2The initializePartnerRole attribute specifies if whether the WS-BPEL processor is 3required to initialize a partnerLink's partnerRole value. The attribute has no affect on the 4partnerRole's value after its initialization. The initializePartnerRole attribute MUST NOT 5be used on a partnerLink that does not have a partner role; this restriction MUST be 6statically enforced. If the initializePartnerRole attribute is set to "yes" then the WS-BPEL 7processor logic MUST initialize the EPR of the partnerRole offor the specified 8partnerLink/partnerRole combination before that the EPR of the partnerRole is first 9referenced by the WS-BPEL process, such as being used in an <invoke> activity. If the 10initializePartnerRole attribute is set to "no" then the WS-BPEL processor logic MUST 1NOT initialize the EPR for the specified of partnerRole of the partnerLink/partnerRole 12combination before that partnerRole is first referenced by the WS-BPEL process. If the 13initializePartnerRole attribute is omitted then its value MUST be treated as "no".

14<u>The WS-BPEL processor logic that initializes the EPR of a partnerRole refers to</u>
15<u>infrastructure logic specific to a WS-BPEL processor. A typical example is process</u>
16<u>deployment logic. Business logic expressed in the process definition or auto-assignment</u>
17<u>of EPR logic in an underlying EPR scheme, such as the reply-to feature in WS-</u>
18<u>Addressing 1.0, are not constrainted by this initializePartnerRole attribute.</u>

19When initializePartnerRole is set to "yes", the EPR value used partnerRole initialization 20is typically specified as a part of WS-BPEL process deployment / execution environment 21configuration. Hence, the initializePartnerRole attribute may be used as a part of process 22deployment contract.