

11. References

[add following new references:]

- [RFC2396] T. Berners-Lee, et al., Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2396.txt>, IETF RFC 2396, August 1998.

A.2. Data-types

[add following new DataType: normative, but not mandatory]

`urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:data-type:xpath-expression`

Attribute values having this data-type are strings that are to be evaluated as XPath expressions. The result of evaluating such an attribute value is the nodeset resulting from an evaluation of the XPath expression.

B.6 Resource attributes

[Remove the following existing Resource attributes currently defined:

`urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:simple-file-name`
`urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:xpath`
`urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:ufs-path]`

[Add the following Resource attributes:]

This identifier indicates the identity of one ancestor node in the hierarchy or hierarchies of which the requested node is a part. Whenever *access* to a node in a *hierarchical resource* is requested, one instance of this *attribute* SHALL be provided for each node that is an ancestor of the requested node in the tree or trees (multi-rooted hierarchy, or “forest”) of which the requested node is a part.

`urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:resource-ancestor`

This identifier indicates the identity of one parent node in the hierarchy or hierarchies of which the requested node is a part. Whenever *access* to a node in a *hierarchical resource* is requested, one instance of this *attribute* SHALL be provided for each node that is a parent of the requested node in the tree or trees (in a multi-rooted hierarchy, or “forest”) of which the requested node is a part.

`urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:resource-parent`

7.[A] Requests for multiple resources (normative, but not mandatory)

A single XACML request *context* MAY represent a request for *access* to multiple resources. The semantics and syntax of such requests are specified in this section.

Requests for **access** to more than one resource SHALL be evaluated such that the <Result> elements in the response **context** are equivalent to the set of <Result> elements obtained by evaluating a sequence of request **context** instances, each of which specifies exactly one of the requested resources. In the request **context** that is evaluated by the PDP, each such individual resource SHALL be specified in the **resource attribute** having an AttributeId of “urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:resource-id”. Only information related to the one resource being evaluated SHALL be available for reference from XACML policies.

The **context handler** SHALL construct a response **context** that contains exactly one <Result> element for each evaluation that was presented to the PDP. Each such <Result> element SHALL include a ResourceId XML attribute that contains the value of the **resource attribute** with AttributeId of “urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:resource-id” that was used for that evaluation.

There are three different normative ways to request **access** to multiple resources in a single XACML request **context**. Support for is not required for conformance with the XACML specification. A single request **context** MAY use more than one way to request **access** to multiple resources.

7.[A].1 XPath expression in resource-id

This syntax SHALL be used only with resources that are XML documents.

An XACML request **context** <Resource> element MAY contain an **attribute** with an AttributeId of “urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:resource-id” and DataType “urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:data-type:xpath-expression”, such that the <AttributeValue> element evaluates to a nodeset that represents multiple nodes in the <ResourceContent> element. In this case, the <Resource> element SHALL NOT include an **attribute** with AttributeId “urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:scope”.

Such a request **context** SHALL be interpreted as a set of requests for **access** to each node in the nodeset represented by the <AttributeValue> of the original “resource-id” **attribute**. Each such request SHALL be evaluated separately by the PDP. For each such request, an XPath expression SHALL be constructed that evaluates only to the one node for which **access** is being requested for this evaluation. This XPath expression SHALL be used as the <AttributeValue> for the “resource-id” Attribute in each request **context** evaluated by the PDP. If the original “resource-id” Attribute contained an Issuer, the “resource-id” Attribute presented to the PDP for evaluation SHALL contain the same Issuer. The original, multi-node XPath expression SHALL NOT be present in the request **context** evaluated by the PDP and SHALL NOT be referenced by XACML policies.

7.[A].2 Scope Attribute in <Resource>

This syntax MAY be used with any *hierarchical resource*, regardless of whether it is an XML document or not.

An XACML request *context* <Resource> element MAY contain a *resource attribute* with an AttributeId of “urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:scope” and with a DataType of “<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#string>”. The value for this *attribute* SHALL be either “Immediate”, “Children”, or “Descendants”. This *attribute* is referred to as the “scope” *attribute* below. If the *resource* is an XML document, then the <ResourceContent> element SHALL be included in the <Resource> element. If the *resource* is an XML document, and the “scope” *attribute* is used, then the XPath expression used in the <AttributeValue> element of the *attribute* having AttributeId “urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:resource-id” SHALL evaluate to a nodeset containing no more than one node.

Such a request *context* SHALL be interpreted as a request for *access* to a set of nodes in a hierarchy relative to the node specified in the *resource attribute* having AttributeId “urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:resource-id”. This Attribute is referred to as the “resource-id” Attribute in the following. If the value of the “scope” Attribute is “Immediate”, the requested node is the one node indicated by the “resource-id” Attribute. If the value of the “scope” Attribute is “Children”, the requested nodes are the node indicated by the “resource-id” Attribute and all of its immediate child nodes. If the value of the “scope” Attribute is “Descendants”, the requested nodes are the node indicated by the “resource-id” Attribute and all of its descendant nodes.

For each requested node, the Context Handler SHALL present a request *context* to the PDP for evaluation that is identical to the original request *context* except that the <Resource> element SHALL contain no more than one “resource-id” *attribute*, and the value of that *attribute* SHALL be the identity of the requested node. If the original “resource-id” *attribute* contained an Issuer, then the “resource-id” *attribute* evaluated by the PDP SHALL have the same Issuer. The “scope” *attribute* SHALL NOT be present in the <Resource> element of the request *context* that is evaluated by the PDP and SHALL NOT be referenced in XACML policies.

XACML does not specify how the Context Handler obtains the information required to determine which nodes are children or descendants of a given node. See Section 7.13.?? for the representation of the identity of elements in a hierarchy.

7.[A].3 Multiple <Resource> elements

This syntax MAY be used with any *resource* or *resources*, whether they are XML documents or not and whether they are hierarchical or not.

An XACML request *context* MAY contain multiple <Resource> elements. Such a request *context* SHALL be interpreted as a request for *access* to all *resources* specified in the individual <Resource> elements.

For each <Resource> element, the Context Handler SHALL present a request *context*

to the PDP for evaluation that is identical to the original request *context* with one difference: the only <Resource> element that is included is the one being evaluated. The original request *context* with multiple <Resource> elements SHALL NOT be present in the request *context* evaluated by the PDP and SHALL NOT be referenced in XACML policies.

Note that the semantics for multiple <Resource> elements is very different from the semantics for multiple <Subject> elements in a request *context*.

7.13 Hierarchical resources (normative, but not mandatory)

It is often the case that a *resource* is organized as a hierarchy (e.g. file system, XML document, organization structure). Such resources are called *hierarchical resources*. XACML supports *hierarchical resources* that are trees or forests (i.e. Directed Acyclic Graphs) in two ways.

1. An XACML request *context* MAY request *access* to one or more nodes in a *hierarchical resource*.
2. An XACML *policy* may specify predicates that apply to one or more nodes in a *hierarchical resource*.

Support for hierarchical resources is not mandatory for conformance to XACML by a PDP.

Ways to request access to more than one node in a *hierarchical resource* are discussed in Section 7.[A]. The other aspects of support for *hierarchical resources* are discussed in the following sections.

In the following sections, the term “resource-id” *attribute* refers to a *resource attribute* having an AttributeId of “urn::oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:resource-id”. The term “scope” *attribute* refers to a *resource attribute* having an AttributeId of “urn::oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:scope”. The term “resource-parent” *attribute* refers to a *resource attribute* having an AttributeId of “urn::oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:resource-parent”. The term “resource-ancestor” *attribute* refers to a *resource attribute* having an AttributeId of “urn::oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:resource:resource-ancestor”.

7.13.1 Requests for access to nodes in a hierarchical resource

Requests for *access* to one or more nodes in a *hierarchical resource* SHALL conform to this section of the XACML specification. This section ensures that the following requirements are satisfied. Whenever a requested resource is a node in some *hierarchical resource*, the request *context* must reflect the node's position in the *resource* hierarchy as described in this section, since policies may reference the requested node as part of a set of nodes. The *context handler* must be able to determine that a *hierarchical resource* is being *accessed* and to determine the individual identities of the elements in the hierarchy to which *access*. The *context handler* must be able to represent enough information about the

hierarchical resource containing the elements being **accessed** that the PDP can determine from the **context** certain relationships between the elements being **accessed** and other elements in the hierarchy. A **hierarchical resource** must be represented in such a way that useful policy predicates can be applied to the **resource** representation. A given **resource** type must be represented in a consistent way so that policy predicates intended to apply to instances of that **resource** will always apply.

XML document **resources** are handled differently from other types of **resources**, so are discussed separately. A given **resource** type SHALL be represented as either an XML document or as a non-XML **resource**, but SHALL NOT be represented in more than one way.

Section 7.[A] describes ways in which **access** to more than one node in a **hierarchical resource** MAY be requested. The following description applies to the **request context** that is evaluated by the PDP and that is referenced by XACML policies, where **access** to only a single node is represented.

XML Document Resources

In each **request context** that is evaluated by the PDP for **access** to a node in a **hierarchical resource**, the following elements and **attributes** SHALL be present.

- a <ResourceContent> element that contains the entire XML document instance of which the requested node is a part.
- a “resource-id” **attribute** with DataType [“urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:data-type:xpath-expression”](#). The <AttributeValue> of this **attribute** SHALL be an XPath expression that evaluates to a single node in the <ResourceContent> element that is the node to which **access** is requested. The “resource-id” **attribute** MAY specify an Issuer.
- a “resource-parent” **attribute** with DataType [“urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:data-type:xpath-expression”](#). The <AttributeValue> of this **attribute** SHALL be an XPath expression that evaluates to a nodeset containing only a single node, and that node SHALL be the immediate parent of the node represented in the “resource-id” **attribute**.
- for each node in the XML document instance that is an ancestor of the node represented by the “resource-id” **attribute**, a “resource-ancestor” **attribute** with DataType [“urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:data-type:xpath-expression”](#). The <AttributeValue> of each such **attribute** SHALL be an XPath expression that evaluates to a nodeset containing only a single node, and that node SHALL be the respective ancestor node.

Non-XML Resources

In each **request context** that is evaluated by the PDP for access to a node in a hierarchical **resource**, the following **attributes** SHALL be present.

- a “resource-id” *attribute* that represents the identity of the node in the *hierarchical resource* to which *access* is being requested.
- For each immediate parent of the node specified in the “resource-id” *attribute*, a “resource-parent” *attribute* that represents the identity of a node that is an immediate parent of the “resource-id” node in the hierarchy. Note that there may be multiple instances of this *attribute* if the node is part of a forest rather than part of a single tree-structured hierarchical resource.
- For each ancestor of the node specified in the “resource-id” *attribute*, a “resource-ancestor” *attribute* that represents the identity of a node that is an ancestor of the “resource-id” node in the hierarchy. Note that there may be multiple instances of this *attribute*, one for each ancestor of the “resource-id” *resource attribute* on the path from that *attribute* to any root of the hierarchical forest or tree of which the “resource-id” *attribute* is a part. The values for this *attribute* do not reflect the position of each value in the hierarchy.

Additional *resource attributes* MAY be specified.

See the following for a description of how the identities of nodes in a non-XML *hierarchical resource* are represented.

Representation of identities of nodes in a hierarchical resource

The identity of a node in a *resource* that is an XML document instance SHALL be an XPath expression that evaluates to exactly that one node.

Unless otherwise specified by a *resource*-specific Profile, the identity of a node in a *resource* that is not an XML document SHALL be in the form of a URI that conforms to [RFC2396]. File system *resources* SHALL use the “file:” scheme. If there is no standard URI representation for node identities for a given *resource* type, a Profile for identities of that *resource* type SHALL be provided. Note that the Profile for a given *resource* type MAY specify an XML document representation for instances of the *resource*. In this case, *resource* identity values SHALL be handled as described above for other XML document *resources*.

Unless a *resource*-specific Profile or [RFC2396] specifies otherwise, the following canonicalizations SHALL be used.

- The encoding of the identity SHALL be UTF8.
- Case-insensitive portions of the identity SHALL be lower case.
- Escaping of characters SHALL conform to [RFC2396].
- The “authority” portion of the URI SHALL be specified and SHALL be the standard authority representation for the given *resource* type. Where the “authority” could be specified using either a Distributed Name Service (DNS) name or a numeric IPv4 or IPv6 address, the DNS name SHALL be used. If multiple DNS names resolve to the given “authority”, the “authority” SHALL be the DNS name with the fewest name components that is specified first in the authority's DNS record.
- The components of the “path” portion of the URI SHALL be specified using the

- canonical form for path components on the system hosting the *resource*.
- In accordance with [RFC2396], the separator character between hierarchical components of the “path” portion of the URI SHALL be the character “/”. Sequences of the “/” character SHALL be resolved to a single “/”. Identities SHALL NOT terminate with the “/” character.
 - All links SHALL be resolved¹.
 - The “..” and “.” URI path name components used to specify “level above this hierarchy level” and “this hierarchy level” SHALL be resolved.
 - All identities SHALL be absolute.

7.13.2 Policy predicates applying to multiple nodes in a hierarchical resource

This Section describes ways to specify a policy predicate that can apply to multiple nodes in a hierarchical resource.

Appendix A.3.14 describes a function with the identifier “urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:function:xpath-node-match”. This function MAY be used with the higher-order bag functions described in Appendix A.3.12 to specify predicates that apply one or more nodes in a *hierarchical resource* that is an XML document.

The “resource-ancestor” and “resource-parent” *resource attributes*, along with the Bag functions specified in Appendix A.14.9, the Set functions specified in Appendix A.14.10, and the Higher-order bag functions specified in Appendix A.14.11 MAY be used to specify policy predicates that apply to multiple nodes in any *hierarchical resource*. Note that a <ResourceAttributeDesignator> that refers to the “resource-ancestor” or “resource-parent” *attribute* will return a bag of values representing all ancestors or parents, respectively, of the *resource* to which *access* is being requested.

¹ For file system paths where there are hard links, the “resource-parent” and “resource-ancestor” *resource attributes* SHALL include ancestors along all hard-linked paths.