The default  
3162 value is the name of the parameter. If an @WebParam annotation is not present, and the parameter  
3163 is unnamed, then a name of "argN", where N is an incrementing value from 1 indicating the position of  
3164 he parameter in the argument list, will be used.

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- 3165 • **targetNamespace** : *string (0..1)* – specifies the target namespace for the part. The default  
3166 namespace is the namespace of the associated @WebService. The targetNamespace attribute is  
3167 ignored unless the binding style is document, and the binding parameterStyle is bare. See  
3168 [@SOAPBinding](#).
- 3169 • **mode** : *token (0..1)* – specifies whether the parameter is associated with the input message, output  
3170 message, or both. The default value is determined by the passing mechanism for the parameter. See  
3171 [Method Parameters and Return Type](#).
- 3172 • **header** : *boolean (0..1)* – specifies whether this parameter is associated with a SOAP header  
3173 element. The default value is "false".
- 3174 • **partName** : *NCName (0..1)* – specifies the name of the WSDL part associated with this item. The  
3175 default value is the value of name.
- 3176 • **type** : *QName (0..1)* – specifies the XML Schema type of the WSDL part or element associated with  
3177 this parameter. [The value of the type property of a @WebParam annotation MUST be either one of](#)  
3178 [the simpleTypes defined in namespace](#)  
3179 <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema><http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema> or, if the type of the  
3180 parameter is a struct, the QName of a XSD complex type following the mapping specified in [Complex](#)  
3181 [Content Binding](#), [CC0006] The default type is determined by the mapping defined in [Data Binding](#).

Deleted: @SOAPBinding

Deleted: Method Parameters and Return Type

Deleted: NCName

Deleted: The value of the type property of a @WebParam annotation MUST be one of the simpleTypes defined in namespace http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema.

Deleted: Simple Content Binding

3183 **Applies to:** Function parameter or struct member.

3184 **Example:**

3185 Input C header file:

```
3187 /* @WebService (name="StockQuote", targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/",
3188 *      serviceName="StockQuoteService") */
3189
3190 /* @WebFunction (operationName="GetLastTradePrice",
3191 *      action="urn:GetLastTradePrice")
3192 * @WebParam (paramName="tickerSymbol", name="symbol", mode="IN") */
3193 float getLastTradePrice(char *tickerSymbol);
```

3194  
3195 Generated WSDL file:

```
3196 <definitions xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
3197     xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
3198     xmlns:sca-c="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901"
3199     xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
3200     targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">
3201
3202     <xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
3203         xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
3204         attributeFormDefault="unqualified"
3205         elementFormDefault="unqualified"
3206         targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">
3207         <xs:element name="GetLastTradePrice" type="tns:GetLastTradePrice"/>
3208         <xs:element name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
3209             type="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse"/>
3210         <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePrice">
3211             <xs:sequence>
3212                 <xs:element name="symbol" type="xs:string"/>
3213             </xs:sequence>
3214         </xs:complexType>
3215         <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3216             <xs:sequence>
3217                 <xs:element name="return" type="xs:float"/>
3218             </xs:sequence>
3219         </xs:complexType>
3220     </xs:schema>
```

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```

3221 < message name="GetLastTradePrice">
3222   <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
3223     </part>
3224   </message>
3225
3226 < message name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3227   <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3228     </part>
3229   </ message>
3230
3231 <portType name="StockQuote">
3232   <sca-c:bindings>
3233     <sca-c:prefix name="stockQuote"/>
3234   </sca-c:bindings>
3235   <operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
3236     <sca-c:bindings>
3237       <sca-c:function name="getLastTradePrice"/>
3238       <sca-c:parameter name="tickerSymbol"
3239         part="tns:GetLastTradePrice/parameter"
3240         childElementName="symbol"/>
3241     </sca-c:bindings>
3242     <input name="GetLastTradePrice" message="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
3243       </input>
3244     <output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
3245       message="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3246     </output>
3247   </operation>
3248 </portType>
3249
3250 <binding name="StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
3251   <soap:binding style="document"
3252     transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
3253   <wsdl:operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
3254     <soap:operation soapAction="urn:GetLastTradePrice" style="document"/>
3255     <wsdl:input name="GetLastTradePrice">
3256       <soap:body use="literal"/>
3257     </wsdl:input>
3258     <wsdl:output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3259       <soap:body use="literal"/>
3260     </wsdl:output>
3261   </wsdl:operation>
3262 </binding>
3263
3264 <service name="StockQuoteService">
3265   <port name="StockQuotePort" binding="tns:StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
3266     <soap:address location="REPLACE_WITH_ACTUAL_URL"/>
3267   </port>
3268 </service>
3269 </definitions>
3270

```

### 3271 **C.1.6 @WebResult**

3272 Annotation on a C function indicating the mapping of the function's return type to the associated output  
3273 WSDL message.

3274

3275 **Corresponds to:** javax.jws.WebResult annotation in the JAX-WS specification (7.11.5)

3276

3277 **Format:**

```

3278 /* @WebResult(name="WSDLElement", targetNamespace="namespaceURI",
3279 *             header=false, partName="WSDLPart", type="xsdType") */

```

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3280 where:

- 3281 • **name** : *NCName (0..1)* – specifies the name of the associated WSDL part or element. The default  
3282 value is "return".
- 3283 • **targetNamespace** : *string (0..1)* – specifies the target namespace for the part. The default  
3284 namespace is the namespace of the associated @WebService. The targetNamespace attribute is  
3285 ignored unless the binding style is document, and the binding parameterStyle is bare. (See  
3286 @SOAPBinding).
- 3287 • **header** : *boolean (0..1)* – specifies whether the result is associated with a SOAP header element.  
3288 The default value is "false".
- 3289 • **partName** : *NCName (0..1)* – specifies the name of the WSDL part associated with this item. The  
3290 default value is the value of name.
- 3291 • **type** : *NCName (0..1)* – specifies the XML Schema type of the WSDL part or element associated with  
3292 this parameter. The value of the type property of a @WebResult annotation MUST be one of the  
3293 simpleTypes defined in namespace http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema, [CC0007] The default type  
3294 is determined by the mapping defined in 11.3.1.

**Deleted:** The value of the type property of a @WebResult annotation MUST be one of the simpleTypes defined in namespace http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema.

3296 **Applies to:** Function.

3297

3298 **Example:**

3299 **Input C header file:**

```
3300 /* @WebService(name="StockQuote", targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/",  
3301 *      serviceName="StockQuoteService") */  
3302  
3303 /* @WebFunction(operationName="GetLastTradePrice",  
3304 *      action="urn:GetLastTradePrice")  
3305 * @WebResult(name="price") */  
3306 float getLastTradePrice(const char *tickerSymbol);  
3307
```

3307

3308 **Generated WSDL file:**

```
3309 <definitions xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"  
3310     xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"  
3311     xmlns:sca-c="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901"  
3312     xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"  
3313     targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">  
3314  
3315     <xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"  
3316         xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"  
3317         attributeFormDefault="unqualified"  
3318         elementFormDefault="unqualified"  
3319         targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">  
3320     <xs:element name="GetLastTradePrice" type="tns:GetLastTradePrice"/>  
3321     <xs:element name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"  
3322         type="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse"/>  
3323     <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePrice">  
3324         <xs:sequence>  
3325             <xs:element name="tickerSymbol" type="xs:string"/>  
3326         </xs:sequence>  
3327     </xs:complexType>  
3328     <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">  
3329         <xs:sequence>  
3330             <xs:element name="price" type="xs:float"/>  
3331         </xs:sequence>  
3332     </xs:complexType>  
3333 </xs:schema>  
3334  
3335     < message name="GetLastTradePrice">
```

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```

3336     <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
3337     </part>
3338 </message>
3339
3340 < message name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3341     <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3342     </part>
3343 </ message>
3344
3345 <portType name="StockQuote">
3346     <sca-c:bindings>
3347     <sca-c:prefix name="stockQuote"/>
3348 </sca-c:bindings>
3349     <operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
3350     <sca-c:bindings>
3351     <sca-c:function name="getLastTradePrice"/>
3352 </sca-c:bindings>
3353     <input name="GetLastTradePrice" message="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
3354     </input>
3355     <output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
3356     message="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3357     </output>
3358 </operation>
3359 </portType>
3360
3361 <binding name="StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
3362     <soap:binding style="document"
3363     transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
3364     <wsdl:operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
3365     <soap:operation soapAction="urn:GetLastTradePrice" style="document"/>
3366     <wsdl:input name="GetLastTradePrice">
3367     <soap:body use="literal"/>
3368 </wsdl:input>
3369     <wsdl:output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3370     <soap:body use="literal"/>
3371 </wsdl:output>
3372 </wsdl:operation>
3373 </binding>
3374
3375 <service name="StockQuoteService">
3376     <port name="StockQuotePort" binding="tns:StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
3377     <soap:address location="REPLACE_WITH_ACTUAL_URL"/>
3378 </port>
3379 </service>
3380 </definitions>

```

### 3381 C.1.7 @SOAPBinding

3382 Annotation on a C WebService or function specifying the mapping of the web service onto the SOAP  
3383 message protocol.

3384

3385 **Corresponds to:** javax.jws.SOAPBinding annotation in the JAX-WS specification (7.11.6)

3386

#### 3387 Format:

```

3388 /* @SOAPBinding(style="DOCUMENT"|"RPC", use="LITERAL"|"ENCODED",
3389 *               parameterStyle="BARE"|"WRAPPED") */

```

3390 where:

- 3391 • **style : token (0..1)** – specifies the WSDL binding style. The default value is “DOCUMENT”.
- 3392 • **use : token (0..1)** – specifies the WSDL binding use. The default value is “LITERAL”.

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3393 • **parameterStyle : token (0..1)** – specifies the WSDL parameter style. The default value is  
3394 “WRAPPED”.

3395

3396 **Applies to:** WebService, Function.

3397

3398 **Example:**

3399 **Input C header file:**

```
3400 /* @WebService(name="StockQuote", targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/",  
3401 *           serviceName="StockQuoteService") */  
3402 * @SOAPBinding(style="RPC") */  
3403 ...  
3404
```

3405

3406 **Generated WSDL file:**

```
3407 <definitions xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"  
3408             xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"  
3409             xmlns:sca-c="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901"  
3410             xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"  
3411             targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">  
3412  
3413     <portType name="StockQuote">  
3414         <sca-c:bindings>  
3415             <sca-c:prefix name="stockQuote"/>  
3416         </sca-c:bindings>  
3417     </portType>  
3418  
3419     <binding name="StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">  
3420         <soap:binding style="rpc"  
3421             transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>  
3422     </binding>  
3423  
3424     <service name="StockQuoteService">  
3425         <port name="StockQuotePort" binding="tns:StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">  
3426             <soap:address location="REPLACE_WITH_ACTUAL_URL"/>  
3427         </port>  
3428     </service>  
3429 </definitions>
```

### 3430 **C.1.8 @WebFault**

3431 Annotation on a C struct indicating that it format of a fault message.

3432

3433 **Corresponds to:** javax.xml.ws.WebFault annotation in the JAX-WS specification (7.2)

3434

3435 **Format:**

```
3436 /* @WebFault(name="WSDL_Element", targetNamespace="namespaceURI") */
```

3437 where:

- 3438 • **name : NCName (1..1)** – specifies the local name of the global element mapped to this fault.
- 3439 • **targetNamespace : string (0..1)** – specifies the namespace of the global element mapped to this  
3440 fault. The default namespace is determined by the implementation.

3441

3442 **Applies to:** struct.

3443

Deleted: Specification

Deleted: 19 March

3444 Example:

3445 Input C header file:

```
3446 /* @WebFault (name="UnknownSymbolFault",
3447 *      targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/")
3448 struct UnkSymMsg {
3449     char faultInfo[10];
3450 } unkSymInfo;
3451
3452 /* @WebService (name="StockQuote", targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/",
3453 *      serviceName="StockQuoteService") */
3454
3455 /* @WebFunction (operationName="GetLastTradePrice",
3456 *      action="urn:GetLastTradePrice")
3457 * @WebThrows (faults="unkSymMsg") */
3458 float getLastTradePrice(const char *tickerSymbol);
```

Deleted: Info

3459

3460 Generated WSDL file:

```
3461 <definitions xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
3462     xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
3463     xmlns:sca-c="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901"
3464     xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
3465     targetNamespace="http://www.example.org">
3466
3467     <xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
3468         xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
3469         attributeFormDefault="unqualified"
3470         elementFormDefault="unqualified"
3471         targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">
3472         <xs:element name="GetLastTradePrice" type="tns:GetLastTradePrice"/>
3473         <xs:element name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
3474             type="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse"/>
3475         <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePrice">
3476             <xs:sequence>
3477                 <xs:element name="tickerSymbol" type="xs:string"/>
3478             </xs:sequence>
3479         </xs:complexType>
3480         <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3481             <xs:sequence>
3482                 <xs:element name="return" type="xs:float"/>
3483             </xs:sequence>
3484         </xs:complexType>
3485         <xs:simpleType name="UnknownSymbolFaultType">
3486             <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
3487                 <xsd:maxLength value="9"/>
3488             </xs:restriction>
3489         </xs:simpleType>
3490         <xs:element name="UnknownSymbolFault" type="UnknownSymbolFaultType"/>
3491     </xs:schema>
3492
3493     <message name="GetLastTradePrice">
3494         <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
3495         </part>
3496     </message>
3497
3498     <message name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3499         <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3500         </part>
3501     </message>
3502
3503     <message name="UnknownSymbol">
3504         <sca-c:bindings>
3505             <sca-c:struct name="unkSymMsg"/>
```

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```

3506     </sca-c:bindings>
3507     <part name="parameters" element="tns:UnknownSymbolFault">
3508     </part>
3509 </message>
3510
3511 <portType name="StockQuote">
3512   <sca-c:bindings>
3513     <sca-c:prefix name="stockQuote"/>
3514   </sca-c:bindings>
3515   <operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
3516     <sca-c:bindings>
3517       <sca-c:function name="getLastTradePrice"/>
3518     </sca-c:bindings>
3519     <input name="GetLastTradePrice" message="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
3520     </input>
3521     <output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
3522       message="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3523     </output>
3524     <fault name="UnknownSymbol" message="tns:UnknownSymbol">
3525     </fault>
3526   </operation>
3527 </portType>
3528
3529 <binding name="StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
3530   <soap:binding style="document"
3531     transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
3532   <wsdl:operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
3533     <soap:operation soapAction="urn:GetLastTradePrice" style="document"/>
3534     <wsdl:input name="GetLastTradePrice">
3535       <soap:body use="literal"/>
3536     </wsdl:input>
3537     <wsdl:output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3538       <soap:body use="literal"/>
3539     </wsdl:output>
3540     <wsdl:fault>
3541       <soap:fault name="UnknownSymbol" use="literal"/>
3542     </wsdl:fault>
3543   </wsdl:operation>
3544 </binding>
3545
3546 <service name="StockQuoteService">
3547   <port name="StockQuotePort" binding="tns:StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
3548     <soap:address location="REPLACE_WITH_ACTUAL_URL"/>
3549   </port>
3550 </service>
3551 </definitions>

```

### 3552 C.1.9 @WebThrows

3553 Annotation on a C function or operation indicating which faults might be thrown by this function or  
 3554 operation.

3555

3556 **Corresponds to:** No equivalent in JAX-WS.

3557

3558 **Format:**

```
3559 /* @WebThrows (faults="faultMsg1" [, "faultMsgn"]*) */
```

3560 where:

- 3561 • **faults : NMTOKEN (1..n)** – specifies the names of all faults that might be thrown by this function or  
 3562 operation. The name of the fault is the name of its associated C struct name. A C struct that is listed  
 3563 in a @WebThrows annotation **MUST** itself have a @WebFault annotation. [CC0004]

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3564  
3565 **Applies to:** Function or Operation

3566  
3567 Example:

3568 | See [@WebFault](#),

**Deleted:** @WebFault

**Deleted:** Specification

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3569

## D C WSDL Mapping Extensions

3570 The following WSDL extensions are used to augment the conversion process from WSDL to C. All of  
3571 these extensions are defined in the namespace [http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-  
3573 cpp/c/200901](http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-<br/>3572 cpp/c/200901). For brevity, all definitions of these extensions will be fully qualified, and all references to  
3574 the "sca-c" prefix are associated with the namespace above. [If WSDL extensions are supported by an  
3575 implementation, all the extensions defined here MUST be supported and MUST be mapped to C as  
described, \[CD0001\]](#)

**Deleted:** If WSDL extensions are supported by an implementation, all the extensions defined here MUST be supported and MUST be mapped to C as described.

### 3576 D.1 <sca-c:bindings>

3577 <sca-c:bindings> is a container type which can be used as a WSDL extension. All other SCA wsdl  
3578 extensions will be specified as children of a <sca-c:bindings> element. An <sca-c:bindings> element can  
3579 be used as an extension to any WSDL type that accepts extensions.

### 3580 D.2 <sca-c:prefix>

3581 <sca-c:prefix> provides a mechanism for defining an alternate prefix for the functions or structs  
3582 implementing the operations of a portType.

#### 3584 Format:

```
3585 <sca-c:prefix name="portTypePrefix"/>
```

3586 where:

- 3587 • **prefix/@name : string (1..1)** – specifies the string to prepend to an operation name when generating  
3588 a C function or structure name.

#### 3590 Applicable WSDL element(s):

- 3591 • wsdl:portType

3592  
3593 A <sca-c:bindings/> element MUST NOT have more than one < sca-c:prefix/> child element. [CD0003]

3594  
3595 Example:

3596 Input WSDL file:

```
3597 <definitions xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"  
3598 xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"  
3599 xmlns:sca-c="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901"  
3600 xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"  
3601 targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">  
3602  
3603 <xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"  
3604 xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"  
3605 attributeFormDefault="unqualified"  
3606 elementFormDefault="unqualified"  
3607 targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">  
3608 <xs:element name="GetLastTradePrice" type="tns:GetLastTradePrice"/>  
3609 <xs:element name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"  
3610 type="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse"/>  
3611 <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePrice">  
3612 <xs:sequence>  
3613 <xs:element name="tickerSymbol" type="xs:string"/>  
3614 </xs:sequence>  
3615 </xs:complexType>
```

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```

3616     <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3617         <xs:sequence>
3618             <xs:element name="return" type="xs:float"/>
3619         </xs:sequence>
3620     </xs:complexType>
3621 </xs:schema>
3622
3623 < message name="GetLastTradePrice">
3624     <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
3625 </part>
3626 </message>
3627
3628 < message name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3629     <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3630 </part>
3631 </ message>
3632
3633 <portType name="StockQuote">
3634     <sca-c:bindings>
3635         <sca-c:prefix name="stockQuote"/>
3636     </sca-c:bindings>
3637     <operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
3638         <input name="GetLastTradePrice" message="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
3639 </input>
3640         <output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
3641             message="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3642 </output>
3643     </operation>
3644 </portType>
3645
3646 <binding name="StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
3647     <soap:binding style="document"
3648         transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
3649     <wsdl:operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
3650         <soap:operation soapAction="urn:GetLastTradePrice" style="document"/>
3651         <wsdl:input name="GetLastTradePrice">
3652             <soap:body use="literal"/>
3653 </wsdl:input>
3654         <wsdl:output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3655             <soap:body use="literal"/>
3656 </wsdl:output>
3657     </wsdl:operation>
3658 </binding>
3659
3660 <service name="StockQuoteService">
3661     <port name="StockQuotePort" binding="tns:StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
3662         <soap:address location="REPLACE_WITH_ACTUAL_URL"/>
3663 </port>
3664 </service>
3665 </definitions>

```

3666

Generated C header file:

```

3667
3668 /* @WebService(name="StockQuote", targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/",
3669 *             serviceName="StockQuoteService") */
3670
3671 /* @WebFunction(operationName="GetLastTradePrice",
3672 *             action="urn:GetLastTradePrice") */
3673 float stockQuoteGetLastTradePrice(const char *tickerSymbol);

```

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### 3674 D.3 <sca-c:enableWrapperStyle>

3675 <sca-c:enableWrapperStyle> indicates whether or not the wrapper style for messages is applied, when  
3676 otherwise applicable. If false, the wrapper style will never be applied.

3677

#### 3678 Format:

3679 `<sca-c:enableWrapperStyle>value</sca-c:enableWrapperStyle>`

3680 where:

- 3681 • **enableWrapperStyle(text) : boolean (1..1)** – specifies whether wrapper style is enabled or disabled  
3682 for this element and any of it's children. The default value is "true".

3683

#### 3684 Applicable WSDL element(s):

- 3685 • wsdl:definitions
- 3686 • wsdl:portType – overrides a binding applied to wsdl:definitions
- 3687 • wsdl:portType/wsdl:operation – overrides a binding applied to wsdl:definitions or the enclosing  
3688 wsdl:portType

3689

3690 A <sca-c:bindings/> element MUST NOT have more than one < sca-c:enableWrapperStyle/> child  
3691 element. [CD0004]

3692

#### 3693 Example:

3694 Input WSDL file:

```
3695 <definitions xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"  
3696   xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"  
3697   xmlns:sca-c="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901"  
3698   xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"  
3699   targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">  
3700  
3701   <xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"  
3702     xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"  
3703     attributeFormDefault="unqualified"  
3704     elementFormDefault="unqualified"  
3705     targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">  
3706     <xs:element name="GetLastTradePrice" type="tns:GetLastTradePrice"/>  
3707     <xs:element name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"  
3708       type="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse"/>  
3709     <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePrice">  
3710       <xs:sequence>  
3711         <xs:element name="tickerSymbol" type="xs:string"/>  
3712       </xs:sequence>  
3713     </xs:complexType>  
3714     <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">  
3715       <xs:sequence>  
3716         <xs:element name="return" type="xs:float"/>  
3717       </xs:sequence>  
3718     </xs:complexType>  
3719   </xs:schema>  
3720  
3721   < message name="GetLastTradePrice">  
3722     <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePrice">  
3723     </part>  
3724   </message>  
3725  
3726   < message name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">  
3727     <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
```

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Deleted: 19 March

3728  
3729  
3730  
3731  
3732  
3733  
3734  
3735  
3736  
3737  
3738  
3739  
3740  
3741  
3742  
3743  
3744  
3745  
3746  
3747

```
</part>
</ message>

<portType name="StockQuote">
  <sca-c:bindings>
    <sca-c:prefix name="stockQuote"/>
    <sca-c:enableWrapperStyle>false</sca-c:enableWrapperStyle>
  </sca-c:bindings>
  <operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
    <sca-c:bindings>
      <sca-c:function name="getLastTradePrice"/>
    </sca-c:bindings>
    <input name="GetLastTradePrice" message="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
    </input>
    <output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
      message="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
    </output>
  </operation>
</portType>
</definitions>
```

3748  
3749

Generated C header file:

3750  
3751  
3752  
3753  
3754  
3755

```
/* @WebService(name="StockQuote", targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/"
 *             serviceName="StockQuoteService") */

/* @WebFunction(operationName="GetLastTradePrice",
 *              action="urn:GetLastTradePrice") */
DATAOBJECT getLastTradePrice(DATAOBJECT parameters);
```

#### 3756 **D.4 <sca-c:function>**

3757 <sca-c:function> specifies the name of the C function that the associated WSDL operation is associated  
3758 with. If <sca-c:function> is used, the portType prefix, either default or a specified with <sca-c:prefix> is  
3759 not prepended to the function name.

3760

3761 **Format:**

```
3762 <sca-c:function name="myFunction"/>
```

3763 where:

- 3764 • **function/@name : NCName (1..1)** – specifies the name of the C function associated with this WSDL  
3765 operation.

3766

3767 **Applicable WSDL element(s):**

- 3768 • wsdl:portType/wsdl:operation

3769

3770 A <sca-c:bindings/> element MUST NOT have more than one < sca-c:function/> child element. [CD0005]

3771

3772 **Example:**

3773 **Input WSDL file:**

```
3774 <definitions xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
3775             xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
3776             xmlns:sca-c="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901"
3777             xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
3778             targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/"
3779             >
3780   <xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
```

Deleted: Specification  
Deleted: 19 March

```

3781     xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
3782     attributeFormDefault="unqualified"
3783     elementFormDefault="unqualified"
3784     targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">
3785     <xs:element name="GetLastTradePrice" type="tns:GetLastTradePrice"/>
3786     <xs:element name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
3787         type="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse"/>
3788     <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePrice">
3789         <xs:sequence>
3790             <xs:element name="tickerSymbol" type="xs:string"/>
3791         </xs:sequence>
3792     </xs:complexType>
3793     <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3794         <xs:sequence>
3795             <xs:element name="return" type="xs:float"/>
3796         </xs:sequence>
3797     </xs:complexType>
3798 </xs:schema>
3799
3800 < message name="GetLastTradePrice">
3801     <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
3802     </part>
3803 </message>
3804
3805 < message name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3806     <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3807     </part>
3808 </ message>
3809
3810 <portType name="StockQuote">
3811     <sca-c:bindings>
3812         <sca-c:prefix name="stockQuote"/>
3813     </sca-c:bindings>
3814     <operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
3815         <sca-c:bindings>
3816             <sca-c:function name="getTradePrice"/>
3817         </sca-c:bindings>
3818         <input name="GetLastTradePrice" message="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
3819         </input>
3820         <output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
3821             message="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3822         </output>
3823     </operation>
3824 </portType>
3825 </definitions>

```

3826

3827 **Generated C header file:**

```

3828 /* @WebService(name="StockQuote", targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/"
3829 *     serviceName="StockQuoteService") */
3830
3831 /* @WebFunction(operationName="GetLastTradePrice",
3832 *     action="urn:GetLastTradePrice") */
3833 float getTradePrice(const wchar_t *tickerSymbol);

```

## 3834 **D.5 <sca-c:struct>**

3835 <sca-c:struct> specifies the name of the C struct that the associated WSDL message is associated with. If  
3836 <sca-c:struct> is used for an operation request or response message, the portType prefix, either default  
3837 or a specified with <sca-c:prefix> is not prepended to the struct name.

3838

3839

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**Deleted:** 19 March

3840 **Format:**

3841 `<sca-c:struct name="myStruct"/>`

3842 where:

- 3843 • **struct@name : NCName (1..1)** – specifies the name of the C struct associated with this WSDL  
3844 message.

3845

3846 **Applicable WSDL element(s):**

- 3847 • wsdl:message

3848

3849 A `<sca-c:bindings/>` element MUST NOT have more than one `< sca-c:struct/>` child element. [CD0006]

3850

3851 Example:

3852 Input WSDL file:

```
3853 <definitions xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
3854             xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
3855             xmlns:sca-c="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901"
3856             xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
3857             targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/"
3858
3859             <xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
3860                       xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
3861                       attributeFormDefault="unqualified"
3862                       elementFormDefault="unqualified"
3863                       targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/"
3864                       <xs:element name="GetLastTradePrice" type="tns:GetLastTradePrice"/>
3865                       <xs:element name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
3866                               type="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse"/>
3867                       <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePrice">
3868                         <xs:sequence>
3869                           <xs:element name="tickerSymbol" type="xs:string"/>
3870                         </xs:sequence>
3871                       </xs:complexType>
3872                       <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3873                         <xs:sequence>
3874                           <xs:element name="return" type="xs:float"/>
3875                         </xs:sequence>
3876                       </xs:complexType>
3877                     </xs:schema>
3878
3879             < message name="GetLastTradePrice">
3880               <sca-c:bindings>
3881                 <sca-c:struct name="getTradePrice"/>
3882               </sca-c:bindings>
3883               <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
3884                 </part>
3885             </message>
3886
3887             < message name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3888               <sca-c:bindings>
3889                 <sca-c:struct name="getTradePriceResponse"/>
3890               </sca-c:bindings>
3891               <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3892                 </part>
3893             </ message>
3894
3895             <portType name="StockQuote">
3896               <sca-c:bindings>
3897                 <sca-c:prefix name="stockQuote"/>
```

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```

3898 </sca-c:bindings>
3899 <operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
3900 <input name="GetLastTradePrice" message="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
3901 </input>
3902 <output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
3903 message="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
3904 </output>
3905 </operation>
3906 </portType>
3907 </definitions>

```

3908  
3909 **Generated C header file:**

```

3910 /* @WebService(name="StockQuote", targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/"
3911 * serviceName="StockQuoteService") */
3912
3913 /* @WebOperation(operationName="GetLastTradePrice",
3914 * response="getLastTradePriseResponse"
3915 * action="urn:GetLastTradePrice") */
3916 struct getLastTradePrice {
3917     wchar_t *tickerSymbol; /* Since the length of the element is not
3918 * restricted, a pointer is returned with the
3919 * actual value held by the SCA runtime. */
3920 };
3921
3922 struct getLastTradePriceResponse {
3923     float return;
3924 };

```

## 3925 **D.6 <sca-c:parameter>**

3926 <sca-c:parameter> specifies the name of the C function parameter or struct member associated with a  
3927 specific WSDL message part or wrapper child element.

3928  
3929 **Format:**

```

3930 <sca-c:parameter name="CParameter" part="WSDLPart"
3931 childElementName="WSDLElement" type="CType"/>

```

3932 where:

- 3933 • **parameter/@name : NCName (1..1)** – specifies the name of the C function parameter or struct  
3934 member associated with this WSDL operation part or wrapper child element. “return” is used to  
3935 denote the return value.
- 3936 • **parameter/@part : string (1..1)** - an XPath expression identifying the wsdl:part of a wsdl:message.
- 3937 • **parameter/@childElementName : QName (1..1)** – specifies the qualified name of a child element of  
3938 the global element identified by parameter/@part.
- 3939 • **parameter/@type : string (0..1)** – specifies the type of the parameter or struct member or return  
3940 type. The @type attribute of a <parameter/> element MUST be either a C type specified in Simple  
3941 Content Binding or, if the message part has complex content, a struct following the mapping specified  
3942 in Complex Content Binding, [CD0002] The default type is determined by the mapping defined in  
3943 Data Binding.

Deleted: NCName

Deleted: The @type attribute of a  
<parameter/> element MUST be a  
valid C type.

Deleted: Data Binding

3944  
3945 **Applicable WSDL element(s):**

- 3946 • wsdl:portType/wsdl:operation

3947  
3948  
3949 **Example:**

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Input WSDL file:

```
<definitions xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
  xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
  xmlns:sca-c="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901"
  xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
  targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">

  <xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
    xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/"
    attributeFormDefault="unqualified"
    elementFormDefault="unqualified"
    targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/">
    <xs:element name="GetLastTradePrice" type="tns:GetLastTradePrice"/>
    <xs:element name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
      type="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse"/>
    <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePrice">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="symbol" type="xs:string"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
    <xs:complexType name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="return" type="xs:float"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
  </xs:schema>

  < message name="GetLastTradePrice">
    <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
    </part>
  </message>

  < message name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
    <part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
    </part>
  </ message>

  <portType name="StockQuote">
    <sca-c:bindings>
      <sca-c:prefix name="stockQuote"/>
    </sca-c:bindings>
    <operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
      <sca-c:bindings>
        <sca-c:function name="getLastTradePrice"/>
        <sca-c:parameter name="tickerSymbol"
          part="tns:GetLastTradePrice/parameter"
          childElementName="symbol"/>
      </sca-c:bindings>
      <input name="GetLastTradePrice" message="tns:GetLastTradePrice">
      </input>
      <output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse"
        message="tns:GetLastTradePriceResponse">
      </output>
    </operation>
  </portType>

  <binding name="StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
    <soap:binding style="document"
      transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
    <wsdl:operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
      <soap:operation soapAction="urn:GetLastTradePrice" style="document"/>
      <wsdl:input name="GetLastTradePrice">
        <soap:body use="literal"/>
      </wsdl:input>
    </wsdl:operation>
  </binding>
</definitions>
```

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```

4014     <wsdl:output name="GetLastTradePriceResponse">
4015         <soap:body use="literal"/>
4016     </wsdl:output>
4017 </wsdl:operation>
4018 </binding>
4019
4020 <service name="StockQuoteService">
4021     <port name="StockQuotePort" binding="tns:StockQuoteServiceSoapBinding">
4022         <soap:address location="REPLACE_WITH_ACTUAL_URL"/>
4023     </port>
4024 </service>
4025 </definitions>

```

4026

Generated C header file:

```

4027
4028 /* @WebService(name="StockQuote", targetNamespace="http://www.example.org/",
4029 *             serviceName="StockQuoteService") */
4030
4031 /* @WebFunction(operationName="GetLastTradePrice",
4032 *              action="urn:GetLastTradePrice")
4033 * @WebParam(paramName="tickerSymbol", name="symbol") */
4034 float getLastTradePrice(const wchar_t *tickerSymbol);

```

## 4035 D.7 JAX-WS WSDL Extensions

4036 An SCA implementation MAY support the reading and interpretation of JAX-WS defined WSDL  
4037 extensions; however it MUST give precedence to the corresponding SCA WSDL extension if present.  
4038 Table 3 is a list of JAX-WS WSDL extensions that MAY be interpreted, and their corresponding SCA  
4039 WSDL extension. [CD0007]

4040

JAX-WS Extension	SCA Extension
jaxws:bindings	sca-c:bindings
jaxws:class	sca-c:prefix
jaxws:method	sca-c:function
jaxws:parameter	sca-c:parameter
jaxws:enableWrapperStyle	sca-c:enableWrapperStyle

**Deleted:** An SCA implementation MAY support the reading and interpretation of JAX-WS defined WSDL extensions; however it MUST give precedence to the corresponding SCA WSDL extension if present.

**Deleted:** The following is a list of JAX-WS WSDL extensions that MAY be recognized, and their corresponding SCA WSDL extension.

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4041 Table 3: Allowed JAX-WS Extensions

## 4042 D.8 WSDL Extensions Schema

```

4043 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
4044 <schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
4045         targetNamespace="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901"
4046         xmlns:sca-c="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901"
4047         xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
4048         elementFormDefault="qualified">
4049
4050     <element name="bindings" type="sca-c:BindingsType" />
4051     <complexType name="BindingsType">
4052         <choice minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
4053             <element ref="sca-c:prefix" />
4054             <element ref="sca-c:enableWrapperStyle" />
4055             <element ref="sca-c:function" />
4056             <element ref="sca-c:struct" />
4057             <element ref="sca-c:parameter" />

```

**Deleted:** The XML schema pointed to by the RDDL document at the SCA C namespace URI, defined by this specification, is considered to be authoritative and takes precedence over the XML schema in this appendix.¶

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```
</choice>
</complexType>

<element name="prefix" type="sca-c:PrefixType" />
<complexType name="PrefixType">
  <attribute name="name" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
</complexType>

<element name="function" type="sca-c:FunctionType" />
<complexType name="FunctionType">
  <attribute name="name" type="xsd:NCName" use="required" />
</complexType>

<element name="struct" type="sca-c:StructType" />
<complexType name="StructType">
  <attribute name="name" type="xsd:NCName" use="required" />
</complexType>

<element name="parameter" type="sca-c:ParameterType" />
<complexType name="ParameterType">
  <attribute name="part" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
  <attribute name="childElementName" type="xsd:QName" use="required" />
  <attribute name="name" type="xsd:NCName" use="required" />
  <attribute name="type" type="xsd:string" use="optional" />
</complexType>

<element name="enableWrapperStyle" type="xsd:boolean" />
</schema>
```



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## E XML Schemas

4088

### E.1 ~~sca-interface-c-1.1.xsd~~

4089

```

4090 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
4091 <schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
4092   targetNamespace="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903"
4093   xmlns:sca="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903"
4094   elementFormDefault="qualified">
4095
4096   <include schemaLocation="sca-core.xsd"/>
4097
4098   <element name="interface.c" type="sca:CInterface"
4099     substitutionGroup="sca:interface"/>
4100
4101   <complexType name="CInterface">
4102     <complexContent>
4103       <extension base="sca:Interface">
4104         <sequence>
4105           <element name="function" type="sca:CFunction"
4106             minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
4107           <element name="callbackFunction" type="sca:CFunction"
4108             minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
4109           <any namespace="##other" processContents="lax"
4110             minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
4111         </sequence>
4112         <attribute name="header" type="string" use="required"/>
4113         <attribute name="callbackHeader" type="string" use="optional"/>
4114         <anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
4115       </extension>
4116     </complexContent>
4117   </complexType>
4118
4119   <complexType name="CFunction">
4120     <attribute name="name" type="NCName" use="required"/>
4121     <attribute name="requires" type="sca:listOfQNames" use="optional"/>
4122     <attribute name="policySets" type="sca:listOfQNames" use="optional"/>
4123     <attribute name="oneWay" type="boolean" use="optional"/>
4124     <attribute name="input" type="NCName" use="optional"/>
4125     <attribute name="output" type="NCName" use="optional"/>
4126     <anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
4127   </complexType>
4128 </schema>

```

**Deleted:** Three XML schemas are defined to support the use of C for implementation and definition of interfaces. ¶

¶ The XML schema pointed to by the RDDL document at the SCA namespace URI, defined by the Assembly specification [ASSEMBLY] and extended by this specification, are considered to be authoritative and take precedence over the XML schema in this appendix.¶

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### E.2 ~~sca-implementation-c-1.1.xsd~~

4130

```

4131 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
4132 <schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
4133   targetNamespace="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903"
4134   xmlns:sca="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903"
4135   elementFormDefault="qualified">
4136
4137   <include schemaLocation="sca-core.xsd"/>
4138
4139   <element name="implementation.c" type="sca:CImplementation"
4140     substitutionGroup="sca:implementation" />
4141
4142   <complexType name="CImplementation">
4143     <complexContent>
4144       <extension base="sca:Implementation">

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4144     <sequence>
4145         <element name="operation" type="sca:CImplementationFunction"
4146             minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
4147         <any namespace="##other" processContents="lax"
4148             minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
4149     </sequence>
4150     <attribute name="module" type="NCName" use="required"/>
4151     <attribute name="path" type="string" use="optional"/>
4152     <attribute name="library" type="boolean" use="optional"/>
4153     <attribute name="componentType" type="string" use="required"/>
4154     <attribute name="scope" type="sca:CImplementationScope"
4155         use="optional"/>
4156     <attribute name="eagerInit" type="boolean" use="optional"/>
4157     <attribute name="init" type="boolean" use="optional"/>
4158     <attribute name="destroy" type="boolean" use="optional"/>
4159     <attribute name="allowsPassByReference" type="boolean"
4160         use="optional"/>
4161     <anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
4162 </extension>
4163 </complexContent>
4164 </complexType>
4165
4166 <simpleType name="CImplementationScope">
4167     <restriction base="string">
4168         <enumeration value="stateless"/>
4169         <enumeration value="composite"/>
4170     </restriction>
4171 </simpleType>
4172
4173 <complexType name="CImplementationFunction">
4174     <attribute name="name" type="NCName" use="required"/>
4175     <attribute name="requires" type="sca:listOfQNames" use="optional"/>
4176     <attribute name="policySets" type="sca:listOfQNames" use="optional"/>
4177     <attribute name="allowsPassByReference" type="boolean"
4178         use="optional"/>
4179     <attribute name="init" type="boolean" use="optional"/>
4180     <attribute name="destroy" type="boolean" use="optional"/>
4181     <anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
4182 </complexType>
4183
4184 </schema>

```

### 4185 E.3 sca-contribution-c-1.1.xsd

```

4186 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
4187 <schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
4188     targetNamespace="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903"
4189     xmlns:sca="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200903"
4190     elementFormDefault="qualified">
4191
4192     <include schemaLocation="sca-contributions.xsd"/>
4193
4194     <element name="export.c" type="sca:CExport"
4195         substitutionGroup="sca:Export"/>
4196
4197     <complexType name="CExport">
4198         <complexContent>
4199             <attribute name="name" type="QName" use="required"/>
4200             <attribute name="path" type="string" use="optional"/>
4201         </complexContent>
4202     </complexType>
4203
4204     <element name="import.c" type="sca:CImport"
4205         substitutionGroup="sca:Import"/>

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```
<complexType name="CImport">  
  <complexContent>  
    <attribute name="name" type="QName" use="required"/>  
    <attribute name="location" type="string" use="required"/>  
  </complexContent>  
</complexType>  
</schema>
```

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## F Conformance Points

4216

This section contains a list of conformance items for [this](#) specification.

Conformance ID	Description
[C20001]	A C implementation MUST implement all of the operation(s) of the service interface(s) of its componentType.
[C20003]	An SCA runtime MUST support these scopes; <b>stateless</b> and <b>composite</b> . Additional scopes MAY be provided by SCA runtimes.
[C20004]	A C implementation MUST only designate functions with no arguments and a void return type as lifecycle functions.
[C20006]	If the header file identified by the @header attribute of an <interface.c/> element contains function declarations that are not operations of the interface, then the functions that define operations of the interface MUST be identified using <function/> child elements of the <interface.c/> element.
[C20007]	If the header file identified by the @callbackHeader attribute of an <interface.c/> element contains function declarations that are not operations of the callback interface, then the functions that define operations of the callback interface MUST be identified using <callbackFunction/> child elements of the <interface.c/> element.
[C20008]	If the header file identified by the @header or @callbackHeader attribute of an <interface.c/> element defines the operations of the interface (callback interface) using message formats, then all functions of the interface (callback interface) MUST be identified using <function/> (<callbackFunction/>) child elements of the <interface.c/> element.
[C20009]	The @name attribute of a <function/> child element of a <interface.c/> MUST be unique amongst the <function/> elements of that <interface.c/>.
[C20010]	The @name attribute of a <callbackFunction/> child element of a <interface.c/> MUST be unique amongst the <callbackFunction/> elements of that <interface.c/>.
[C20011]	If the header file identified by the @header or @callbackHeader attribute of an <interface.c/> element defines the operations of the interface (callback interface) using message formats, then the struct defining the input message format MUST be identified using an @input attribute.
[C20012]	If the header file identified by the @header or @callbackHeader attribute of an <interface.c/> element defines the operations of the interface (callback interface) using message formats, then the struct defining the output message format MUST be identified using an @output attribute.
[C20013]	The @name attribute of a <function/> child element of a <implementation.c/> MUST be unique amongst the <function/> elements of that <implementation.c/>.
[C20014]	An SCA runtime MUST ensure that a stateless scoped implementation instance object is only ever dispatched on one thread at any one time. In addition, within the SCA lifecycle of an instance, an SCA runtime MUST only make a single invocation of one business function.
[C20015]	An SCA runtime MAY run multiple threads in a single composite scoped implementation instance object and it MUST NOT perform any synchronization.

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Conformance ID	Description
[C20016]	The SCA runtime MAY use by-reference semantics when passing input parameters, return values or exceptions on calls to remotable services within the same system address space if both the service function implementation and the client are marked "allows pass by reference".
[C20017]	The SCA runtime MUST use by-value semantics when passing input parameters, return values and exceptions on calls to remotable services within the same system address space if the service function implementation is not marked "allows pass by reference" or the client is not marked "allows pass by reference".
[C30001]	An SCA implementation MAY support proxy functions.
[C40001]	An operation marked as oneWay is considered non-blocking and the SCA runtime MAY use a binding that buffers the requests to the function and sends them at some time after they are made.
[C50001]	Vendor defined reason codes SHOULD start at 101.
[C60002]	An SCA runtime MAY additionally provide a DataObject variant of this API for handling properties with complex XML types. The type of the value parameter in this variant is DATAOBJECT.
[C60003]	A SCA runtime MAY provide the functions <code>SCAService()</code> , <code>SCAOperation()</code> , <code>SCAMessageIn()</code> and <code>SCAMessageOut()</code> to support C implementations in programs.
[C70001]	The <code>@name</code> attribute of a <code>&lt;export.c/&gt;</code> element MUST be unique amongst the <code>&lt;export.c/&gt;</code> elements in a domain.
[C70002]	The <code>@name</code> attribute of a <code>&lt;import.c/&gt;</code> child element of a <code>&lt;contribution/&gt;</code> MUST be unique amongst the <code>&lt;import.c/&gt;</code> elements in of that contribution.
[C80001]	The return type and types of the parameters of a function of a local service interface MUST be one of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Any fundamental or compound types as defined by C.</li> </ul>
[C80002]	The return type and types of the parameters of a function of a remotable service interface MUST be one of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Any of the C types specified in Simple Content Binding and Complex Content Binding. These types may be passed by-value or by-pointer. Unless the function and client indicate that they allow by-reference semantics (see <code>AllowsPassByReference</code>), a copy will be explicitly created by the runtime for any parameters passed by-pointer.</li> <li>An SDO <code>DATAOBJECT</code>. This type may be passed by-value or by-pointer. Unless the function and client indicate that they allow by-reference semantics (see <code>AllowsPassByReference</code>), a deep-copy of the <code>DATAOBJECT</code> will be created by the runtime for any parameters passed by-value or by-pointer. When by-reference semantics are allowed, the <code>DATAOBJECT</code> handle will be passed.</li> </ul>
[C90001]	A C header file used to define an interface MUST: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Declare at least one function or message format struct</li> </ul>
[C90002]	A C header file used to define an interface MUST NOT use the following constructs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Macros</li> </ul>

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 <#>Pointers to any of the C primitive types (for example, int \*, short \*, char \*).¶  
 DATAOBJECT. An SDO handle

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Conformance ID	Description	
[C100001]	In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation SHOULD map each portType to separate header file. An SCA implementation MAY use any sca-c:prefix binding declarations to control this mapping.	Formatted Table Deleted: [C100001]
[C100002]	For components implemented in libraries, in the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST concatenate the portType name, with the first character converted to lower case, and the operation name, with the first character converted to upper case, to form the function.	Deleted: [C100002]
[C100003]	In the absence of any customizations for a WSDL operation that does not meet the requirements for the wrapped style, the name of a mapped function parameter or struct member MUST be the value of the name attribute of the wsdl:part element with the first character converted to lower case.	Deleted: [C100003]
[C100004]	In the absence of any customizations for a WSDL operation that meets the requirements for the wrapped style, the name of a mapped function parameter or struct member MUST be the value of the local name of the wrapper child with the first character converted to lower case.	Deleted: [C100004]
[C100005]	For components implemented in a program, in the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST concatenate the portType name, with the first character converted to lower case, and the operation name, with the first character converted to upper case, to form the request struct name. Additionally an SCA implementation MUST append "Response" to the request struct name to form the response struct name.	Deleted: [C100005]
[C100006]	In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the name of the message element referred to by a fault element to name of the struct describing the fault message content. If necessary, to avoid name collisions, an implementation MAY append "Fault" to the name of the message element when mapping to the struct name.	Deleted: [C100006]
[C100007]	An SCA implementation SHOULD provide a default namespace mapping and this mapping SHOULD be configurable.	Deleted: [C100007]
[C100008]	In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the header file name to the portType name. An implementation MAY append "PortType" to the header file name in the mapping to the portType name.	Deleted: [C100008]
[C100009]	In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the function name to the operation name, stripping the portType name, if present and any namespace prefix from the front of function name before mapping it to the operation name.	Deleted: [C100009] Formatted: Pattern: Clear (Light Green) Deleted: present, Deleted: from the function name
[C100010]	In the absence of customizations, a struct with a name that does not end in "Response" or "Fault" is considered to be a request message struct and an SCA implementation MUST map the struct name to the operation name, stripping the portType name, if present, and any namespace prefix from the front of the struct name before mapping it to the operation name.	Deleted: [C100010]
[C100011]	In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the parameter name, if present, to the part or global element component name. If the parameter does not have a name the SCA implementation MUST use argN as the part or global element child name.	Deleted: [C100011]
[C100012]	In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the return type to a part or global element child named "return".	Deleted: [C100012] Deleted: Specification Deleted: 19 March

Conformance ID	Description
[C100013]	Program based implementation SHOULD use the Document-Literal style and encoding.
[C100014]	In the absence of customizations, an SCA implementation MUST map the struct member name to the part or global element child name.
[C100015]	An SCA implementation MUST ensure that <b>in/out</b> parameters have the same type in the request and response structs.
[C100016]	An SCA implementation MUST support mapping message parts or global elements with complex types and <b>parameters</b> , return types, and struct members with a type defined by a <b>struct</b> . The mapping from WSDL MAY be to DataObjects and/or structs. The mapping to and from structs MUST follow the rules defined in <b>WSDL to C Mapping Details</b> .
[C100017]	An SCA implementation MUST map: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a function's return value as an <b>out</b> parameter.</li> <li>by-value and const parameters as <b>in</b> parameters.</li> <li>in the absence of customizations, pointer parameters as <b>in/out</b> parameters.</li> </ul>
[C100019]	For library-based service implementations, an SCA implementation MUST map <b>In</b> parameters as pass by-value and <b>In/Out</b> and <b>Out</b> parameters as pass via pointers.
[C100020]	For program-based service implementations, an SCA implementation MUST map all values in the input message as pass by-value and the updated values for <b>In/Out</b> parameters and all <b>Out</b> parameters in the response message as pass by-value.
[C100021]	An SCA implementation MUST map simple types as defined in Table 1 and Table 2 by default.
[C100022]	An SCA implementation MAY map boolean to <b>_Bool</b> by default.
[C110001]	An SCA implementation MUST reject a composite file that does not conform to <a href="http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-interface-c-1.1.xsd">http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-interface-c-1.1.xsd</a> or <a href="http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-implementation-c-1.1.xsd">http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-implementation-c-1.1.xsd</a> .
[C110002]	An SCA implementation MUST reject a componentType or constraining type file that does not conform to <a href="http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-interface-c-1.1.xsd">http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-interface-c-1.1.xsd</a> .
[C110003]	An SCA implementation MUST reject a contribution file that does not conform to <a href="http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-contribution-c-1.1.xsd">http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca/200903/sca-contribution-c-1.1.xsd</a> .
[C110004]	An SCA implementation MUST reject a WSDL file that does not conform to <a href="http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901/sca-wsdlex-c-1.1.xsd">http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca-c-cpp/c/200901/sca-wsdlex-c-1.1.xsd</a> .

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## F.1 Annotation Conformance Points

This section contains a list of conformance points related to source file annotations for this specification.

Conformance ID	Description
[CA0001]	If SCA annotations are supported by an implementation, the annotations defined here MUST be supported and MUST be mapped to SCDL as described. The SCA runtime MUST only process the SCDL files and not the annotations.

<b>Conformance ID</b>	<b>Description</b>
[CA0002]	If multiple annotations apply to a program element, all of the annotations SHOULD be in the same comment block.
[CA0003]	An SCA implementation MUST treat a file with a @WebService annotation specified as if @Interface was specified with the name value of the @WebService annotation used as the name value of the @Interface annotation.
[CA0004]	An SCA implementation MUST treat a function with a @WebFunction annotation specified, unless the exclude value of the @WebFunction annotation is true, as if @Operation was specified with the operationName value of the @WebFunction annotation used as the name value of the @Operation annotation.
[CA0005]	An SCA implementation MUST treat a struct with a @WebOperation annotation specified, unless the exclude value of the @WebOperation annotation is true, as if @Operation was specified with the struct as the input value, the operationName value of the @WebOperation annotation used as the name value of the @Operation annotation and the response value of the @WebOperation annotation used as the output values of the @Operation annotation.
[CA0006]	While annotations are defined using the /* ... */ format for comments, if the // ... format is supported by a C compiler, the // ... format MAY be supported by an SCA implementation annotation processor.
[CC0001]	An SCA implementation MUST treat any instance of a @Interface annotation and without an explicit @WebService annotation as if a @WebService annotation with a name value equal to the name value of the @Interface annotation and no other parameters was specified.
[CC0002]	An SCA implementation MUST treat a function annotated with an @Operation annotation and without an explicit @WebFunction annotation as if a @WebFunction annotation with with an operationName value equal to the name value of the @Operation annotation and no other parameters was specified.
[CC0003]	An SCA implementation MUST treat an @Operation annotation without an explicit @WebOperation annotation as if a @WebOperation annotation with with an operationName value equal to the name value of the @Operation annotation, a response value equal to the output value of the @Operation annotation and no other parameters was specified is applied to the struct identified as the input value of the @Operation annotation.
[CC0004]	A C struct that is listed in a @WebThrows annotation MUST itself have a @WebFault annotation.
[CC0005]	If WSDL mapping annotations are supported by an implementation, the annotations defined here MUST be supported and MUST be mapped to WSDL as described.
[CC0006]	The value of the type property of a @WebParam annotation MUST be either one of the simpleTypes defined in namespace <a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema</a> or, if the type of the parameter is a struct, the QName of a XSD complex type following the mapping specified in Complex Content Binding.
[CC0007]	The value of the type property of a @WebResult annotation MUST be one of the simpleTypes defined in namespace <a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema</a> .
[CC0008]	If a @WebService does not have a portName element, an SCA implementation MUST use the value associated with the name element, suffixed with "Port".

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Conformance ID	Description
[CC0009]	Only named parameters MAY be referenced by a @WebParam annotation.

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## F.2 WSDL Extension Conformance Points

This section contains a list of conformance points related to WSDL extensions for this specification.

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Conformance ID	Description
[CD0001]	If WSDL extensions are supported by an implementation, all the extensions defined here MUST be supported and MUST be mapped to C as described.
[CD0002]	The @type attribute of a <parameter/> element MUST be either a C type specified in Simple Content Binding or, if the message part has complex content, a struct following the mapping specified in Complex Content Binding.
[CD0003]	A <sca-c:bindings/> element MUST NOT have more than one < sca-c:prefix/> child element.
[CD0004]	A <sca-c:bindings/> element MUST NOT have more than one < sca-c:enableWrapperStyle/> child element.
[CD0005]	A <sca-c:bindings/> element MUST NOT have more than one < sca-c:function/> child element.
[CD0006]	A <sca-c:bindings/> element MUST NOT have more than one < sca-c:struct/> child element.
[CD0007]	An SCA implementation MAY support the reading and interpretation of JAX-WS defined WSDL extensions; however it MUST give precedence to the corresponding SCA WSDL extension if present. Table 3 is a list of JAX-WS WSDL extensions that MAY be interpreted, and their corresponding SCA WSDL extension.

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## F.3 JAX-WS Conformance Points

The JAX-WS 2.1 specification [JAXWS21] defines conformance points for various requirements defined by that specification. The following table outlines those conformance points, which apply to the WSDL mapping described in this specification.

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Section	Conformance Point	Notes	Conformance ID
2	WSDL 1.1 support	[A]	[CF0001]
2	Customization required	[CD0001] The reference to the JAX-WS binding language <u>is</u> treated as a reference to the C WSDL extensions defined in <u>C WSDL Mapping Extensions</u> .	
2	Annotations on generated classes		[CF0002]
2.1	WSDL and XML Schema import directives		[CF0003]
2.1.1	Optional WSDL extensions		[CF0004]
2.2	SEI naming	[C100001]	

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Section	Conformance Point	Notes	Conformance ID
2.2	javax.jws.WebService required	[B] References to javax.jws.WebService in the conformance statement are treated as the C annotation @WebService.	[CF0005]
2.3	Method naming	<del>[C100002]</del> and <del>[C100005]</del>	
2.3	javax.jws.WebMethod required	[A], [B] References to javax.jws.WebMethod in the conformance statement are treated as the C annotation @WebFunction or @WebOperation.	[CF0006]
2.3	Transmission primitive support		[CF0007]
2.3	Using javax.jws.OneWay	[A], [B] References to javax.jws.OneWay in the conformance statement are treated as the C annotation @OneWay.	[CF0008]
2.3.1	Using javax.jws.SOAPBinding	[A], [B] References to javax.jws.SOAPBinding in the conformance statement are treated as the C annotation @SOAPBinding.	[CF0009]
2.3.1	Using javax.jws.WebParam	[A], [B] References to javax.jws.WebParam in the conformance statement are treated as the C annotation @WebParam.	[CF0010]
2.3.1	Using javax.jws.WebResult	[A], [B] References to javax.jws.WebResult in the conformance statement are treated as the C annotation @WebResult.	[CF0011]
2.3.1.1	Non-wrapped parameter naming	<del>[C100003]</del>	
2.3.1.2	Default mapping mode		[CF0012]
2.3.1.2	Disabling wrapper style	[B] References to jaxws:enableWrapperStyle in the conformance statement are treated as the C annotation sca:enableWrapperStyle.	[CF0013]
2.3.1.2	Wrapped parameter naming	<del>[C100004]</del>	
2.3.1.2	Parameter name clash	[A]	[CF0014]

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Section	Conformance Point	Notes	Conformance ID
2.5	javax.xml.ws.WebFault required	[B] References to javax.jws.WebFault in the conformance statement are treated as the C annotation @WebFault.	[CF0015]
2.5	Exception naming	[C100006]	
2.5	Fault equivalence	[A] References to fault exception classes are treated as references to fault message structs.	[CF0016]
2.6	Required WSDL extensions	MIME Binding not necessary	[CF0018]
2.6.1	Unbound message parts	[A]	[CF0019]
2.6.2.1	Duplicate headers in binding		[CF0020]
2.6.2.1	Duplicate headers in message		[CF0021]
3	WSDL 1.1 support	[A]	[CF0022]
3	Standard annotations	[A] [CC0005]	
3.1	Java identifier mapping	[A]	[CF0023]
3.2	WSDL and XML Schema import directives		[CF0024]
3.4	portType naming	[C100008]	
3.5	Operation naming	[C100009] and [C100010]	
3.5.1	One-way mapping	[B] References to javax.jws.OneWay in the conformance statement are treated as the C annotation @OneWay.	[CF0025]
3.5.1	One-way mapping errors		[CF0026]
3.6.1	Parameter classification	[C100017]	
3.6.1	Parameter naming	[C100011] and [C100014]	
3.6.1	Result naming	[C100012]	
3.6.1	Header mapping of parameters and results	References to javax.jws.WebParam in the conformance statement are treated as the C annotation @WebParam. References to javax.jws.WebResult in the conformance statement are treated as the C annotation @WebResult.	[CF0027]
3.7	Exception naming	[CC0004]	

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Section	Conformance Point	Notes	Conformance ID
3.8	Binding selection	References to the BindingType annotation are treated as references to SOAP related intents defined by [POLICY].	[CF0029]
3.10	SOAP binding support	[A]	[CF0030]
3.10.1	SOAP binding style required		[CF0031]
3.11	Port selection		[CF0032]
3.11	Port binding	References to the BindingType annotation are treated as references to SOAP related intents defined by [POLICY].	[CF0033]

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- 4225 [A] All references to Java in the conformance point are treated as references to C.
- 4226 [B] Annotation generation is only necessary if annotations are supported by an SCA implementation.

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### 4227 F.3.1 Ignored Conformance Points

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Section	Conformance Point
2.1	Definitions mapping
2.2	javax.xml.bind.XmlSeeAlso required
2.3.1	use of JAXB annotations
2.3.1.2	Using javax.xml.ws.RequestWrapper
2.3.1.2	Using javax.xml.ws.ResponseWrapper
2.3.3	Use of Holder
2.3.4	Asynchronous mapping required
2.3.4	Asynchronous mapping option
2.3.4.2	Asynchronous method naming
2.3.4.2	Asynchronous parameter naming
2.3.4.2	Failed method invocation
2.3.4.4	Response bean naming
2.3.4.5	Asynchronous fault reporting
2.3.4.5	Asynchronous fault cause
2.4	JAXB class mapping
2.4	JAXB customization use
2.4	JAXB customization clash
2.4.1	javax.xml.ws.wsaddressing.W3CEndpointReference
2.5	Fault Equivalence

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Section	Conformance Point
2.6.3.1	Use of MIME type information
2.6.3.1	MIME type mismatch
2.6.3.1	MIME part identification
2.7	Service superclass required
2.7	Service class naming
2.7	javax.xml.ws.WebServiceClient required
2.7	Default constructor required
2.7	2 argument constructor required
2.7	Failed getPort Method
2.7	javax.xml.ws.WebEndpoint required
3.1.1	Method name disambiguation
3.2	Package name mapping
3.3	Class mapping
3.4.1	Inheritance flattening
3.4.1	Inherited interface mapping
3.6	use of JAXB annotations
3.6.2.1	Default wrapper bean names
3.6.2.1	Default wrapper bean package
3.6.2.3	Null Values in rpc/literal
3.7	java.lang.RuntimeExceptions and java.rmi.RemoteExceptions
3.7	Fault bean name clash
3.11	Service creation

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4228 **G Migration**

4229 To aid migration of an implementation or clients using an implementation based the version of the Service  
4230 Component Architecture for C defined in [SCA C Client and Implementation V1.00](#), this appendix identifies  
4231 the relevant changes to APIs, annotations, or behavior defined in V1.00.

4232 **G.1 Implementation.c attributes**

4233 *@location* has been replaced with *@path*.

4234 **G.2 SCALocate and SCALocateMultiple**

4235 SCALocate () and SCALocateMultiple () have been renamed to SCAGetReference ()  
4236 SCAGetReferences () respectively.

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## H Acknowledgements

4238 The following individuals have participated in the creation of this specification and are gratefully  
4239 acknowledged:

4240 **Participants:**

4241

Participant Name	Affiliation
Bryan Aupperle	IBM
Andrew Borley	IBM
Jean-Sebastien Delfino	IBM
Mike Edwards	IBM
David Haney	Individual
Mark Little	Red Hat
Jeff Mischkinsky	Oracle Corporation
Peter Robbins	IBM

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# I Revision History

4243 [optional; should not be included in OASIS Standards]

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Revision	Date	Editor	Changes Made
<u>2</u>		<u>Bryan Aupperle</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><u>Apply Changes for CCPP-75 and CCPP-76</u></li> </ul>
<u>1</u>	<u>30 April 2009</u>	<u>Bryan Aupperle</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><u>Apply Changes for CCPP-62, CCPP-64, CCPP-66, CCPP-68 and CCPP-71</u></li> </ul>

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**Page 16: [1] Deleted** **Bryan Aupperle** **6/24/2009 2:48 PM**

The @name attribute of a <callbackFunction/> child element of a <interface.c/> MUST be unique amongst the <callbackFunction/> elements of that <interface.c/>.

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**Page 16: [2] Deleted** **Bryan Aupperle** **6/24/2009 2:47 PM**

If the header file identified by the @header or @callbackHeader attribute of an <interface.c/> element defines the operations of the interface (callback interface) using message formats, then the struct defining the input message format MUST be identified using an @input attribute.

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**Page 78: [3] Deleted** **Bryan Aupperle** **3/27/2009 2:44 PM**

Allow @Allow(roles="<comma separated list of roles>")  
permitAll @PermitAll  
denyAll @DenyAll

In addition to allow roles to defined, an SCA runtime MAY use the following annotation @DeclareRoles(<comma separated list of roles>")

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**Page 79: [4] Deleted** **Bryan Aupperle** **3/27/2009 2:42 PM**

JMS @JMS  
Application of Intent Annotations  
Policy Annotation Scope  
Relationship of Declarative And Annotated Intents

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**Page 112: [5] Deleted** **Bryan Aupperle** **4/30/2009 2:20 PM**

- [CA0001] If SCA annotations are supported by an implementation, the annotations defined here MUST be supported and MUST be mapped to SCDL as described. The SCA runtime MUST only process the SCDL files and not the annotations.
- [CA0002] If multiple annotations apply to a program element, all of the annotations SHOULD be in the same comment block.
- [CA0003] An SCA implementation MUST treat a file with a @WebService annotation specified as if @Interface was specified with the name value of the @WebService annotation used as the name value of the @Interface annotation.
- [CA0004] An SCA implementation MUST treat a function with a @WebFunction annotation specified, unless the exclude value of the @WebFunction annotation is true, as if @Operation was specified with the operationName value of the @WebFunction annotation used as the name value of the @Operation annotation.
- [CA0005] An SCA implementation MUST treat a struct with a @WebOperation annotation specified, unless the exclude value of the @WebOperation annotation is true, as if @Operation was specified with the stuct as the input value, the operationName value of the @WebOperation annotation used as the name value of the @Operation annotation and the response value of the @WebOperation annotation used as the output values of the @Operation annotation.

- [CC0001] An SCA implementation MUST treat any instance of a `@Interface` annotation and without an explicit `@WebService` annotation as if a `@WebService` annotation with a name value equal to the name value of the `@Interface` annotation and no other parameters was specified.
- [CC0002] An SCA implementation MUST treat a function annotated with an `@Operation` annotation and without an explicit `@WebFunction` annotation as if a `@WebFunction` annotation with with an operationName value equal to the name value of the `@Operation` annotation and no other parameters was specified.
- [CC0003] An SCA implementation MUST treat an `@Operation` annotation without an explicit `@WebOperation` annotation as if a `@WebOperation` annotation with with an operationName value equal to the name value of the `@Operation` annotation, a response value equal to the output value of the `@Operation` annotation and no other parameters was specified is applied to the struct identified as the input value of the `@Operation` annotation.
- [CC0004] A C struct that is listed in a `@WebThrows` annotation MUST itself have a `@WebFault` annotation.
- [CC0005] If WSDL mapping annotations are supported by an implementation, the annotations defined here MUST be supported and MUST be mapped to WSDL as described.
- [CC0006] The value of the type property of a `@WebParam` annotation MUST be one of the simpleTypes defined in namespace `http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema`.
- [CC0007] The value of the type property of a `@WebResult` annotation MUST be one of the simpleTypes defined in namespace `http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema`.
- [CC0008] If a `@WebService` does not have a **portName** element, an SCA implementation MUST use the value associated with the **name** element, suffixed with “Port”.
- [CC0009] Only named parameters MAY be referenced by a `@WebParam` annotation.
- [CD0001] If WSDL extensions are supported by an implementation, all the extensions defined here MUST be supported and MUST be mapped to C as described.
- [CD0002] The `@type` attribute of a `<parameter/>` element MUST be a valid C type.
- [CD0003] A `<sca-c:bindings/>` element MUST NOT have more than one `<sca-c:prefix/>` child element.
- [CD0004] A `<sca-c:bindings/>` element MUST NOT have more than one `<sca-c:enableWrapperStyle/>` child element.
- [CD0005] A `<sca-c:bindings/>` element MUST NOT have more than one `<sca-c:function/>` child element.
- [CD0006] A `<sca-c:bindings/>` element MUST NOT have more than one `<sca-c:struct/>` child element.
- [CD0007] An SCA implementation MAY support the reading and interpretation of JAX-WS defined WSDL extensions; however it MUST give precedence to the corresponding SCA WSDL extension if present.