

OASIS UBL ESLSC REPORT

4th August

UBL Adoption

Spanish Tax Office and Ministry of Industry have mandated the electronic invoicing to public administrations. The format published is their own format called FACTURAE (www.facturae.es). The law regulating the electronic invoice states that in 2 years, FACTURAE will converge to the UBL format or to the format issued from the CEN WS BII.

The electronic tendering has been deployed by means of the Spanish electronic portal for tenders. The format of the documents being exchanged between public administrations, publication portals and economic operators is CODICE, an extension of UBL that follows the same NDR.

Other autonomous communities in Spain like Catalunya have also adopted CODICE as their method for exchanging electronic tender documents. Some improvements have been done in the document models that would be part of a second release of CODICE. (Basically dealing with multi-language issues).

The accounting office of the ministry of Finance in Spain has also used the UBL 2.0 library and the UBL NDRs to develop their own documents to facilitate the exchange of documents between involved parties.

In the private sector, there are some different actors that are working with or able to deal with UBL documents. The main industries are:

1. Bank (Eurobits)
2. Insurance (Tirea, ACC)
3. Manufacture (Ricoh)
4. VAN operators (DocOnTime, Seres)

Technical

IDD has been corrected and submitted to the Localization list.